The New-York Times.

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THE CINCINNATI MUDDLE.

Fierce and Damaging Raid on Judge Davis' Ranks.

McClure Throws Over Davis and Takes Up Curtin.

Spreading a Small Delegation Over the Empire State.

Possible Result of the First Ballot to be Taken.

The Platform-Makers Still Irreconcilably Hostile.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

CINCINNATI, April 30.—"There never was just such another Convention as this, where everybody can come, and everybody who does come has a crotchet," said perplexed DEFREES this afternoon, when the antics of "Awful-Gardner" McCLURE had made Pennsylvania doubtful, and dampened the hopes of the Davis men sufficiently to have McCLURE declared an unconscionable trading politician. There was truth in the utterance of DEFREES, for every twist of the machine seems to give an entirely new and decidedly confusing picture.

STRONG ATTACK ON DAVIS.

The direct result of the demoralization which resulted from the development of the unexpected strength of Judge DAVIS was a newspaper caucus of independent journalists late last night, in which it was determined to kill off DAVIS instantly by an editorial blast in the four quarters of the country. Consequently there appeared in this morning's *Commercial* the substance of the editorials that were telegraphed from here to the Chicago *Tribune*, New-York *Tribune* and the Louisville *Courier-Journal*, the latter being a Democratic worshiper of ADAMS. In addition to this, some of the Southern delegations counted on for DAVIS proved unreliable and helped to confuse the situation. The Adams party, emboldened by the partial success of this bluff game, were quite jubilant, and went so far as to declare that in no event should DAVIS be nominated if they could help it, and if he was, they would split the Convention square in two. This has only embittered the factions, and though some accept it as an indication of harmony, it is plain to be seen that the result proves no assurance of it whatever.

CALMING ACTION BY ILLINOIS.

The Illinois delegation, however, came to an agreement which did considerable toward calming down the passions which had been aroused. A caucus was arranged at which the respective factions of DAVIS, TRUMBULL and PALMER were each represented by a committee of three. At this conference a dispatch was produced from Judge DAVIS to LEONARD SWETT, in which he assured his friends that no such feeling existed between Judge TRUMBULL and himself as seemed to exist between their friends in Illinois. This announcement produced a good effect, and after some discussion it was agreed to report a plan by which the vote of Illinois should be cast as follows: One-half for DAVIS, a quarter for TRUMBULL and a quarter for PALMER. This arrangement was subsequently ratified by a mass-meeting of the Illinois delegation at Greenwood Hall, at which Dr. JARPOE nominated JESSE W. FELL for Chairman. A committee to select delegates was appointed, and an adjournment took place till 7½ P. M. to hear the report. This result in Illinois is accepted by both the friends and opponents of DAVIS as favorable to their respective sides. The Davis men say that it means a unanimous vote for him after the first ballot, while his opponents say that it simply means that he is to be laid down easily before he is thrown overboard. This is a sample of the confused view taken by the different partisans of the same facts.

THE NEW-YORK DELEGATION.

New-York held a caucus this morning, and enrolled the delegates present, the number falling short of 150. After a turbulent discussion of two hours, in which a great diversity of opinion as to the manner of proceeding was developed, it was finally agreed to appoint a committee of eight, who should report delegates at large to represent the State at a meeting to be held to-morrow. After the temporary organization delegates from Congressional districts are to be selected by districts, and those districts not represented are to be filled up from the others. The result will be that the delegates from twelve of the districts will be spread over the entire thirty-one, as nineteen-twentieths of the delegates are from the Cities of New-York and Brooklyn, while the remainder, almost without exception, are from Albany, Troy, Rochester and Buffalo.

M'CLURE'S DEFECTION FROM DAVIS.

But the most important, and probably the most significant of the real character of the soreheads, of all the meetings of State delegations held during the morning was that of Pennsylvania. McCLURE had come with sixty of his followers, and gathering these together in the hall of the Law School proceeded to open his campaign. Gen. THOS. L. KANE was chosen Chairman, and it being proposed that delegates at large for the State should be selected, there was no difficulty in choosing McClure himself, Jno. Heckman, Gen. H. L. Cake, Gen. Thos. L. Cake, C. F. Bauer, Wm. M. Irwin, J. B. Rowe and M. B. Lowery, all experienced bolters and undoubted soreheads. W. H. REEDIMAN being chosen for the Committee on Resolutions, and ALEXANDER IRWIN on Organization, it was resolved to defer the selection of district delegates to a later session. Important as was this business, more important business still was transacted in the determination that the Greeley resolution on the tariff, which leaves the question to the Congressional districts, would be acceptable to Pennsylvania. After all this was done, McCLURE threw his bomb-shell into the already disorganized ranks of the soreheads by withdrawing Gov. CURTIN peremptorily as a candidate for Vice-President, and presented him for the first place. Pennsylvania naturally agreed to this, but Gen. CAKE suggesting that it would be well to indicate a second choice, McCLURE astonished everybody by declaring that Pennsylvania had no second choice. As it was well known that McCLURE would control the vote of the State, this declaration was accepted as a serious disaster by the managers of Judge DAVIS, who had counted confidently upon the vote of Pennsylvania, and had besides been making capital in other quarters by their combination of DAVIS and CURTIN. This being destroyed and the vote of their chief State uncertain, Davis stock fell somewhat, and such Reformers as DEFREES and LAMONT were not so certain as they had been that "DAVIS has captured this whole thing, Sir."

CONSTRUCTING BACK-DOORS OF ESCAPE.

Cursings deep and loud have been the chief result of the discovery of McCLURE's inclination to dicker, and he has been held up during the afternoon by the Davis managers as the most satanic of politicians. Nor has the Pennsylvania delegation been the only one which has disappointed the just expectations of the men who have come here to beat GRANT because GRANT won't let them beat the people. In several others there have been serious indications of a disposition to get out of the path marked out by the Davis men for all to tread, and, although the semblance of harmonious action has been preserved, foundations have been laid, in many cases, for flat repudiation of the ticket after it has been nominated.

KANSAS.

Among the meetings of State delegations which have been held today was that of the Kansas delegates, among whom was Ex-Senator Ross. They met in the parlor of the Galt House. Hon. M. J. PARROTT presided, and, upon motion, it was agreed that all Liberal Republicans from Kansas, who were present, should take part in the representation of the party in the Convention. An informal ballot was had, deciding in favor of TRUMBULL, but they showed no disposition to make a fight for him or any other man. This delegation came here for success, and will heartily indorse the nominees of the Convention. GREELEY is their first choice for Vice-President. The vote stood: TRUMBULL, 26; ADAMS, 6; BROWN, 5; DAVIS, 4; and GREELEY, 2.

KENTUCKY FOR ADAMS.

The Louisville delegation turned up this morning, under the escort of Hon. LAFE JOSEPH, and pronounce loudly for ADAMS. An informal meeting at Room No. 8 was held, and an adjournment had to the State Convention at Covington. The gentlemen composing the delegation are as follows: W. N. Hailman, S. N. Dembetz, Wm. Kriephaber, A. R. Cooper, D. W. Armstrong, Wm. Remieke, A. M. Gazlay, E. C. Bohne, F. P. Smith, A. Brandeis, Lafe Joseph, W. G. Smidt, H. Knoefel, A. G. Booth, James Barkhouse, G. Bauer, B. Irwin, H. Ashman.

NEVADA UNANIMOUS FOR ANYBODY.

The Nevada delegation is of unknown name and antecedents. He slept last night at Hamilton, and reached here by a noon freight train. He is open to conviction, and constantly hopes that the best man may win.

NEW-JERSEY DIVIDED.

The New-Jersey delegation held a meeting at noon in one of the rooms of the Burnet House, but in just exactly what part of the building no one seems able to ascertain. The delegation is divided as to the nominee for President, some favoring ADAMS, some DAVIS, and still others BROWN. For Vice-President they are a unit for PARKER as first choice and SCOVELL second, there being some extra strikers from various quarters.

MISCELLANEOUS GATHERINGS.

A placard was posted in the Gibson House announcing that the Oregon delegation would meet at 8 o'clock.

The Tennessee caucus was held at the Spencer House. Col. COLLIER, an Ex-Federal officer, addressed his fellow-delegates and said he was in favor of harmony and sought it. COLBYRD, an Ex-Federal soldier, said: "I came here to fight centralization, and if it is not done, this country will go to h—ll."

There have been other caucuses held, and some of them have been extremely lonely.

The Vermont delegation would have been heartily unanimous for something if he had not been confounded by the confusion about him and unable to reach a conclusion.

Another Eastern State was found to be provided with a single delegate, and Alabama turned up with a corporal's guard, headed by a decapitated Mobile Postmaster.

FALSE PRETENSES—DEMOCRACY CROPPING OUT.

Such an array of odds and ends of rejected politicians was never seen before, and unless these fellows should come together once more, never will be again. False in its inception, this movement has been equally false in its inspiration. Pretending to be a Republican revolt against administrative tyranny and corruption, the presence of Democratic influence has been fully as manifest today as yesterday, though perhaps not so offensive to the distinctive Republicans. Yet the Democratic stamp is everywhere, and particularly does it appear in Indiana, Illinois and Kentucky. In addition to the prominent Democrats heretofore mentioned, there came last night BAYLESS W. HANNA, the Democratic Attorney-General of Indiana, and a considerable delegation from New-Albany of the same stripe. From Illinois, at the behest of Judge DAVIS' friends, have come hundreds of Democrats and Republicans to create outside pressure, and who do not appear as regular Conventionists. Most of these are from Bloomington, and the personal friends and neighbors of the Judge, who come on free tickets with expenses paid here. Chicago also sends a number of well-known Democrats as lookers-on, but on the sly for DAVIS. Over four hundred tickets for Cincinnati have been sold at Bloomington, and many people are enjoying a fine ride and a charming excursion to Cincinnati. One train came in today with about four hundred persons on board, who voted as follows: DAVIS, 345; TRUMBULL, 30, and the rest scattering. This is a sample of the pressure brought to bear, and which the opponents of DAVIS are today bitterly resenting. It is a specimen of the blundering management of LEONARD SWEET, DAVIS' chief fugleman in Illinois, and if DAVIS should meet with misfortune he can lay it to the stupidity of this man who has made an indiscreet show of force and money.

WHO SHALL SUCCEED DAVIS?

Worse mixed than ever is the universal verdict brought as to candiadtes. Everybody admits that DAVIS is down, but nobody can say who is up. Whether TRUMBULL, ADAMS or BROWN is to succeed to the vacant place in the affection of the inconstant devotees, or whether they are to fall down and worship some new god of purity, who may possibly take the shape of REUBEN E. FENTON, is still a mooted question. There is a rumor that Pennsylvania is to declare for FENTON after CURTIN, and there is also a chance that CHASE may be brought forward. An attempt to make an analysis of the first ballot gives New-York to GREELEY; Pennsylvania to CURTIN; Maine, Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Ohio, New-Jersey, and possibly Wisconsin to ADAMS; part of Indiana, Texas, half of Illinois, Maryland, the District of Columbia, to DAVIS; Minnesota, Kansas, a quarter of Illinois to TRUMBULL; Missouri, to BROWN, and nobody even guess as to the remainder. There are wild expectations as to the succeeding ballots. GREELEY is expected to develop unexpected strength. DAVIS is certain to win on the third ballot, and since McCLURE has taken off CURTIN, GREELEY has been put on by the Davis managers for the second place. BROWN for the time is swamped utterly. PALMER is nowhere. COX is hardly mentioned, CHASE is hinted at, and FENTON suggested. The babble of talk flows unceasingly everywhere, from the lips of these self-sacrificing patriots who have come here, expenses paid by the Free-trade League or the Democracy, to make a President, and the sum and substance of it all, is vanity and vexation. Nobody knows anything. That "Awful Gardner" McCLURE has upset everything. If he had only come out square for DAVIS, as expected, everything would have been altogether lovely and thoroughly unanimous to-night. That order and unanimity can be evolved out of the present confusion and divergence of opinion, seems impossible. If it is accomplished, the days of miracles are not past.

POSSIBLE ASPECT OF THE FIRST BALLOT.

To-night it is almost impossible to say who is ahead, but, taking the votes of the leading States, except New York and Pennsylvania, ADAMS starts on 130 votes, TRUMBULL on 71, DAVIS 53, PALMER 12, and BROWN 13. This will be about the relative strength of each on the first ballot, and it shows that, despite the blustering of the Davis men, ADAMS is yet decidedly ahead.

A BREAK IN THE DAVIS RANKS.

There has been a terrible breakdown in DAVIS' expectations in both Indiana and Illinois. At the meeting of the first, this evening, a resolution to instruct was voted down, and it was apparent that the delegation would not vote as a unit under any circumstances. The relative strength of the candidates upon a polling of the delegation is, DAVIS, 10; TRUMBULL, 10; ADAMS, 6, and PALMER, 2. Illinois, in consequence of the compromise, gives DAVIS 21, TRUMBULL 10½ and PALMER 10½, but neither is given with a will, and the adherents of each violently declare that if their candidate is not nominated they will go home and work for GRANT.

TEXAS FOR GREELEY FIRST.

JACK HAMILTON comes from Texas, with five others, who are to cast the whole vote of Texas for GREELEY first, and they do not say who afterward.

TIPTON STIRRING THE MUDDLE.

Such an exhibit as this is a faint reflex of the indescribable confusion existing to-night, which renders it impossible to say that anybody is ahead. To confound confusion, Senator TIPTON is declaring that this movement has no need to conciliate the East, and does not intend to. It will carry Connecticut and New-Hampshire in any event, he says, but it belongs to the West, and must take its candidate from that quarter. He is for TRUMBULL as the embodiment of the issues, and for GREELEY for Vice, now that "Awful Gardner" McCLURE has withdrawn.

ANOTHER COMPLICATION—SUMNER.

On the heels of these declarations comes the action of the other State delegation at 9 o'clock to-night. Michigan sends all but one for ADAMS. The New-England States held a caucus, and having organized by selecting as Chairmen, ATKINSON for Massachusetts, WELLS for Connecticut, A. D. MANSON for Maine, and EDWARD HARRIS for Rhode Island, the first two States named proceeded to make correspondents more dizzy by resolving to vote for CHARLES SUMNER on the first ballot. The preferences of the other States are reported, but as they are not decisive of the situation, they are omitted.

PRESIDING OFFICER.

A choice has at last been made of presiding officer of the Convention, Judge GEO. HOADLEY, of Cincinnati, being selected as temporary Chairman, and Hon. GUSTAVE KOERNER, of Illinois, as permanent President. Gov. BRADFORD, of Maryland, who arrived to-night, had been chosen for the latter post, but peremptorily declined on account of habitual deafness and ill health.

THE PLATFORM.

The contest over the platform assumed a new phase this morning, and the party of "brains and convictions" abdicated the situation to a considerable degree by generously proffering a compromise. This compromise took a queer shape, and the significant thing about it was that DAVID A. WELLS wrote it, and New York accepted it with the understanding that New York would offer it in the regular Committee on resolutions, and that, proceeding from that source, it would be held as agreed to by Mr. GREELEY. It was a surprise that there should be, after all, such a ready agreement between the New-Yorkers and revenue reformers like WELLS and ATKINSON, but much stress was laid upon the fact that Mr. WELLS was to write the revenue plank, and that therefore there need be no fear, however indirect or ambiguous the language, the spirit would not be true revenue reform. This promised to work well for a while, and a committee of the revenue reformers, consisting of WELLS, ATKINSON, KITTREDGE, GROSVENOR, and another, were appointed to lay the matter before the leading men in the several delegations, but to their utter surprise they found many of the ultra free-traders peremptorily objecting to this hermaphrodite arrangement, and so to-night at the last moment things are again at loose ends, and it is impossible to say what will be the outcome. It is as likely to be the rock upon which the Convention splits as any other cause. Pennsylvania is entirely ignored in the matter, and McCLURE openly declared today that he did not care a —— what kind of a platform was agreed upon. The remainder of the declaration will embody in substance the resolutions of Jefferson City, with an additional plank written by Mr. SUMNER and brought here by F. W. BIRD, indorsing civil rights, which will be shorn of its verbosity, invested with a glittering sort of generality, and presented to the colored race as the peace offering of the soreheads. This resolution was copied while in Mr. BIRD's possession by JIM ASHLEY, who immediately aired himself as the Commissioner to whom Mr. SUMNER intrusted it. This is his only chance for fame in connection with this Convention.

A COLORED MAN'S STATEMENT.

A rich incident occurred today with the colored delegates from Louisiana. A colored preacher from this city called upon them and expressed surprise that they should be found in such company. "Oh, that is easily explained," said they. "You see they wanted some colored men to make a show, and offered free tickets and expenses paid, so we came along for the fun of the thing; but when we get back we are all right."

THE GREAT CROWD STAYING AT HOME.

There is yet great anxiety to learn the whereabouts of those armies of soreheads who are reported to have left various cities, and have disappeared on the journey. There are from 1,500 to 1,800 soreheads congregated here, not one more, and as additional thousands have left leading points, their disappearance is an inexplicable mystery. Illinois sent an avalanche, but by actual count only 194 conventionists reached here, all the others being the Democratic wire-pullers of Judge DAVIS. New-York dispatched an army, but a beggarly array of only 150 can be found, and they with few exceptions are political "bummers" from the chief cities. So it is with all the other States. Let this fact be thoroughly understood. Cincinnati is a provincial town in hotel accommodations, and there are to-night empty beds in Cincinnati hotels. The only crammed houses are the Burnett, Gibson, Spencer, Merchants', St. James and Walnut-street. They have been found fully able to accommodate the whole Liberal Republican Party of the United States, besides some hundreds of their Democratic allies. It will of course be said that there is an immense crowd here, but there's nothing like the gathering that was proclaimed and expected, and the crowd that has come is as disappointing in character as in size. Such men as SAMUEL BOWLES and FRANK W. BIRD have expressed opinions as to the disreputable character of their present associates, which a glance fully justifies. Many of the foul birds of prey have been named in these dispatches, and more are to be hereafter. With these political vultures have come such maladroit patriots as RYAN, of Cuban nationality, THEODORE TILTON, SUSAN B. ANTHONY and GEORGE FRANCIS TRAIN, N. P. A., who declares this to be a movement of the politicians instead of one of the people. Altogether, it is a gang from which the nation may devoutly pray to be saved.

Religious Reception at the Convent of Mercy.

The Sisters of Mercy yesterday afternoon received three young ladies into their novitiate at the Convent in East Houston-street. The chapel was brilliantly lighted, the altars presenting a scene of rare floral beauty, and filling the air with rich perfume. The names of the young ladies are Miss ELIZABETH McGRATH, Miss MARIA DUTTON, and Miss CELIA BARLOW. They wore white robes, with long, flowing vails, orange blossoms, and all the usual bridal accompaniments. Rev. Father STARRS, assisted by several clergymen, officiated.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Passage of the Free Tea and Coffee Bill in the Senate.

Census Statistics—The Indian Territory Massacre—The Tariff Debate in the House—The Robeson Investigation—The New-York Post-Office Workmen.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The Senate took up the Free Tea and Coffe bill this afternoon and concurred in the House bill, with one amendment only, which fixes July 1 as the date when it shall take effect. Mr. MORRILL, of Vermont, moved to add to this bill the free list of the recent Senate Finance Committee bill. This was warmly opposed, and, after some discussion, Mr. CONKLING made an effective, but brief speech, against it. It was defeated by a vote of 17 to 32. The chief opposition to the bill came from Mr. TRUMBULL, who moved to add salt and coal. He did not, however, seek to delay action, and contented himself with rehearsing the free-trade view of the true method of imposing duties. His amendment was worse beaten than the proposition to add the free list, receiving only 14 votes to 33 against it. The final vote on concurrence was 39 to 10. The bill will go to the Speaker's table in the House, where it will be in order to take it up as soon as it arrives, if the majority desire. It is expected that the motion will be made in the House to go to the Speaker's table, and that there is strength enough to concur with the Senate amendment and finish the whole subject to-morrow.

WORK OF THE SENATE.

The amount of work accomplished by the Senate today is an illustration of the good results in the advancement of the public business to be gained by the general agreement reached among members as to the order of business, and the effect of the new rule limiting debate and cutting off the power to delay appropriation bills with legislative provisions, will be tested to-morrow, when these bills are proceeded with.

CENSUS STATISTICS.

The manufacturing statistics of the census are so far completed that it is certain that the gross products of the manufactures of the country will be $4,000,000,000 and upward. The manufactures of New-York, in round numbers, produced in the last year about $600,000,000. This is exclusive of mining and fisheries productions, which were included in the same tables of the report in 1860. The gross products were then put down at less than $2,000,000,000.

CABINET MEETING.

The Cabinet meeting was of short duration today, and the difficulties regarding the Treaty of Washington were not discussed, nor referred to in the way of business,

THE INDIAN TERRITORY MASSACRE.

The first and most important question which will require investigation by the Indian office in respect to the Tahlequah massacre, is who began the affray. The Cherokee Chief claims the attack was made by the Marshal's posse. The Marshal, on the other hand, claims that the attack was made by the Indians. Till this is decided no action for the punishment of the real criminals can well be taken.

THE TARIFF DEBATE IN THE HOUSE.

The first speech in behalf of the minority of the Ways and Means Committee was made today by Mr. ELLIS H. ROBERTS. It was a dispassionate, logical, candid review of the situation, and presented a compromise between the ultras of both protection and free-trade. True revenue reform, Mr. ROBERTS argued, should be and could now safely be inaugurated by the Protectionists. He was willing to make reductions in the tariff rates equal to the reductions that have taken place in the internal revenue. Since the two were adjusted to each other. In this readjustment, equitably and equally made, lies true reform, and not in any change that shall discriminate in favor of commerce and against the interests of home production. Against the arguments of Mr. FINKELNBURG, based upon the conceded inequality between our exports and imports, Mr. ROBERTS entered some interesting statistics regarding the trade of England. In 1866 the English imports exceeded the exports by £59,000,000, or an excess which is six times greater than the American excess. In reply to Mr. BURCHARD's bounty cry, Mr. ROBERTS claimed that it came with very poor grace as a sectional complaint, when the cotton production in ten years has increased forty per cent., wool has increased 300 per cent., and manufactures generally 100 per cent.; and all this very largely in the West and South. Mr. ROBERTS' speech was favorably received by the House, his argument being based upon no sectional grounds, but the general prosperity of the entire country. Mr. ROBERTS will join with Mr. DAWES in offering amendments to the majority bill. He is in favor of increasing the total reduction to between forty and fifty millions. Mr. KELLEY speaks today. Messrs. BECK and BROOKS, of the Ways and Means Committee made their speeches today. Neither of them were tariff speeches, in any sense of the word. Mr. BECK excused himself from discussing the tariff on the ground that it was worn threadbare, from which it was inferred that the arguments for the majority bill were thus early exhausted. Instead, he launched into an onslaught upon the management of the national finances. It may be interesting to such Liberal Republicans as propose to coalesce with the Democrats to understand that Mr. BECK thinks the paying off of the public debt is an immense folly—a stupidity—and the grossest blunder ever committed. After this candid declaration the Republicans will coalesce with their eyes open. Mr. BECK furthermore defended the income tax, and adopted Mr. BURCHARD's idea that tariffs are bounties—an idea which is traced back by many to GROSVERNOR's free-trade pamphlet. Mr. BECK wants the average ad valorem tariff to be twenty-five per cent. Mr. BROOKS, instead of discussing the tariff, told the House how much money he and his Democratic colleagues had decided this Government should have to meet its expenses. The speech was an interesting compilation of statistics, combined and compared with much ingenuity and was especially noticeable because of the absence of the reckless partisan charges which have distinguished the Democratic speeches this Spring. Mr. BROOKS placed himself about with Mr. BECK on free trade, both of them handling the abstract question much more gingerly than either BURCHARD or FINKELNBURG.

THE CLARKE CONTESTED ELECTION.

Gen WM. T. CLARKE, the sitting member from Texas, whose seat GIDDINGS contests, received the following dispatch today:

> Letter on page ninty-four, GIDDINGS' testimony, is a complete forgery. We have the original. If all his testimony is of the same character the whole is a fraud. JAMES C. NEWCOMB, Secretary of State.

It is understood that the decision of the Committee will be against Gen. CLARKE, because of his failure to put in any testimony. This failure he accounts for by the intimidation of his witnesses in many cases, and their wholesale bribery in many others. If the Committee's report shall be an adverse one, Gen. CLARKE will appeal from the Committee to the House, and it is understood that he will state some facts in regard to the history of Texan politics not generally known, which may produce some excitement among the politicians of the South-west.

THE ROBESON INVESTIGATION.

The House Committee on the Robeson investigation have not yet prepared a report, but from a canvass of the Committee the following and probable action of the several members is derived: Mr. ARCHER and Mr. BLAIR will unite in report, which will exonerate the Secretary from any wrong intention, but will declare their opinion that he has been guilty of misconstruction and violation of law. SARGENT and PETERS will exonerate him entirely. WARREN, of New-York, will, it is supposed, unite with PETERS and SARGENT.

THE NEW-YORK POST-OFFICE WORKMEN.

The delegation of working men from the New-York Post-office had an interview with Hon. HENRY WILSON today. He says that he does not see how there can be any hesitation in granting their claims. It is now further stated that the amendment to the Deficiency bill on this subject covers their case, and assures them the fulfilment of their demands.

DEBTS DUE TO THE STATES.

The House Committee on Military Affairs has authorized Mr. TERRY, of Virginia, to report to the House a bill for the recomputation of the debts due to several States by the Federal Government for money advanced by them during the war of 1812. New-York is one of the few States whose interests would be affected by a reopening of the accounts.

UNITED STATES CURRENCY OUTSTANDING.

The following statement of United States currency outstanding at this date has been prepared at the Treasury:

Old demand notes	$90,871 25
Legal-tender notes, new issue	133,131,339 00
Legal-tender notes, series of 1869	224,368,661 00
One year notes of 1863	109,967 00
Two year notes of 1863	36,402 50
Two year coupon notes of 1863	31,852 50
Compound interest notes	646,530 00
Fractional currency, first issue	4,391,415 22
Fractional currency, second issue	3,190,387 81
Fractional currency, third issue	4,222,452 75
Fractional currency, fourth issue, first series	19,284,323 45
Fractional currency, fourth issue, second series	12,091,070 80
Total	$401,595,273 28

NOMINATIONS BY THE PRESIDENT.

The President sent the following nominations to the Senate today: GILBERT MARTIN, to be Ensign in the Navy; EMANUEL HAHN, Surveyor of Customs at Troy, N. Y.; LEWIS PEACH, Surveyor-General for Washington Territory; THOS. N. LEE, Postmaster at Hancock, Mich.

THE APACHES.

A telegram received at the Interior Department from Gen. HOWARD, Special Commissioner to the Apache Indians, dated Camp Grant, Arizona, 23d inst., reports that he finds matters there in a favorable condition. There are about 1,000 Apaches on that reservation, apparently contented and peaceably disposed. Gen. HOWARD intended to visit Tucson from Camp Grant.

WAR DEPARTMENT ORDERS.

Special orders from the War Department direct the Superintendents of the recruiting service to send 180 men to the Department of the Platte, 100 to be assigned to the Second Cavalry, and eighty to the Fourteenth Infantry.

THE NEW RUSSIAN AMBASSADOR.

Today the Secretary of State introduced to the President the Chevalier Baron D'OFFENBERG, sent by his Imperial Majesty the Emperor of Russia on an extraordinary mission to the United States. The usual speeches were made on the occasion.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

General Term Decision in the Bank of Kentucky vs. Varnum Reversed.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ALBANY, April 30.—The Court of Appeals today rendered a very important decision, of great interest to banks, bankers and notaries, in the case known as the Bank of Kentucky *vs.* VARNUM. The decision is in favor of the defendant, overruling the action of the Supreme Court, General Term. It is understood that the points of the decision are as follows: The Court affirms the usage of notaries in the City of New-York of presenting foreign bills of exchange by their clerks, and protesting them under their own certificate; by foreign bills are meant all those drawn outside of this State, and they all hold that this usage may be given in evidence, although not known to the party affected thereby. The Court is understood also to have held that the law of 1857, which abolished days of grace on bills drawn for a number of days specified on their face, does not apply to bills drawn for a number of months or a year, but only to those drawn payable in days, the number of which is apparent on the face, without the necessity of reckoning. S.

THE MISSOURI OUTLAWS.

Confidence Restored at Holden—The Laws to be Enforced—A Reign of Terror in Cass County.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 30.—Gov. BROWN received yesterday detailed information from Adjt-Gen. SIEGEL, of Missouri, and the Commissioners sent by him to Cass County, to the effect that the apprehension at Holden has ceased, and confidence is restored by the presence of the troops. A delegation from Pleasant Hill has given assurance that the people there will rally in the cause of law and order, and the Sheriff at Harrisonville and others have taken active measures at that place to preserve the peace. No more troops have been called out, nor is it believed that any more will be needed, as the measures already taken are proving effective. Gov. BROWN expresses his determination to execute the order for the enforcement of the laws at all hazards, and to bring the murderers of STEVENSON, CLINE and DUTRO to speedy punishment.

HOLDEN, Mo., April 30.—Refugees from Cass County, arrived here last night, and report that the reign of terror continues in that county. The aged father of the murdered CLINE has become insane in consequence of the death of his son. The whole family had been ordered to leave the farm by Sheriff BRYANT, who confesses that he is powerless to protect them. The sons have fled to the bush, taking their father with them, and the aged mother and her daughter escaped to Harrisonville on foot. Adjt.-Gen. SIEGEL and Commissioners PHILLIPS and COCKERELL held a consultation yesterday and left for Pleasant Hill. Sheriff BRYANT, of Cass County, arrived last night, but is very reticent.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 30.—Persons who arrived here yesterday from Cass County state that a reign of terror exists there. Seventeen families residing at Harrisonville and vicinity have been forced to leave on pain of death. The leaders of the gang declare they will not be satisfied until every man directly or indirectly connected with the issuance of the county bonds is killed.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRES.

In the Connecticut State Prison.

HARTFORD, Conn., April 30.—A fire broke out in the rule-shop of WYLLIS, THRALL & SON, at the State Prison in Wethersfield, at 1 o'clock this morning, threatening for a time the entire prison buildings. The officers and a few trusty convicts labored assiduously for four hours, and finally got the flames under control. The rule-shop was totally destroyed, causing a loss to THRALL & SON of about $15,000. The Prison was damaged to the extent of about $2,000, upon which there is no insurance. It is thought the fire was caused by the spontaneous combustion of sawdust saturated with oil drippings from the machinery.

Car-House and Rolling-Mill in Nashua, N. H.

NASHUA, N. H., April 30.—A fire broke out this morning in the car-house of the Worcester and Nashua Railroad Company, which building, with its contents, consisting of a train of cars, snow-plows, &c., was totally destroyed. Water was scarce, and the rolling-mill of the Nashua Iron and Steel Company took fire, and was also burned to the ground. A small portion of the machinery was saved, but the loss is estimated at from $40,000 to $50,000. The property is said to be insured for $25,000. The railroad company's loss is not yet ascertained.

At Penn Yan, N. Y.—Fifty Houses Burned.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., April 30.—A very destructive fire broke out in the village of Penn Yan today. Fifty houses were burned. Steamers were ordered from Elmira and Canandaigua to suppress the flames. The fire originated in a furnace. The loss is not yet ascertained.

LATER—The fire started in a furnace at 3 o'clock. The lower part of the village is badly burned. Over twenty dwelling-houses and about thirteen stores, mills and machine shops were destroyed. Nearly every house on Jacob-street up to the back part of Main-street is burned. The fire-steamer from Canandaigua arrived in forty-five minutes after the fire broke out, and did much toward extinguishing the flames. The losses are very heavy, but it is impossible at this late hour to ascertain their extent.

A Malt-House at Newburg.

NEWBURG, N. Y., April 30.—The malt-house of T. BEVERIDGE & Co. was damaged by fire this morning to the extent of $4,000; fully insured. The fire was caused by accident.

A Saw-Mill at Barton, N. H.

LANCASTER, N. H., April 30.—Messrs. WHEELER's steam saw-mill in Barton, N. H., was destroyed by fire on Saturday. Loss, $8,000; no insurance.

DARING ROBBERY.

The Deposit Bank at Columbia, Ky., Robbed in Open Day.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 30.—About 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon five mounted men rode into the town of Columbia, Adair County, Ky., and having dismounted at the Deposit Bank, two of them, with pistols in their hands, held the horses, while the other three with drawn revolvers entered the bank. Four unarmed gentlemen, of whom one was the cashier, were in the bank. One of the intruders demanded the keys of the safe. Another attempted to shoot JAS. GARNETT, a bank employe, but he struck up the robber's weapon, although his hand was burned by the explosion. All the bank officers escaped from the building except the cashier, who, although under fearful threats, refused to unlock the safe. He was shot dead, and the marauding party pillaged all the valuables outside of the safe, which they were not able to unlock. While this was proceeding the party outside fired their pistols in all directions, driving everybody off the street. A raid so sudden and unexpected caused the town to seem panic-stricken until the robbers mounted their horses and dashed away. The citizens immediately organized and started in pursuit, and at last accounts were gaining rapidly on the fugitives. The amount of money stolen is not supposed to be large. Great excitement prevails in the county, and the robbers will probably be lynched or shot if captured.

LOUISIANA.

Republican State Convention—No Office-Holders to be Elected to Philadelphia—Grant Indorsed.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

NEW-ORLEANS, April 30.—The Republican Convention met today, with 145 delegates present. C. C. ANTOINE was chosen President, and five Vice-Presidents. The following delegates were elected to the National Convention at Philadelphia by Congressional Districts: First, J. B. Wands, C. J. Adolphe; Second, W. G. Elliott, Mortimer F. Smith; Third, C. B. Darrell, J. Henri Burch; Fourth, E. W. Robinson, T. S. Johnson. Marshal Packard opposed the appointment of Federal officers. The utmost harmony prevails. The resolutions indorsing the Administration of President GRANT, and instructing delegates to vote for his renomination, will be adopted to-morrow. R. H. S.

THE TURF.

Chickasaw Jockey Club Races—Second Day.

MEMPHIS, April 30.—The first race was a mile and a half dash, for all ages, for a purse of $300, and was won by *Aneroid*, (brother to *Asteroid*,) beating *Morlacchi*, *Nathan Oakes*, *Templar*, *Ave Maria*, and *Chestnut Filly*. Time—2:45½. In this race *Morlacchi* was the favorite by large odds. *Aneroid* sold low down in the pools, but won the race easily. The second race was mile heats, for all ages, for a Club purse of $400. The following is the summary:

Moslem	1	1
Midnight		dis.
Keno	2	2
Jennie McKinney	3	4
Richland	5	5
Tom Corbett	7	dis.
Chestnut Filly	6	dis.

In this race *Richland* was the favorite and *Midnight* the second choice, but as in the first race, it was won easily by a horse sold in the field.

Betting was heavy and knowing ones lost largely.

The attendance was good; the weather cloudy and pleasant.

BY MAIL AND TELEGRAPH.

Peace has been restored in Hayti.

Gen. CLAVIJO has sailed for Spain from Havana.

The Senate Arms Committee will meet next Monday.

Water will be let into the St. Lawrence canals on May 1.

Two feet of snow fell at Little Cottonwood, Utah, on Monday.

The ship *Cultivator*, from New-York, has arrived in San Francisco.

LARRY MURRAY, a noted Democratic politician of San Francisco, died last evening.

The farm-house of AMBROSE WIGGIN, in Stratham, N. H., was burned yesterday. Loss about $3,000.

The rates for harbor dues, wharfage and dockage at San Francisco have been reduced one-half.

The house and barn of JOHN W. JOHNSON, in Tilton, N. H., were burned yesterday morning. Loss, $2,500.

Last night 327 workmen were discharged from the Navy-yard at Portsmouth, N. H., owing to lack of funds.

The brigantine *Golden Light*, from Barrow, England, has arrived at Halifax, N. S., with railroad iron.

The Rhine is now crossed by eight pontoon bridges, which connect Elsass with the Grand Duchy of Baden.

A report reached St. Louis on Monday night that Lieut.-Gov. GRAVELLY, of Missouri, died on Monday night, at his residence in Stockton.

The New-York Colored Republican State Convention will meet at 12 o'clock on Wednesday, May 8, in the Liberty-street Presbyterian Church, Troy.

The New-Jersey State Temperance Alliance will meet in Library Hall, at Camden, on Thursday, May 2, at 2 o'clock P. M., in quarterly convention.

JOHN TALBOT was killed in Newburyport, Mass., yesterday, by a fall, while working on the new City Railroad Depot. He leaves a wife and five children.

GENTON, the Communist, who was convicted of participating in the murder of hostages, and sentenced to death, was shot at Satory at 6 o'clock yesterday morning.

DAVID NICHOLS, a Boston broker, was arrested yesterday, charged with forging the name of HORACE SAUNDERS, another broker, to a note for $9,875, and was held to bail in $15,000.

At the close of a cock fight between Washington and Arkansas, yesterday, at Memphis, for $5,000 a side, the fight stood: Washington, 5; Arkansas, 4. The main will be concluded today.

The body of the man found on Sunday near Elizabeth, N. J., cannot be that of GEORGE RICE, of Philadelphia, as RICE was found in this City last week, and is now at his home in Philadelphia.

The enormous advance in mining stocks has enabled the assignees of the banking house of JOHN SIME & Co., of San Francisco, to pay their creditors one hundred per cent. where next to nothing was expected.

HENRY W. STRONG, aged fifty-four years, was found hanging dead to a tree in South Windsor, Conn., on Monday. He had been depressed in spirits over the loss of his wife, and had become somewhat intemperate.

M. TANAKA, Commissioner of Education for Japan, visited the Deaf and Dumb Asylum and the High School at Hartford, Conn., yesterday, and will visit the State Normal School at New-Britain and the Reform School at Meriden.

The trial of SCOTT and CHERIEST, the young men charged with the murder of the BILLINGS family in Windsor Locks, Conn., in January last, commenced in the Superior Court in Hartford, yesterday. Most of the forenoon was occupied in impaneling a jury.

The fourth annual meeting of the Society of the Army of the Potomac will take place in Cleveland, Ohio, on the 7th and 8th days of May. The annual address will be delivered by Gen. STEWART L. WOODFORD, and the poem by EDMUND C. STEDMAN.

The members of the Maennerchor, Saengerbund, and Junger Maennerchor Harmonic and Vocal Union, of Philadelphia, met last night to arrange for the reception of the celebrated German composer, FRANZ ABT, who is expected May 13.

The City of Brownsville, Texas, is filled with refugees and lawless characters from Mexico, and much disorder prevails. A military company has been organized by the citizens to assist the United States troops in the preservation of the peace.

Work on the new Academy of Fine Arts at Philadelphia will be commenced at once. Twenty-one gentlemen have subscribed $10,000 each, and four $5,000 each, making a total of $230,000. The lot and building will cost $500,000, and the location will be on the corner of Broad and Cherry streets.

GEORGE W. N. YOST, of Titusville, Penn., who was convicted of perjury last week, was sentenced, yesterday morning, to pay a fine of $5,000, to pay the costs of prosecution, and to confinement two years at hard labor in the Western Penitentiary. His perjury consisted in false affidavits in a patent suit.

LYMAN D. DOOLITTLE, a prominent, wealthy and respected citizen of Watertown, N. Y., died of apoplexy at 7 o'clock yesterday morning. He was a director of the Black River Fire Insurance Company, of Watertown, and also of the Carthage, Watertown and Sackett's Harbor Railroad Company.

The carpet-bag dispatched from St. John, N. B., at 8 A. M. on 11th instant, arrived on its return trip from San Francisco yesterday morning, and reached St. John last night, making the round trip in nineteen days and twelve hours, the shortest passage ever made between the two extremes of the Continent.

LATEST CABLE TELEGRAMS.

Conflicting Accounts of Engagements with the Spanish Insurgents.

Proclamation from Marshal Serrano to His Troops.

The Empress Augusta Expected in England on Thursday.

Passports for Switzerland Abolished by France.

Gen. De Wimpffen Protests Against the Action of the Capitulation Commission.

THE CARLIST INSURRECTION.

A Proclamation from Marshal Serrano—Contradictory Reports—Fall in the Bourse at Madrid.

MADRID, April 30.—Marshal SERRANO has issued a congratulatory proclamation to the troops under his command. He states that the loyal people of the provinces infested by the insurgents, in their zeal to uphold the Government, have taken up arms against the insurrectionists. The Marshal also announces to his troops that nearly all the Carlist bands in Arragon have been dispersed or defeated by the loyal forces.

LONDON, April 30.—A special dispatch from Bayonne, France, to the *Times* says there have been several petty encounters between the insurgents and the Government troops in the Basque provinces. In one of these 200 of the Imperialist forces routed 1,200 Carlists.

The reports from the seat of the disturbance are very contradictory. On the one hand, it is asserted that the cause of Don CARLOS is on the decline, and on the other it is reported that his prospects for success are exceedingly bright.

Three companies of Imperialist troops were surrounded by a large number of Carlists, but succeeded in breaking through the line of the insurgents, inflicting a loss upon them of fifteen killed.

A special dispatch from Madrid to the *Times* says there has been a tremendous fall in the bourse of that city.

The extreme Republicans refuse to recognize the authority of Señors CASTELLAR and FIGUERAS in their organization, because these two leaders discountenance the present insurrection against the Government.

MADRID, April 30.—Marshal SERRANO is advancing on Radas. The Carlists retire as he approaches.

The number of insurgents in the Andalusian Provinces and in Santander is reported to be insignificant.

Carlists continue to give in their submissions to the Government in various parts of the Kingdom.

MADRID, April 30—Evening.—A battle has been fought at Tudela, in Navarre, between the Government troops and the insurgents. The latter were defeated, with a loss of 300 killed and wounded.

LONDON, April 30.—Advices from Spain represent that the insurrection is rapidly spreading. It is reported that disaffection has appeared among the troops.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Times on the Question of the Indirect Claims.

LONDON, April 30.—The *Times* of this morning, in an editorial upon the present phase of the *Alabama* claims question, congratulates the United States Government for proposing that the liability of neutrals shall never extend beyound the direct consequences of breaches of neutrality; thus, says the *Times*, paving the way for a satisfactory settlement of the differences now existing between England and America.

The Liverpool Cartmen on Strike.

LIVERPOOL, April 30.—The strike of the cartmen of this city is spreading, and those now idle are parading the streets, singing songs and cheering as they march. A number of inexperienced men have come in from the country, to fill, if possible, the places of the strikers. No trouble is yet reported. The strike has caused trade in the city to become dull.

Mr. Schenck and Miss Grant Entertained by the Lord Chancellor—The American Rowers—Illness of a Brother of Thomas Hughes, M. P.

LONDON, April 30.—Lord Chancellor HATHERLY entertained Miss NELLIE GRANT and Hon. R. C. SCHENCK, the American Minister, on Saturday. A large number of distinguished persons were also present, and were introduced to Miss GRANT. The Atalanta Boat Club crew, of New-York, have established their quarters at a private house in Hammersmith, where they will remain until their match with the London crew has been rowed. The Americans were out on the Thames for practice for the first time this morning. GEORGE HUGHES, brother of THOS. HUGHES, M. P., is dangerously ill.

The Visit of the German Empress.

LONDON, April 30.—The Empress AUGUSTA is expected at Windsor on Thursday. The King of the Belgians has arrived at Woolwich.

FRANCE.

Passports Abolished for Switzerland—Edmond About—Gen. De Wimpffen and the Commission of Capitulations.

PARIS, April 30.—The Swiss Government having remonstrated against the maintenance of the French passport system with regard to Switzerland, while it is abandoned for England and Belgium, orders have been issued that passports will no longer be required of travelers to and from Switzerland.

M. EDMOND ABOUT announces the severance of his editorial connection with *Le Soir*, (newspaper.) He becomes editor-in-chief of the new journal *Le Dix-neuvième Siècle*.

The report of the Commission on Capitulations having criticised with severity the part taken by Gen. WIMPFFEN in the surrender at Sedan, the General replies, protesting against the censure of the Commission as unjust and requesting that he be retired from the army.

When the Germans are to Evacuate the Country.

PARIS, April 30.—Minister GOULARD has informed the Committee of Liberation that the German troops will evacuate France immediately when the payment of the indemnity is completed. That no definite negotiations have been opened to anticipate the payment of the three milliards due in May, 1874; but the manner in which the overtures of France have been received indicates a favorable disposition on the part of Germany. M. GOULARD declares positively that a forced loan to provide means for liquidating the obligation is impossible.

ROME.

An Audience by the Pope—The Austrian Ambassador.

ROME, April 30.—The Pope today gave an audience to 3,000 citizens of Rome. He made an address, in the course of which he stigmatized unbelief as the scourge of modern times.

VIENNA, April 30.—The Emperor has appointed Baron KUBECK Ambassador of Austria at the Vatican.

Stabbing Affrays.

Late last night, JOHN MEEHAN, aged thirty-seven, residing in Fifty-sixth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, was stabbed in the left side with a pocket-knife, by his brother, CHRISTOPHER, and severely wounded. He was attended by Dr. WATERMAN and sent to his home. CHRISTOPHER escaped.

CHAS. MORSON, of No. 152 Johnson-street, Brooklyn, and MARY MORSON, of No. 35 Essex-street, quarreled at midnight in front of Military Hall, in the Bowery. MARY stabbed CHARLES in the left cheek with a pen-knife, inflicting a slight wound. MARY was arrested, but CHARLES refused to make a complaint against her, and she was discharged.

MAGAZINES.

—The *Popular Science Monthly* is the title of a magazine published by D. APPLETON & Co., the first number of which has just appeared. That there is a place for it no one can doubt who has watched the steady increase of interest in scientific investigation manifested in this country, not only by a select class, but by the entire community. There is a general feeling of dependence upon the results of these researches, which, though weak if compared with what it may become, is nevertheless an immense change from the almost-universal apathy with which such questions were regarded twenty years ago. Science has become a theme for popular conversation; all the current magazines devote several pages to its elucidation; we are daily surrounded by its practical workings; it has of late entered even into religion, and what will be its influence half a century hence no one can predict. With such favorable prospects, immediate and remote, the success of a periodical of this nature, if it is rightly conducted, cannot for a moment be doubted, and in this respect we would say that if the managers of this one will only continue as they have begun, they may be assured of a circulation at once large and appreciative. Prof. E. L. YOUMANS, who is the editor, has made arrangements with the leading scientific periodicals of Europe, so that he can publish papers of special interest from their advance sheets among his selected articles. The original contributions will be furnished by the ablest writers of the day, and will be, as the prospectus says, "authentic statements from men who know their subjects." The present number opens with a paper by HERBERT SPENCER on "The Study of Sociology—Our Need of It," which exhibits in a wonderfully clear and convincing manner the inconveniences and evils resulting from our present irregular systems of social intercourse. There is also a promise of a continuing article explaining how these evils may be rectified. "Science and Immortality," by Rev. T. W. FOWLE, taken from the *Contemporary Review*, explains in a forcible but strictly impartial way the difference between the opinions honestly held by scientists and Christians respecting the great question of man's immortality, &c. The remaining articles are: "The Recent Eclipse of the Sun," R. A. PROCTOR; "Science of Labor;" "QUEBLET on the Science of Man," by E. B. TAYLOR; "Disinfection and Disinfectants," by WILLIAM EASSIE; "The Natural History of Man," by A. DE QUATREFAGES; "Cause of Dyspepsia," by ARTHUR LEE; and "Woman and Political Power," by LUKE OWEN PIKE; "The Early Superstition of Medicine," by T. M. COAN.

—*Scribner's* opens with the first number of a sketch of a railroad excursion from Washington to Niagara Falls. The subject lacks a little in freshness, but the numerous illustrations which accompany it are admirably done. CHARLES DUDLEY WARNER, in the fifth paper of the "Back-Log Studies," discusses, both separately and connectedly, the newspaper and the woman questions. These delightful fireside talks have proved, as we thought they would, one of the features of the literary year. Apart from their suggestiveness and latent humor, they possess a genuine naturalness, the worth of which may sooner be estimated by reviewing the numerous failures that have been made in attempting to attain it than by searching for the very few successful realizations. "The Waif of Nautilus Island," by NOAH BROOKS is a charming story, being psycologically considered an evidence of the hereditary effect of culture, or, poetically, a love scene, as sad and delicate as it is truthful. Mr. BROOKS possesses an extraordinary power for realistic sketching. The present account of the life of fishermen on the coast of Maine is vividly correct; a virtue for which his previous stories, founded on incidents occurring in the extreme West, have also been noted. "Mr. Lowell's Prose," by W. C WILKINSON, is a very searching, and somewhat acrid analysis of Mr. LOWELL'S claims as a critical writer. Though in several particulars we do not agree with Mr. WILKINSON in the estimate he forms, yet in the main we think that the objections he makes to the ambiguity, incoherency, and inconsistency of Mr. LOWELL'S prose all well founded. The article is to be continued in the next number. "Folk Life in Appenzell," by WILLIAM WELLS, "Vasa Fictilia in History," by JOHN H. TREADWELL, and a number of lighter papers complete the contents.

—In *Harper's*, RUFUS HOME concludes his "Story of Tammany;" the desperate political warfare that continued so many years between that organization and the one of which DE WITT C. CLINTON was the leader forming the greater part of the narrative. CHARLES NORDHOFF gives a very entertaining account of his trip to California, supplemented with a statement of expenses, that will be of great value to those contemplating making this journey. As is usually the case with travelers to the Pacific coast, he is an enthusiastic admirer of this section of our country. Mr. NORDHOFF'S contribution is the most interesting feature of *Harper's* this month. The remainder of the series will be eagerly looked for by all classes of readers. "Old Kensington" is the title of a new serial by Miss THACKERAY, the introductory chapters of which seem to give promise of a story of more than average excellence. Last month an account of the efforts of a French philanthropist for the practical amelioration of the working classes was given, and in this number GEO. M. TOWLE writes a description of the work performed by an Englishman in the same direction. The paper is called "Saltaire and its Founder," and if it could influence other wealthy manufacturers, similarly situated, to follow the example thus successfully set, would be productive of more real happiness than can easily be computed. One obstacle against its fulfillment in this country is, that here manufactories are not generally under private, but corporate management, which is proverbially merciless. "The Manhattan Well Murder," by E. S. GOULD; "Father Higgins' Preferment," by J. W. DE FOREST; and "Little Brown Fist," by JUSTIN M'CARTHY, have each distinct features of interest.

—The present number of the *Galaxy*, taken all in all, is the most entertaining one that has been issued during the current year. "The Mother of Jacques," by KATHERINE S. MACQUOID, is a quiet, pathetic sketch of French peasant life, so truly natural in its simple rehearsal of sacrifice and suffering that it will make a far deeper impression on the mind of the reader than is generally the case with stories of its type. JUNIUS HENRI BROWNE has a descriptive account of "Historic Lovers," from the time of Jacob and Rachel downward. The subject is one that permits of considerable moralization, and is, therefore, peculiarly adapted to Mr. BROWNE'S method of treatment. "Donna Lucrezia Borgia," by RICHARD BOYLE DAVEY, is another illustration of our readiness to reverse the judgments established by our ancestors. Few persons have come down to us in history with a more infamous reputation than this woman, yet Mr. DAVEY has proved, satisfactorily to himself and perhaps to his reader, that the charges against her were not only false, but that her character was pure and lovable. In "Faust," by IVAN TURGENIEF, an opportunity is afforded the American public of forming some idea of how much that is beautiful is hidden away in that unlocked store-house, the Russian literature. The present tale is hardly a fair specimen, as it is tinged with German mysticism. Besides these, there are a number of other very readable articles.

—*Lippincott's* opens as usual with "Whymper's Alpine Scrambles," the present installment of which contains several useful hints for amateur mountaineers. Philadelphia may be vividly seen, without going to it, by reading the "Sketches" of H. C. S. "A Pedestrian Tour in Spain" is a decided novelty, and DAVID G. ADEE'S humorous account of his experiences will prove very readable. "Sisterhoods in England," by SARAH B. WISTER, is a very interesting statement of the attempt now going on in England to revive one of the leading features of the old Roman Catholic faith. While fully realizing the value of woman's work in the spiritual and material elevation of the poor, Mrs. WISTER thinks that this movement can hardly prove of lasting good, and that even at present its continuance depends more upon a formalism of dress and demeanor than upon sincere conviction. "Our Farm in Redmud County," by R. B. ELDER, is a melancholy account of the present condition of the country districts of Virginia. "The Strange Adventures of a Phaeton" and "Aytoun" are both continued.

—The republication of the *Contemporary Review* in this country, by Messrs. LIPPINCOTT & Co., should be a subject of general congratulation, as, of its kind, it is, perhaps, the ablest periodical in existence. The course taken by it is that of Liberal Conservatism, and it is thus *par excellence*, the representative in England of the Broad Church school of thought. Among its contributors are numbered the leading thinkers, theologians and statesmen of Great Britain. A fair idea of this may be formed from the present number, which contains articles by HERBERT SPENCER, Rev. JAMES MARTINEAU, HENRY HOLBEACH, Rev. T. W. FOWLE, and the Dean of Westminster. LIPPINCOTT & Co. are also republishers of the *Saint Pauls Magazine*, the *Sunday Magazine*, *Good Words*, and *Good Words for the Young*.

—The *Aldine* contains its usual store of choice illustrations. One of the finest is an engraving of J. W. A. WARD'S statue of SHAKESPEARE, concerning which Mr. STODDART very truly says, "It is the noblest work of the kind yet produced in America." "The Building of the Ship" is a happily-conceived picture from a scene in LONGFELLOW'S poem of that name. A number of the prose articles are exceedingly entertaining, especial "Sunshine," by JULIAN HAWTHORNE, and "English Rhymes and Stories," by HENRY RICHARDS. SHAKESPEARE is also treated in words, the celebrations in his honor forming the theme of a very readable paper by the editor.

—The *Canadian Monthly* is the name of a very able periodical, lately started at Toronto, the contributors to which are almost wholly Canadians. The present number has a paper on "The Legal Interpretation of the Treaty of Washington," treating particularly the question of "indirect damages." The author, JAMES BEATY, Jr., considers the matter in a calm, quiet manner, but is, nevertheless, firmly of the opinion that no legal construal of the text of the treaty warrants the presentation of these claims, while the spirit of the document is completely adverse to such an idea. The number also contains several highly-interesting articles on local topics.

—*The Pulpit and the Pew*, even in the few months that it has been in existence, has achieved a decided success; its articles are all sound and instructive; and it also affords an admirable means of intercommunication between the clergy and the laity. Though not often brought into discussion, its tone in treating religious questions on which the minds of many people are in doubt is liberal yet firm. Indeed in any commendations we can make we should be but echoing the judgments of all of those who have interested themselves enough in the matter to read the magazine.

—*The New-England Historical and Genealogical Register* is one of the best, if not the best, antiquarian journal published in this country. Its range of observation is exceedingly extended, and historical and biographical matter is often found in its pages of far greater national value than the name of the quarterly would seem to indicate. The present number contains a sketch of Commodore SAMUEL TUCKER, one of the bravest naval officers of the Revolutionary War, by JOHN H. SHEPARD, A. M. The history of the *New-Hampshire Gazette*, published in Portsmouth, and the oldest newspaper in the United States, has been written by F. W. MILLER, and a fac-simile of that sheet as it was when it was first issued is also given. The reader may form some estimate of the advances made in journalism since 1756 by comparing this little paper with those of the present day. The latest news from New-York is ten days old, and that from Boston—only fifty miles away—was three days in coming. Besides this, there are several articles of interest on colonial historical incidents, as well as careful notes concerning the genealogical record of a number of the old Puritan families of Massachusetts.

—The April number of the *Presbyterian Quarterly & Princeton Review* is devoted almost entirely to subjects pertaining more or less closely to that particular branch of the Christian Church. "The Eldership Question," or whether the ruling elders should or should not be elected for life, is stated in a very forcible article by Rev. WM. E. MOORE, who, however, takes the negative side in the debate. Prof. SEEBODY furnishes a number of interesting sketches from the life of HENRY COOKE, D. D., the great Irish preacher; and HENRY B. SMITH, D. D., an admirable review of the principal arguments made by the opponents of papal infallibility.

—*The American Watchmaker's, Jeweler's and Silversmith's Journal*, a monthly publication lately started, contains a vast amount of useful information, not only for the benefit of those immediately connected with the various trades, but also for those interested, either as purchasers or admirers, in the delicate and beautiful results of their labor. The latest designs in silverware, the newest style of jewelry, which occupies an important place among the fashions of the day, are faithfully chronicled in this journal. As befitting the subjects treated, in typographical excellence the magazine has few equals.

The Yale College Fellowship Election—A Circular from the University.

The coming election for Fellows of Yale College, which takes place in New-Haven in July, is attracting a considerable degree of interest among the Alumni residing in this City, and an active canvass is in progress in regard to the names to be forwarded to the College, from which a ticket to be voted for is to be made up. It has been charged that the Faculty at Yale were interested in the matter, and that a ticket had been made out and forwarded to the Alumni in different parts of the country, and a denial of the report has also been published. The charge, however, is well founded, for recently circulars have been received in New-York, signed by the Secretary of the College, which read as follows:

"In view of the immediate and prospective importance of the approaching election of members of the Corporation of Yale College, a choice from the persons hereinafter named is suggested, in the belief that the list is drawn from among those who have already shown an active and intelligent interest in the recent growth of the University, and are therefore most likely to labor judiciously and faithfully for its real good in the future: Hon. W. A. Buckingham, LL.D., 1866, Norwich, Conn.; Joseph E. Sheffield, A. M., 1871, New-Haven, Conn.; Gen. A. Q. Keasbey, 1843, Newark, N. J.; Henry B. Harrison, 1846, New-Haven, Conn.; Frederic J. Kingsbury, 1846, Waterbury, Conn.; Mason Young, 1860, New-York; Frank E. Kernochan, 1861, New-York; M. Dwight Collier, 1866, St. Louis, Mo. New-Haven, April 13, 1872."

The names above suggested are all well known, and the election of any of them as a "Fellow of the University," would confer an honor on the institution.

Romance in Real Life—An Interesting Case in the Surrogate's Court.

Quite an interesting case was on before Surrogate HUTCHINGS, yesterday, in the matter of the final accounting of the estate of ALFRED L. CIPRIANT, deceased. Mr. CIPRIANT was a resident of this City, but died abroad some two years ago, leaving a widow much younger than himself, to whom he was married in Dublin, Ireland, about six years prior to his death. By his will a certain portion of his estate was devised to his wife, together with a valuable lot of personal property, consisting of pictures, Bohemian glass-ware, &c., stored in a warehouse in Pine-street. Gen. JOHN A. DIX was appointed by the testator one of the executors of his last will and testament. The deceased had in his employ a valet, a Frenchman named ANTOINE GUMBO, for whom Mrs. CIPRIANT formed a violent attachment, and soon after her husband's death, after returning to this country for a few weeks, to arrange her affairs, she hastened back to Europe and married her former servant. It is charged that the widow used certain moneys of the estate for the purpose of purchasing gifts for her present husband, and several witnesses were examined. Among other things brought out on the examination it appeared that ANTOINE, who was in Paris during the late war, was conscripted, and that Mrs. CIPRIANT, although remonstrated with by Gen. DIX, telegraphed to Paris to have a substitute provided at a cost of $1,000. The testimony taken was quite interesting, but without concluding, the case was adjourned to an future day.

FORTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

SENATE....WASHINGTON, Tuesday, April 30.

The House amendments to the Texas Pacific Railroad bill were concurred in.

THE COMMISSIONERS OF CLAIMS.

The House bill, authorizing the Commissioners of Claims to make further reports of their proceedings whenever they shall deem it expedient or advisable, was taken up.

Mr. WRIGHT opposed it as unnecessary and likely to interfere with the regular business of the Commission.

Mr. TRUMBULL and Mr. CARPENTER also opposed it, and Mr. HOWE advocated it.

The bill was postponed.

MARYLAND NATIONAL RAILROAD.

Mr. HAMILTON introduced a bill authorizing the extension of the National Railroad of Maryland into the District of Columbia.

Mr. HAMILTON also presented a memorial of a Committee of the corporators of said railroad company, praying for the passage of the bill, and setting forth the benefits to be derived by the City of Washington from the construction of said road, which is to run on the meridian of Washington direct to Harrisburg.

RAIDS ON TEXAS SETTLERS.

Mr. PATTERSON, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, reported the House bill authorizing the President to appoint a Commission to inquire into the depredations committed by Indians and Mexicans on the frontiers of Texas, and moved its immediate consideration.

Mr. SHERMAN doubted the wisdom of appointing a wandering Commission like that proposed.

Mr. CASSERLY said that the appointment of the Commission would quiet the minds of the people of Texas until something should be done for their protection.

The bill passed.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGES.

Mr. SAWYER called up the bill extending for two years the time within which States may avail themselves of the Act of 1866, granting lands to aid in establishing agricultural colleges. Passed.

INFORMATION WANTED.

Mr. CASSERLY offered a resolution directing the Secretary of the Treasury to send to the Senate the following information about the accounts of the Pacific Railroads, except the Northern: The whole amount of United States bonds issued to each Company, and for what number of miles, and the amount of interest paid thereon by the United States: the credits allowed to the Companies and for what services rendered, and the arrears of interest still remaining; the total sum due to the United States on account of principal and interest of bonds, the total amount of principal and interest accruing on such bonds at maturity, and the rate of payment thus far made on account of interest; the amount of bonds or other obligations issued by such Companies constituting a mortgage or lien on its road and other property prior to the claim of the United States.

Mr. CONKLING said that most of the information called for was already to be found in the public documents, and as he was opposed to imposing unnecessary burdens upon the Department, he thought the resolutions had better be postponed until it could be ascertained whether the whole of it was not already published.

THE DEFICIENCY BILL.

The Senate then resumed the consideration of the Deficiency bill. The pending question was on the motion to lay on the table the motion to reconsider the vote by which the Morrill (Vermont) amendment restricting the jurisdiction of the Court of Claims in suits for the value of captured or abandoned property to cases commenced two years after the suppression of the rebellion, the claimants proving affirmatively that they never gave aid or comfort to the rebellion, was rejected.

The motion to lay on the table was rejected—yeas 25, nays 27.

The vote on reconsidering was then taken as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Ames, Anthony, Boreman, Buckingham, Cameron, Carpenter, Chandler, Corbett, Cragin, Ferry of Michigan, Flanagan, Frelinghuysen, Gilbert, Hamlin, Howe, Morrill of Maine, Morrill of Vermont, Morton, Nye, Patterson, Ramsey, Scott, Sherman, Sumner, Windom, Wright—26.

NAYS—Messrs. Alcorn, Bayard, Casserly, Clayton, Cole, Davis of West Virginia, Ferry of Connecticut, Hamilton of Maryland, Harlan, Hill, Johnson, Kellogg, Kelly, Norwood, Pomeroy, Pool, Rice, Saulsbury, Sawyer, Spencer, Sprague, Stevenson, Stockton, Trumbull, Vickers, West.—26.

The Vice-President voted in the affirmative, so the motion to reconsider was agreed to.

The question was then on agreeing to the Morrill amendments.

Mr. ALCORN said that no one at the South claimed that the United States ought to entertain claims for property confiscated or destroyed during the war, but the people of the South did claim that private property taken by the United States ought to be paid for, under the rules of civilized warfare, and under the law of Congress, which provided a Court of Claims, in which the Supreme Court had decided that such claims were entitled to be heard.

Mr. HILL also opposed the amendment.

On motion of Mr. CARPENTER the five-minute rule was applied to the debate on the pending bill.

The Morrill amendment was then adopted by the following vote:

YEAS—Messrs. Ames, Anthony, Buckingham, Boreman, Cameron, Carpenter, Chandler, Cole, Corbett, Cragin, Ferry of Michigan, Flanagan, Frelinghuysen, Gilbert, Hamlin, Morrill of Maine, Morrill of Vermont, Morton, Patterson, Pratt, Ramsey, Scott, Sherman, Sumner, Windom, Wright—26.

NAYS—Messrs. Alcorn, Bayard, Casserly, Davis of West Virginia, Ferry of Connecticut, Goldthwaite, Hamilton of Maryland, Harlan, Hill, Johnson, Kellogg, Kelly, Lewis, Norwood, Pomeroy, Pool, Rice, Saulsbury, Sawyer, Spencer, Sprague, Stevenson, Stockton, Trumbull, Vickers, West—26.

The Vice-President voted in the affirmative, making 27 yeas.

The Deficiency bill was then passed.

TEA AND COFFEE.

On motion of Mr. SCOTT the bill to repeal the duty on tea and coffee was taken up, and he moved an amendment providing that it should go into effect on the 1st of July; that tea and coffee in public stores and bonded warehouses on the 1st of July shall be exempt from duty, and the duties paid upon it shall be refunded.

Mr. SHERMAN said that the Committee on Finance, after hearing and considering the diverse views on the subject, had agreed upon the 1st of July as the time at which the bill should take effect. He regretted to have to say that some of the very men who had urged the Committee to fix upon that day had since been endeavoring to raise a clamor in the City of New-York and elsewhere against that action. But the Committee felt that that clamor ought to be disregarded, because to yield to it would be to violate an implied, if not an express, pledge. The bill, he thought, ought to be amended so as to make it a free list, and he would therefore vote to add other articles, the duties on which ought to be repealed as well as the duties on tea and coffee.

The amendment offered by Mr. SCOTT was agreed to.

Mr. MORRILL, of Vermont, said he thought it unwise to repeal wholly the duties on tea and coffee, because it would leave us dependent for revenue upon silks, and other articles of luxury the importation of which would be greatly reduced in case anything should occur to curtail our foreign trade, as was likely to be the case in a year or two. He then moved to amend the bill by adding the free list contained in the Tariff bill passed by the Senate some weeks since.

Mr. CONKLING said he would vote for the free list as an independent proposition, but he would not vote to put it upon this bill; because to do so would wreck the bill in the House. As to the criticism made by the Chairman of the Finance Committee (SHERMAN) upon the complaints of persons engaged in the tea and coffee trade, they were evidently intended chiefly for his (CONKLING'S) constituents, and he would, therefore, say frankly that he sympathized with his constituents and thought they had a right to complain of the hesitating, uncertain and misleading action of the Senate in this matter.

Mr. TRUMBULL said there was no more reason for repealing the duties on tea and coffee than for repealing the duties on salt and coal. The Senate had decided that the bills should not in any case take effect until the 1st of July, and that ought to relieve the merchants from the uncertainty of which they complain, and the fact that the bill was not to take effect until July was another reason why it should not be pressed through hurriedly now, because it was probable that before the 1st of July a general Tariff bill would be passed, including these articles. He wished to repeal or reduce the duties on other things, as well as tea and coffee, and he hoped Congress would not adjourn until it should have reduced taxation by at least $50,000,000, and abolished every feature of internal revenue taxation, except that on spirits, fermented liquors and tobacco.

Mr. MORTON said he had voted to take up this bill, in order to relieve the tea and coffee merchants from their embarrassment, and therefore he would not vote to add the free list lest it would defeat the bill, but he would not, by any means, consent that the reduction of taxes should stop with the passage of this bill. He agreed with Mr. TRUMBULL that the reduction ought to be at least $50,000,000, and he was satisfied that we could afford to take off even $60,000,000 of taxation, including the internal revenue reduction.

Mr. BAYARD argued against piecemeal and weathercock legislation on the tariff, and in favor of postponing the tea and coffee question until it could be considered in the general Tariff bill to come from the House.

The amendment adding the free list was then rejected—yeas 17, nays 32.

Mr. TRUMBULL moved to amend the bill so as to repeal also the duties on coal and salt. Lost—yeas 14, nays 33.

Mr. CASSERLY moved to strike out the "1st of July," so as to make the bill take effect immediately on its passage. Lost. The bill was then passed. It provides that on and after July 1, next, tea and coffee shall be placed on the free list, and no further import duty shall be collected from the same, and all tea and coffee which may be in public stores or bonded warehouses on said July 1, shall be subject to no duty upon the entry thereof for consumption, and all tea and coffee remaining in said stores on said July 1 on which the duties shall have been paid shall be entitled to a refund of the duties paid.

At 5¾ P. M. the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The bill reported some weeks since by Mr. HALDEMAN, from the Committee on Agriculture, to encourage the planting of trees and for the preservation of the woods on the public domain of the United States, came up as the first business in the morning hour. Several amendments heretofore proposed by Mr. SARGENT and others were accepted by Mr. HALDEMAN, and the bill was further amended by the omission of all the penal provisions.

Mr. BANKS called the attention of the House to the importance of the bill, and commented upon the general impression of the people that their first duty in regard to trees is to get rid of them. He believed that the passage of this bill would awaken public attention to the dangers and evils of untimbering the country. He believed that the great deserts between the Mississippi and Rocky Mountains might be reclaimed and fertilized by the processes which would follow the enforcement of this measure. The natural effect of forests was to retain water in the soil, but by the destruction of forests the land was drained and the water turned into torrents which sweep away bridges and destroy property.

Mr. MCCORMICK, of Arizona, gave some illustrations of the importance of this bill, and of the injurious effect of destroying forests, and hoped that the bill would be passed, in some shape or other.

The bill was further advocated by Messrs. HAWLEY, STORM, BINGHAM and other members; the main point of all the arguments being the beneficial effect of trees on rain, climate and fertility of the soil.

Mr. COGHLAN favored the objects of the bill, but thought that its machinery was objectionable in many respects, as interfering with the existing land laws of the country.

Mr. LOWE moved to strike out the first two sections of the bill, which require settlers on the public lands that are timbered to retain one-tenth of the area in timber. Rejected.

Mr. HOAR moved to lay the bill on the table, believing that it would invalidate titles to land. Negatived.

The bill was then rejected—yeas 81, nays 88.

THE TARIFF.

The House then, at 12:40, went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. SCOFIELD in the chair, on the Tariff bill, and was addressed by Mr. E. H. ROBERTS.

He said that popular judgment joined with sound statesmanship in demanding a reduction in the revenue of not less than $40,000,000. He asked for the passage of the pending bill properly amended. The increase of the tax on smoking tobacco was objectionable. The removal of restrictions and annoyance from internal business would be approved. A few stamps were abolished, and he would have the swift abolition of all these flaws in our political system. Considerable reductions ought wisely to be made in the Customs duties on necessaries and common comforts which we do not produce and where the removal of internal taxes will permit without harm to domestic production. The present prosperity of the country forbade any radical change in the financial policy. Importers and theorists erred in forcing the issue of commerce against home production. Free trade is a phrase and not a fact. Commerce can be really profitable only when based on developed resources. Purely commercial nations have had brilliant but brief careers. The oldest nations—Egypt, China, Japan—teach that the secret of long national life is in development on the soil, and to that commerce may be added, securing enduring greatness. The appeal to strike down our financial system and to adopt that of Britain is eloquent as a warning. Our imports exceed our exports, but Britain buys in excess of her sales six times more than we do. Our adverse balance of trade is 171 per capita, while the British deficiency is 1,626 per capita. Our total imports in 1870 were 1,368 per capita. If our tendency is bad, the remedy is not to be sought in the example of Britain. It is by greater productions on the soil. The magnificent progress of the past ten years in this country was illustrated from the census. This progress protests against reckless attacks on our manufacturers and the attempts to stigmatize them as pensioners. Figures show that even in New-England the most profitable manufactures show less dividends than capital returns when securely invested on lands at the West. In agriculture only a part of any population can be employed, and only for a part of the year. Industry must be diversified to provide profitable employment for the greatest number. Duties may be adjusted to encourage this result. The gentleman from Missouri, Mr. FINKELNBURG, suggested that when this encouragement is given, it redounds only to the advantage of capital. Tables were submitted showing the advance of wages in this country since the war, and a comparison made with Canada. Recent advances abroad were consequent on our policy, and labor protested against war on American manufactures. Duties were paid by the consumer only when the demand for the article exceeded the supply. Production at home increased the supply and carried down prices. The consumer refused to be cast naked to the mercy of foreigners. How to amend the bill was a question of practical sagacity, not of mere theory. Reductions should be made to cheapen comforts without reducing wages. Duties might be rendered permanent by making them moderate. The tariff should be simplified, and the visits of the tax-gatherer made less frequent. We must be brave enough to have a financial policy distinctively American, and to adhere to it. Properly amended in the interests of the American producer, the bill ought to pass, with reductions on manufactured products to cover the repeal of internal taxes.

Mr. BECK followed in a speech in support of the bill. He favored the retention of the internal revenue taxation on whisky, tobacco and stamps. That was paid by the consumers, and they did not complain of it, as they did not complain of the duties on tea and coffee. The revenue from these sources went into the Treasury, and it was because that was the fact, and because it did not go the benefit of monopolists, that the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. KELLEY) and his friends were anxious to strike down these sources of revenue, in order to retain the tariff duties which went to enrich them at the expense of the whole people.

Mr. BROOKS, of New-York, followed, and presented tables to show what the programme of the Democratic members of the Committee of Ways and Means is in regard to the tariff.

Mr. DAWES inquired of Mr. BROOKS whether it was his intention and that of his two Democratic associates on the Ways and Means Committee, (Messrs. BECK and KERR,) to support the bill.

Mr. BROOKS—Whenever we see a reduction of taxation pop up anywhere, we will go for it.

Mr. DAWES—I want to know whether you will support this bill.

Mr. BROOKS—Whenever you propose a reduction of forty per cent. on taxation, we will go for it hard; when you propose a reduction of only ten per cent., we will go for it soft. We intend to vote for every available reduction of the tariff everywhere.

Mr. DAWES—Do you propose to vote for the bill?

Mr. BROOKS—Let me ask the gentleman from Massachusetts whether he intends to vote for the bill he reported.

Mr. DAWES repeated his question.

Mr. BROOKS—We do intend to vote for it; and now will the gentleman from Massachusetts says that he will vote for it?

Mr. DAWES—I do not intend to vote for it in its present shape, and unless it be amended in some important particulars, I will vote against it.

Mr. BROOKS—Does the gentleman think it right to report a bill which he does not intend to support?

Mr. DAWES—I reported it in accordance with my public duties, and with the express permission, as I stated before the House, that I dissented most emphatically from the essential provisions of it.

Mr. KELLEY, of Pennsylvania—I would like to inquire whether anybody is responsible for this bill. [Laughter.] Whose bill is it?

Mr. BROOKS—I do not think the Speaker could have made a fairer possible Committee of Ways and Means if he tried—four and a half on each side. [Laughter.] He went on to say that when he became a member of that Committee he was in favor of discriminating duties, but now he had been almost educated by his experience in that Committee up to the point of being a free-trader. When the bulk of the people became educated to that point, the navigation of the country would revive and the exports of American manufactures would spring up into importance.

Mr. MCNEELEY was the next speaker, and he took a position for free trade and direct taxation. He would have the General Government obtain revenue just as the Government of the State of Illinois did.

At the close of Mr. MCNEELY'S remarks the Committee rose.

DESTROYED OR DEFACED BONDS.

Mr. MAYNARD, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill providing for the issue of United States bonds in all cases of bonds destroyed or defaced without default on the part of their owners, under such rules and restrictions as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe. Passed.

The session of to-morrow evening was set apart for the business of the Committee on Territories.

The Speaker appointed Messrs. HAY, of Illinois, COBURN, COX, CAMPBELL and FINKELNBURG a committee to attend the National Sharp-shooters' Festival at Highland, Ills., on the 19th of May next.

The House, at 5 o'clock, adjourned.

EUROPEAN TRAVEL.

Yesterday the North German Lloyd steamship *Koln* Capt. H. C. FRANKE, left this port for Bremen via Southampton. The following are among her passengers:

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Swedler, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Cutler, Mrs. J. F. Schafer and family, Miss Carry Schafer, Miss Frances Shafer, Miss Ellen Shafer, Mr. R. W. Linlard, Miss Sophie Dreyfuss, Mr. and Mrs. Wilhelm Keinaht, Mr. L. Lottheimer and family, Mr. F. W. Graef and family, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Kriege, Mr. Charles Evans, Mrs. S. Strauss and children, Mr. and Mrs. Johann Reinhardt, Mr. Gustav Muller, Mr. Leon Mayer, Mr. Rudolph Muller, Mr. C. C. Patterson, Mr. Henry Ewald and family, Mr. H. A. Huber, Mr. and Mrs. Johann Donner, Mr. G. Ottmann, Mr. C. Hoeg, Mr. J. Gram, Miss J. Goldey.

Today the steam-ship *Wyoming*, of the Great Western Steam-ship Company, sails for Liverpool with the following ladies and gentlemen: E. B. Payne, wife and two children; J. C. Fargo, wife, child, Masters Willie and James, and Miss Anne Fargo; Miss Lizzie Marsh and nurse, Mrs. William Hagar, two children and nurse; Miss Annie Ogden and friend, Miss Fanny Latard, Mrs. C. Goodrich, Mr. E. Goodrich, Miss Maria Thompson, Mr. and Miss Mulligan, Miss Hammill, R. M. Robinson, James Given, Hannah Hamilton, Paul Skow, Mrs. Smith and child, Thomas Wright, H. M. Reed and wife, J. W. Smith, Miss Faulkner, Miss Howes, Jacob, Edward and Lewis Hachalem, Chas. D. Relyea, D. B. Keeler, Jr., Joseph F. Edwards, Mrs. and Miss C. Fanning; Miss Mary D. Hastings, Chas. Bruff, Francis P. Freeman, W. W. Sharpe and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Davenport, Miss M. A. Foster, Mrs. Wm. Dunn.

The steam-ship *City of Baltimore*, of the Inman line, also sails to-day and among her passengers are the following: Miss M. Delaplane and lady friend, Miss Augusta Joseph, Mrs. Cochot, D. E. Herschfeld, Rev. Wm. Hart, Mr. A. Micklesburg, James Manning, John Perrin, Dr. P. C. Banker and wife, A. G. Bierce and wife, Rev. John Ponte, L. Crahute, E. Grand Gerard, W. M. Bull, Henry Pavin and wife, Rev. W. Jones and daughter, Mrs. Joshua Kidd and son Walter.

Gen. Barnum's Circular—Action of Post Mansfield, G. A. R.

At a regular meeting of Post Mansfield, No. 35, Grand Army of the Republic, held at Americus Hall, No. 176 Grand-street, Brooklyn, Monday evening, April 29, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted unanimously:

Whereas, A certain printed circular, headed "The Soldiers' Protest," &c., signed by H. A. BARNUM and others, and prefaced by a false statement that said BARNUM is Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Army, appeared in the New-York *Tribune* of the 27th inst., and such statement further alleging the issuing of said circular by BARNUM, and its transmission to soldiers of the Grand Army through his connivance, in violation of Article 11, Chapter 5, of the Rules and Regulations of the Grand Army, said circular being evidently intended as a political document in the interest of the opponents of the Administration of the General Government; therefore,

Resolved, That as members of the Grand Army of the Republic, we denounce the circular in question as a "weak invention," and silly attempt to win the soldiers to the support of a political cabal inimical to the Administration of Gen. GRANT; and that we deprecate and repel all such impertinent assumptions of leadership and attempts at electioneering within the bounds of our Association, in the interest of any party whatever, believing such attempts, if successful, to be destructive of the fundamental principles and purposes of the Order of the "Grand Army;" and further

Resolved, That while we do not dispute the right of a member of our body to disseminate his political opinions by circular or otherwise outside of our ranks, yet we emphatically deny any privilege to such member, under our rules, to use the mails to obtrude his views covertly on comrades of the order against the spirit of such rules, or to preface his publications by allusions to his connection with the order, or to use its name in any way on his political papers in the interests of any political party.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the New-York and Brooklyn papers, and in the *Grand Army Journal*, Washington, D. C.

SAFETY LAYTON, Vice-Commander.
Post Mansfield.
WM. E. HATFIELD, Adjutant.

The Board of Apportionment.

The Board of Apportionment created by Chapter 583, Laws of 1871, consisting of the Mayor, the Controller, the Commissioner of Public Works, and the President of the Department of Parks, is convened for today, the term of the Board created by the act of Jan. 30, 1872, having expired yesterday.

Among other things, one of the primary duties of the Board is to regulate the salaries of the officers and employes of the City and County Government.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—April 30.

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—10½ A. M.

$8,000 U. S. 6s, '81, C..118	$2,000 U.S.5-20 C.,'65.c.116⅜
65,000 U. S. 6s, '81, C..118⅛	32,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '67.115⅛

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—10 A. M.

800 Pacific Mail....... 74¾	500 Lake Shore........ 97¾
200 do........ 74¾	1200 do........ 97¾
400 do........c. 74¾	400 do........ 97¾
1200 do........ 74¾	400 Rock Island......116¾
300 do........b3. 75	600 do........116
1200 do........ 74¾	800 do........s3. 115¾
800 do........ 74¾	200 do........115¾
200 do........s3. 74¾	500 do........b3. 116
200 do........b10. 75	200 do........115¾
900 do........b3. 75	300 Ohio and Miss.... 50¾
400 do........ 75	300 do........ 50¾
200 Quicksilver........ 44	400 do........b3. 50¾
200 do........ 44¾	300 do........ 50¾
100 West. Union...s3. 75¾	500 do........c. 50¾
300 N. Y. C. & Hud...100¾	1600 do........ 50¾
700 do........100	300 do........s3. 50¾
400 do........ 99¾	300 do........b3. 50¾
200 do........c.100	2900 do........ 50¾
500 Erie Railway....... 68¾	300 North-western...... 80¾
200 do........s3. 68¾	200 do........c. 80¾
200 Union Pacific...... 41¾	200 do........ 80¾
500 do........ 40¾	200 C., C. & I. C....... 41¾
700 do........ 40¾	200 do........ 41¾
100 do........s3. 40¾	1200 do........ 41
400 do........ 40¾	500 do........s3. 41¾
200 do........c. 40¾	300 do........ 40¾
1000 do........s3. 40¾	700 do........b3. 41
800 do........ 40¾	800 do........ 40¾
600 Boston, H. & Erie. 9¾	

FIRST BOARD—10½ A. M.

$3,200 Va. 6s. Cons.... 52¾	2000 N.Y.C.&Hud.Cfs. 93¾
2,000 N. C. 6s, Sp. T... 14¾	100 Erie.......b. c., b3. 69¾
10,000 Mo.6s,H.&S.J.I. 94	500 do........s30. 67¾
10,000 Mo. St. 6s........ 96	100 Erie Pf.........b3. 84¾
2,000 Texas 10s, '76.... 85	400 Panama.........113
10,000 S. C. St. 6s, new, Jan.&July..s3. 37	200 do........113¾
7,000 Erie 2d............ 99	100 L.S.&M.S., b.c.,b3. 97¾
1,000 Harlem 1st.......104	100 do........b3. 97¾
1,000 Cen. Pac. G. B..103¾	400 do........ 97¾
28,000 Un. Pac. 1st.... 92¾	50 L. S. & M. S. Scp. 93¾
1,000 do........ 92¾	100 Cleve. & P.G..b. o. 93
2,000 Alt. & T.H. Inc. 84	100 do........ 92¾
1,000 C.&N.W.S.F.B.102	100 Chi. & N. W....... 80¾
5,000 C. & N.W. Cons. 97	400 do..bet. call. 80
5,000 H. & S.J.8s, C.B. 91¾	200 do........ 79¾
5,000 C. & R.I.& P.7s.102¾	700 do........c. 80
5,000 do........102¾	700 do........ 79¾
1,000 T.&W.1st.S.L.D. 92	750 do........ 79¾
7,000 P., F.W. & C.2d.102	100 do........c. 80*
2,000 O. & M. Cons.B. 95	200 do........ 79¾
5,000 O. & M. 2d....... 85¾	1500 do........ 79¾
5,000 do........ 85	1600 do........ 79¾
1,000 Chi. & N.W. 1st. 99¾	700 do........c. 79¾
5,000 M. & St.P.8s,1st.108	300 do........ 79¾
15,000 C., C. & I.C. 1st. 90	100 New-Jersey Cent..110
2,000 Tol., P. & W.2d. 84¾	600 Chi. & R. I...b. c.115¾
75,000 Bos. H. & E.1st. 47¾	300 do........115¾
25,000 do........ 48	300 do........115¾
2,000 B., H. & E. G.B. 52	300 H. & St. Jo....... 44
1,000 C.P. & A.,new. 96	400 do..bet. call. 44
2,500 C., P. & A., old.100	200 Del., L. & W.......108¾
5,000 Long Dock Bds. 97	200 do........108¾
$2,000 Mor. & Es. 1st..105¾	20 do........109
10 Bk. of Commerce.118	100 Mil. & St. Paul.... 61¾
20 Irving Bank.......128	200 Mar. & Cin. 1st Pf. 30
120 Del. & Hud.Canal.120¾	100 Mar. & Cin. 2d Pf. 14
100 Maryland Coal.... 24	200 do..bet. call. 14¾
100 Cons.Coal Md..b3. 43¾	160 H. & St. Jo. Pf.... 64
200 Quicksilver Ming. 44¾	100 C., C. & I. C........ 40¾
100 Mariposa Pf........ 3¾	39 do........ 40
200 Brunswk City Ld. 8	500 do..bet. call. 40¾
100 Sp. M. Coal...b. c. 55	500 do........ 40¾
200 Pacific Mail...b3. 75	500 do........ 40¾
600 do....b. c.. c. 74¾	700 do........ 40¾
300 do........ 74¾	600 do........ 40¾
300 do........b3. 75	800 do........ 40¾
300 do........ 74¾	300 do........c. 40
500 do........ 75	200 do........b3. 39¾
400 do........b3. 75	1000 do........ 39¾
200 do........b3. 74¾	500 do........b3. 40
200 do........s3. 74¾	2500 do........ 40
400 do........ 74¾	1100 do........ 39¾
500 do........ 74¾	800 do........ 39¾
200 do........c. 74¾	800 do........ 39¾
300 W. U. T..bet call. 76¾	300 do........b3. 39¾
900 do........ 76¾	1400 O. & M.......b. c. 50¾
500 do........c. 76¾	500 do........ 50¾
200 Adams Express.... 99	300 do........ 50¾
50 do........ 99¾	500 do........c. 50¾
100 Wells-Fargo Ex... 85	300 do........ 50¾
100 do........s3. 85	300 do........b3. 50¾
200 United States Ex. 78¾	300 do........ 50¾
80 Am. Mer. U. Ex.... 75	1000 do........ 50¾
100 do........ 75¾	500 Un. Pac..b. c.. b3. 40¾
100 do........ 75¾	1100 do........ 40¾
1300 N.Y.C.& H..b. c.100	1500 do........ 40¾
300 do........ 99¾	1900 do........s3. 40¾
500 do........b15.100	200 do........ 40¾
500 do........ 99¾	100 do........ 40¾
200 do........s3. 99¾	1300 do........ 40¾
600 do........ 99¾	200 Tol., W. & W...b. c. 77¾
500 do........b30.100	200 B., H. & E.....b. c. 9¾
400 do........ 99¾	300 do........ 9¾

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—12½ AND 2½ P. M.

$50,000 U.S.6s,'81,C.s3.118	$20,000 U.S. 5s, '81 C...112¾
3,000 U.S. 5-20 R.'62...112	8,000 U.S. 5-20 C.,'65,n.114¾
58,000 U. S. 5-20 C. '67..115¾	5,000 do........b3. 114¾
15,000 do........115¾	10,000 U.S. 5-20 C., '68..115¾
5,000 U. S. 5-20 R.,'65..112¾	

12½ O'CLOCK—SALES BEFORE THE CALL.

50000 Coup. 6s, '81..s3.118	400 Bost., H. & E...s3. 9¾
400 West. Union........ 76¾	200 do........ 9¾
700 Pac. Mail........ 74¾	200 do........ 9¾
1300 do........ 74¾	500 North-western... 79¾
3100 do........ 75	200 do........ 80
700 N. Y. C. & Hud.....100	500 do........s3. 79¾
400 C., C. & I. C...b3. 39¾	200 do........ 79¾
600 do........ 39¾	200 do........c. 79¾
200 do........ 39¾	200 do........ 79¾
600 do........ 40	500 Ohio & Miss....... 50¾
200 do........ 40¾	600 do........b3. 50¾
500 do........ 40¾	200 do........ 50¾
400 do........ 40¾	200 do........b3. 50¾
200 do........ 40¾	100 do........ 50¾
200 do........ 40¾	200 H. & St. Jo...b3. 44
2400 do........ 40¾	200 Erie Railway..... 68¾
1700 do........ 40¾	200 do........ 68¾
700 do........ 40¾	700 Union Pacific..... 40¾
200 do........b3. 40¾	100 do........ 40¾
300 do........b3. 40¾	700 do........b2. 40¾
700 do........ 40¾	400 do........ 40¾
300 do........ 40¾	300 do........c. 40¾
800 do........s3. 40¾	300 Rock Island.......115¾
400 Lake Shore....b3. 97¾	

SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

$10,000 Va. 6s Con'd.. 53	200 Harlem.......128¾
5,000 Mo. St. 6s........ 96	300 do..bet. call.129
1,000 Cen. Pac.G.bds.103	500 Wells-Fargo Ex... 85
6,000 Un. Pac. L. G... 82	500 N.Y.C.& H.R..b3.100
4,000 do........ 81¾	100 do..b. c..b3.100
5,000 Bost.,H.&E.1st. 48	300 do........100
5,000 C.& R.I.& P.7s.102	100 do........100
200 Mariposa Pref..... 3¾	10000 N.Y.C.& H.Ctfs. 93
900 West.Un.Tel.b. c. 76¾	100 Erie......b. c. b3. 68¾
200 do........ 76¾	300 do........ 68¾
600 do........ 76¾	200 do........ 68¾
200 do........s3. 76¾	500 L.S.& M. So..b. c. 97¾
400 do........ 76¾	400 Chic.&N.W..b. c. 79¾
1400 do........ 76¾	400 Chic. & R. I..b. c.115¾
200 do........b3. 76¾	100 Mil. & St. P........ 61¾
600 do........ 76¾	100 do........ 61¾
100 Pac. M. S. S. Co.. 76¾	300 M.&St.P.Pf..b.c. 81¾
500 do..bet. call. 76	600 Un. Pac..bet. call. 40¾
200 do........ 75¾	100 do........b10. 41
200 do........ 75¾	400 do........ 40¾
300 do........c. 75¾	200 do........ 40¾
300 do........ 75¾	200 do........ 40¾
1000 do........ 75¾	200 do........b6. 41
700 do........ 75¾	200 do........ 41
1200 do........ 75¾	1000 do........ 41
200 do........ 75¾	300 do........ 41
600 do........b3. 75¾	100 Han. & St. Jo..b3. 44
200 do........ 75¾	100 B.,H.&E..b. c..b3. 9¾
200 do........ 75¾	200 C., C. & I. C..b. c. 40¾
700 do........ 75¾	500 do........ 40¾
800 do........ 75¾	500 do........ 40¾
400 do........b3. 75¾	700 do........ 40¾
300 do........ 75¾	3600 do........ 40¾
500 do........b3. 76	600 Ohio & Miss..b. c. 50¾
200 do........ 75¾	400 do........ 50¾
100 U. S. Express..... 78¾	200 do........s3. 50¾
100 do........ 79	700 do........ 50¾
60 Morris & Essex.... 95	

TUESDAY, April 30—P. M.

The Administration at Washington deserve earnest commendation for enlarging the future sales of Gold by the Treasury. Up to Saturday last there was little reason to hope that they would rightly comprehend the effect upon the Public Credit of holding on to over a hundred million of dollars, at a season of the year when the active export of Gold comes as a matter of course, and when speculators avail not only of this export demand, but presume largely upon the hitherto limited and arbitrary sales of the Treasury. It was, therefore, a pleasant surprise on Monday morning, to find that the policy of the Government had been changed most timely and practically for the better. The orders to the New-York Office, we have reason to suppose, mean not only the sale of at least ten millions in May, but as much more as the export demand may seem to require, without allowing the premium to advance, and they are significant also of the continuation of such liberal sales through the other exporting months of June and July. If any political importance is supposed to be attached to this change of financial policy by the Administration, at *this* time, we believe it should be ascribed to the prospect *and purpose on both sides of the Atlantic*, of an early and satisfactory settlement of the questions involved in the Washington Treaty.

The sales of Gold declined today to 112⅜ ₱ cent. The Cash Gold is plenty. The Treasury at New-York, this week, will pay out about $6,000,000 on Interest and Principal of the Public Debt, and sell $2,000,000 on Thursday. Against these sums about $3,000,000 will be taken in for Customs. The abundance of Gold has not increased the demand for Exchange, or added to the orders at the Treasury to put up Gold for export. On the contrary there was less done yesterday and today in Bills on London at the standard quotation of 109½@109⅝ ₱ cent., and the preparations for the shipment of Gold Coin by Wednesday's steamers are moderate. In London our Public Funds, notably the New 5 ₱ cent. Loan, have gone up today.

To-morrow the Treasury offers to buy $2,000,000 United States 5-20s at or within the price of Gold at the time, 12 o'clock noon. It is doubtful whether the tenders within these terms will amount to as much as two millions, and the chances for such purchases by the Treasury next week may be even less than at present. Upon this state of the market, the question comes up as to how the Treasury will dispose of the proceeds of its Gold sales. Temporarily, they may remain on hand in National Bank Notes, which accumulate inconveniently in the City Banks in the Summer season, while these Banks have the advantage of the increased issue of Gold Notes from the Treasury. The Government, unable to buy 5-20s at par, will, of course, notify further redemptions, selecting, we should say, the Registered Stocks known to be held in this country, without disturbing, in the present state of the exchanges and trade balances, the Coupon 5-20 Stocks held abroad. The Registered 5-20s of 1862, which could be paid off after ninety days' notice, amount to $34,055,600, and the Registered 5-20s of 1864 amount to $39,316,000.

The Money market has settled down to 7 ₱ cent. per annum on call loan, and 7@9 ₱ cent. (outside of Bank) on prime Merchant paper. The exceptions among the Brokers as to call loans are at 6 ₱ cent., but the rule of the Street is 7 ₱ cent., and the supply easy.

On the Stock Exchange the Public Funds were steady at yesterday's last prices, with a scarcity of Stock offering. The market, late in the day, left off firm. The Railway speculation was again very active, but the turn of prices partially against the market, especially on North-west Common and C., C. and Indiana Central, in both of which there was a large business. The transactions were also heavy in Ohios and Union Pacifics, but with less impression on prices. New-York Central was in good request at par @ 100⅛ ₱ cent. Rock Island and Lake Shore, not so firm as yesterday; Erie, 1 ₱ cent. lower. The *Bullish* interest in the market was uppermost in Pacific Mail and Western Telegraph, the former nominally strong, selling up to 76 ₱ cent., the highest figure for a year or two past. The business in the Stock was very large, and the party controlling it talk, of course, of higher figures. The following general quotations were made at the close of the day, as compared with Monday night:

CLOSING PRICES—APRIL 30.

	Monday.	Tuesday.
United States, New 5s	113	113
U. S. 5-20s, '65, May and Nov.	116¼	116¼
U. S. 5-20s, '67, Jan. and July	115½	115½
American Gold	112¼	112⅜
Bills on London, 60 days	109⅝	109⅝
N. Y. Central and Hudson	100⅛	99⅞
N. Y. C. and Hud. Debt Ctfs.	93½	93½
Chicago and Rock Island	116	115⅞
North-west Common	80¼	80⅜
North-west Preferred	95	94⅞
Pacific Mail	74⅞	76⅞
St. Paul Preferred	81	81
St. Paul Common	62¼	61⅞
Ohio and Mississippi	50⅞	50⅞
Toledo and Wabash	78¼	77½
Western Union Telegraph	76¼	76⅞
Erie	69¼	68½
Union Pacific	40⅞	40⅞
Lake Shore	97¼	97½
C., C. and Ind. Cen	41	40½

At the very close of the Exchange Room, at 5 o'clock P. M., the general speculation was strong.

The last prices for the various Public Funds of the United States are as follows:

6 ₱ cent. reg., '81......116¾	5-20 reg., n. i., '65......114¾
6 ₱ cent. coup., '81......118¾	5-20 coup., n. i., '65......114¾
5-20 reg., '62......112¾	5-20 reg., '67......115¾
5-20 coup., '62......115¾	5-20 coup., '67......115¾
Call bonds, '72......113¾	5-20 reg., '68......115¾
5-20 reg., '64......112¾	5-20 coup., '68......115¾
5-20 coup., '64......115¾	10-40 coup......110¾
5-20 reg., '65......112¾	5s coup., '81......113
5-20 coup., '65......116¾	6s currency......115¾

The following bids were made at the Exchange Board for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83...... 95	Tol. & Wab. 2d...... 96
N. Y. Cen. 6s, '87...... 93¾	Tol. & W. Equip. Bs. 88¾
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. E.... 90	Gt. Western 1st, '88.. 96
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Sub.... 90	Gt. Western 2d, '93... 92½
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76......101	Quincy & Tol. 1st, '90. 94¾
N. Y. Cen. 7s, con.,'76.100	Ill. & So. Iowa 1st.... 92
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '65-'76..100	Gal. & Chi. ext.......105
Erie 1st ext.......103¼	Gal. & Chi. 2d.......100
Erie 2d 7s, '79...... 99	Chi., R. I. & Pac......102
Erie 3d 7s, '83...... 96¾	Morris & Essex 1st...105¾
Erie 4th 7s, '80...... 93¼	Morris & Essex 2d.... 99
Erie 5th 7s, '88...... 91¾	Cle. & Tol. S. F......101¾
Long Dock Bonds...... 95¾	Pitts.,Ft.W.& Chi. 2d. 101¾
Hud.R.7s 2d, S.F., '85.106	Pitts.,Ft.W.& Chi. 3d. 98
Hud.R.7s 3d, S.F., '75.103¾	Cle. & Pitts. 2d...... 98
Harlem 1st 7s.......103¾	Cle. & Pitts. 3d...... 99
Alb. & Sus. 1st Bs....100	Cle. & Pitts. 4th...... 88¾
Alb. & Sus. 2d Bs.... 96	Chi. & Alt. S. F......100
Mich. Cen. 1st 8s, '82..112	Chi. & Alt. 1st.......105¾
Chi.,Bur.&Q.8s,1st M.113¾	Chi. & Alt. Inc...... 96¾
Mich. So. 7s, 2d M....101¾	Ohio & Miss. 1st......101
Mich.So.&N.I..S.F7s.104	Ohio & Miss. Cons'd.. 94¾
Pac.R.7s, gtd. by Mo.100¾	Ohio & Miss.2d,Con'd. 85
Cen. Pac. Gold Bonds.102¾	Dub.& Sioux City 1st. 95
Union P. 1st M. Bs.... 92¾	Peninsula 1st M.Conv. 91¾
Union P. L. G. 7s...... 82	Mil. & St.P. 1st M. 8s.107¾
Union P. Inc. 10s...... 81¾	Mil.& St.P.1stM.7 3-10. 97¾
Ill. Cen. 7s, '75.......103	Mil. & St.P.,Iowa div. 89¾
Alt. & T. H. 1st...... 98	Marietta & Cin. 1st.... 97
Alt. & T. H. 2d, Pf.... 88¾	Joliet & Chi. 1st.......108
Alt. & T. H. 2d, Inc... 84	Col.,Chi.& Ind. C. 1st. 89¾
Chi. & N. W. S. F......102	Col.,Chi.& Ind. C. 2d. 77¾
Chi. & N. W. Con. Bs. 96¾	Tol.,P.& Warsaw,e.d. 93
H. & St. J. L. G.......100	Tol.,P.&Warsaw,w.d. 91
H. & St. J. Conv...... 91¾	Tol.,P.& War..Bur. d. 88
Del., Lack. & W. 1st...100	Bost.,H.&E.1st M. 7s. 47¾
Del., Lack. & W. 2d... 97	Bost., H. & Erie Gtd. 51¾
Tol. & Wab. 1st, ext. 97	Cedar F. & Minn. 1st. 84
Tol.& W.1st,St.L.Div. 92	

The following are the last prices of the Miscellaneous Shares dealt in at the Exchange Board:

Del. & Hudson Canal.120¾	Quick. Min Co. Pref.. 55
Maryland Coal........ 23	Mariposa M. Co.,Pref. 3¾
American Coal........ 44	Mar. M. Co.Trus. Cfs. 15
Spring Mountain Coal 51	Adams Express........ 99
Canton Co., Balt...... 93¾	Wells-Fargo Express. 85
Consol. Coal of Md... 43	Amer. M. U. Ex....... 75¾
Cumb. Coal and Iron. 75	U. S. Express........ 79
West. U. Telegraph.. 76¾	Pacific Mail S. S. Co.. 76¾
Quicksilver Min. Co.. 44¾	Atlantic Mail S. S. Co. 33

Among the 1st of May changes in Wall-street we hear of the retirement from active business of Mr. JOHN B. TREVOR, for over twenty years (though yet a young man) on the Stock Exchange and in Bullion brokerage. His partner, Mr. COLGATE, continues business under the style of Messrs. JAMES B. COLGATE & Co. Mr. TREVOR takes a very large fortune out of the Street, and goes to Europe shortly for recreation. Mr. JOHN R. GARLAND joins Mr. H. H. MARTIN, under the styles of J. GARLAND, MARTIN & Co., as Stock Brokers.

The interest on the Bonds of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Minnesota Railroad Bonds, due May 1, will be paid on and after that date, on presentation at the office of HENRY CLEWS & Co., No. 32 Wall-street.

The earnings of the St. Louis and Iron Mountain Railroad, for the third week in April were:

1872	$45,985
1871	26,731
Increase, 1872	$19,254
Jan. 1 to April 15.	
1872	$649,422
1871	488,090
Increase, 1872	$161,332

The Land Department of the Northern Pacific Railroad advertises for sale three million acres of productive wheat, timber, pasturage and meadow lands, in Central and Western Minnesota, at prices and on conditions which are specifically set forth elsewhere in this paper.

The week's exports of domestic produce have been to the currency value of $4,790,733.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

MAY INVESTMENTS.

We offer for sale at par and accrued interest the First Mortgage Land Grant Gold Bonds of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company. They are free from United States Tax to the holder, and are issued in the following denominations: Coupons, $100, $500 and $1,000; Registered, $100, $500, $1,000, $5,000 and $10,000.

The Bonds are secured by a first and only mortgage on all the property and rights of the Company, which will embrace, on the completion of the work: First, Over Two Thousand Miles of Road, with rolling-stock, buildings and all other equipments; Second, Over Twenty-three thousand Acres of Land to every mile of finished road. This land extends in a broad, fertile belt from Wisconsin, through the richest portions of Minnesota, Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Oregon and Washington, to Puget Sound.

Both Principal and Interest on the Bonds are payable in Gold coin, at the office of JAY COOKE & Co., New-York City, the Principal at the end of thirty years, and the Interest (at the rate of seven and three-tenths per cent. per annum) 1st of January and July.

These Bonds are at all times receivable at ten per cent. premium, in payment for the Company's lands (now being offered for sale,) at their lowest cash price.

In addition to their absolute safety, the Bonds yield an income larger, we believe, than any other first-class security. Persons holding United States 5-20s can, by converting them into Northern Pacifics, INCREASE THEIR YEARLY INCOME ONE-THIRD, and still have a perfectly-reliable investment. And with the same entire confidence with which we commended Government Bonds to Capitalists and People, we now, after the fullest investigation, recommend these Northern Pacific Bonds to our friends and the general public.

Further information, pamphlets, maps, &c., will be furnished, on application, by any of the Banks or Bankers acting as Agents for the Loan.

JAY COOKE & CO.,
New-York, Philadelphia and Washington

HARVEY FISK. A. S. HATCH.
FISK & HATCH, BANKERS,
No. 5 Nassau-st., New-York.

We are having constant inquiries as to the most desirable ways of investing money or reinvesting the proceeds of Five-twenty Bonds, already called in, or soon to be called in, in the form of portable securities in which the greatest possible safety will be combined with fair and satisfactory income.

The first inquiry often is: "Shall we buy any of the issues of Government Bonds having the longest time to run?"

No one needs now to be assured that Government Bonds are *good*. But, at present market prices, the rate of interest which they pay upon their cost is too low to meet the views of most investors. Hence the constant inquiry for something *safe* that will pay better.

To meet this inquiry satisfactorily to ourselves and customers, we can recommend only such securities as we *know* to possess the essential qualifications of *unquestionable security*. The securities to which we have given the necessary attention to enable us thus to recommend them are:

THE BONDS OF THE CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY, Originally negotiated by us, and which we now buy and sell at market rates. They are widely known and highly esteemed in all the principal money markets of the world, and are dealt in at all the principal Stock Exchanges in this country and Europe, where they take rank in popularity and market value next to the Bonds of the United States Government. Present market price about 103.

THE SIX PER CENT. BONDS OF THE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILROAD COMPANY, secured by a First Mortgage upon their great East and West Trunk Line of Railroad, extending from the Chesapeake Bay to the Ohio River, forming a short, easy, low grade, and economical through route for the transportation of Western products to the sea, and traversing the wonderful Iron and Coal deposits of Virginia and West Virginia, which are well known to be among the most important, varied and valuable on this Continent.

We have these bonds still for sale, for account of the Company, at 94 and accrued interest. Interest payable May and November. Principal and interest payable in Gold in the City of New-York. Denominations: $1,000, $500 and $100, Coupon or Registered.

There is no good reason why these Bonds should not take equal rank with the Central Pacifics.

Full information furnished on application.

We buy and sell GOVERNMENT BONDS; receive deposits, and allow interest on balances; make collections; issue certificates of deposit, and do a general banking business.

FISK & HATCH.

The St. Joseph and Denver City Railroad Company's
1st MORTGAGE BONDS

are being absorbed by an increasing demand for them.

Secured as they are by a first mortgage on the road, land grant, franchise, and equipments, combined in one mortgage, they command at once a ready market.

A liberal sinking fund provided in the mortgage deed must advance the price upon the closing of the loan. Principal and interest payable in GOLD. Interest at eight (8) per cent. per annum. Payable semi-annually, free of tax. Principal in thirty years. Denominations, $1,000, $500 and $100, Coupons or Registered.

Price 97½ and accrued interest, in currency, from Feb. 15, 1872.

Maps, circulars, documents, and information furnished.

Trustees, Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of New-York.

Can now be had through the principal banks and bankers throughout the country, and from the undersigned, who unhesitatingly recommend them.
TANNER & CO., Bankers,
No. 11 Wall-st., New-York

☞ A SAFE INVESTMENT.
The First Mortgage Seven ₱ cent. Gold Bonds of the CHICAGO, DANVILLE AND VINCENNES RAILROAD COMPANY. The road is earning the interest on its entire issue of bonds, and a dividend on its stock. We are authorized to sell a limited amount at 90 and accrued interest. Particulars on application, in person or by mail, to
W. B. SHATTUCK & CO., Bankers,
No. 23 Nassau-st., New-York.

☞ THE FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND Bonds of the Logansport, Crawfordsville and South-western Railway of Indiana, bearing eight per cent. interest, gold, free of Government tax, payable quarterly in New-York, are for sale by JONES & SCHUYLER, No. 12 Pine-st., at 95 and accrued interest.

NEW-YORK PRODUCE EXCHANGE, }
NEW YORK, April 27, 1872. }
☞ NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ON and after the 1st day of May next all applicants for membership in the New-York Produce Exchange will be charged an initiation fee of Three Hundred Dollars, together with the annual dues to be assessed on members, but persons or corporations desiring memberships can obtain them prior to that date upon payment of the special assessment of Two Hundred Dollars now due and payable by each present member of the Exchange. Applications may be made at the office of the Exchange, during 'Change hours, or to
A. E. ORR,
FRANKLIN EDSON,
EDGAR HYATT,
Special Committee New-York Produce Exchange.

☞ ST. LOUIS WATER BONDS.
Six per Cent. Gold. June and December.
We offer the recent issue of
$500,000
At 99 and accrued interest.
JAMESON, SMITH & COTTING,
No. 14 Broad-st.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, April 30, 1872.

The receipts of the principal kinds of produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, pkgs	27	Oil, bbls	50
Bees-wax, pkgs	3	Lard-oil, bbls	50
Cotton, bales	472	Pea-nuts, bags	166
Dried Fruit, pkgs	33	Tallow, pkgs	150
Eggs, bbls	3,309	Cheese, pkgs	242
Flour, bbls	6,950	Butter, pkgs	2,319
Wheat, bushels	3,000	Pork, pkgs	1,366
Corn, bushels	43,200	Beef, pkgs	6
Oats, bushels	16,675	Cut-meats, pkgs	543
Peas, bushels	1,100	Lard, pkgs	109
Malt, bushels	1,500	Lard, kegs	100
Barley, bushels	1,000	Oil-cake, pkgs	205
Meal, bbls	308	Spirits Turp., bbls	54
Meal, bags	360	Resin, bbls	286
B. E. Peas, bags	410	Tar, bbls	153
Beans, bbls	138	Tobacco, pkgs	1,695
Hemp, bales	20	Tobacco, hhds	254
Hops, bales	12	Starch, pkgs	450
Hides, bales	15	Wool, bales	264
Leather, sides	29,523	Whisky, bbls	556
Moss, bales	52		

The export clearances from Baltimore during the week: For Cork, by the Norwegian bark *Galathea*—28,484 bushels Corn....For Bremen, North German steam-ship *Ohio*—679 hhds. Tobacco. 65 hhds. Stems, 42 cases Stems, 84 boxes Stems, 400 casks Alumina, 193 bales Cotton, 60 bbls. Meat, 700 bbls. Syrup, 500 boxes Starch, 300 bags Bark, 4 bales Cotton Duck, 197,086 lbs. Lard, 9,000 Staves.... Rotterdam, North German ship *Duisburg*—1,040 hhds. Tobacco, 150 hhds. Tobacco stems; 148,225 lbs. Tobacco, manufactured; 15 bbls. Beef, 10 bbls. Lard, 26,000 Staves....Matanzas, brig *Agnes Barton*—4,000 Shooks and Heads, 25,000 Hoops, 65 bbls. Potatoes....Rio Janeiro, bark *Aquidneck*—3,600 bbls. Flour, 20,846 lbs. Lard....St. John's, P. R., brig *Geo. Latimer*, 200 bbls. Flour, 40 bbls. Meal, 35 bbls. Pork, 59 bbls. Bread, 24 bbls. Beans, 20 bbls. Tar, 11,500 lbs. Lard, 5,260 lbs. Ham, 2,946 lbs. Pepper, 2,375 lbs. Butter, 1,243 lbs. Cheese, 4,220 lbs. Candles, 2,074 gallons Kerosene, 143 bags Potatoes; 100 dozen Brooms, 1,000 reams Paper, 128 boxes Herrings, 30 tons Coal, 30 coils Rope, 4 cases Oysters, 19,000 feet Lumber, 555 Shooks and Heads, 29 pkgs. Sundries.... Governor's Harbor, schooner *Mary Doane*—85 bbls. Flour, 2 bbls. Meal, 6 bbls. Hominy, 11 bbls. Bread, 25 bbls. Pork, 12 bbls. Beef, 5 bbls. Grits, 20 bushels Corn, 50 lbs. Lard, 420 lbs. Candles, 52 lbs. Ham, 47 gallons Kerosene, 20 reams Paper, 4 bales Hay, 1,520 feet Lumber, 5,000 Shingles, 43 pkgs. Sundries, Ballast.... St. Stephen, British schooner *Dreadnot*—200 tons Coal....Dundalk, Ireland, Swedish brig *Framat*—13,064 bushels Corn.

CANDLES—Have been in limited demand, including Adamantine, (16 ounces,) 19c.@20c.; Paraffine, 25c.@26c.; Sperm, plain, 33c.; Sperm, patent, 43c.@44c.; Stearic, 28c.@29c. ℔ lb.

COAL—Has been slow of sale and weak in price, with Liverpool Gas Cannel quoted at $12; House do., $17; Newcastle Gas, $8 ℔ ton of 2,240 lbs.; Anthracite, $3 75@$5 ℔ ton for cargoes.

COFFEE—There has been some inquiry for desirable lots, on the basis of previous nominal quotations; 4,000 bags Rio, by the *Jenny*, were sold on private terms. The week's receipts of Rio have been 3,246 bags, enlarging the stock in first hands here, as made up by Messrs. WM. SCOTT & SONS, to 192,166 bags, and the total available supply at all the distributing ports to 267,787 bags. We quote cargo prices of Rio nominally thus: Ordinary, 14c.@14¼c.; fair, 14¾c.@15c.; good, 15¼c.@15½c.; prime, 16c.@16¼c., gold, ℔ lb., in bond, 60 and 90 days' credit. We quote: Java at 21c.@22½c.; Maracaibo, 18c.@19½c.; Laguayra, 18c.@19½c.; Rio, in lots, 14c.@16¼c., in bond; Native Ceylon, 18c.@18¼c.; Jamaica, 16½c.@18½c.; Singapore, 18c.@19c.; Costa Rica, 17c.@19c.; Manila, 18c.@19c.; Mexican, 18c.@18½c.; Savanilla, 17c.@19c.; Curacoa, 17c.@18½c.; Porto Rico, 18½c.@19½c.; San Domingo, in bond, 12¾c.@13¼c., gold, ℔ lb.

COTTON—There has been a very light movement reported for early delivery at a reduction of ⅛c. ℔ lb.; sales 263 bales, including 205 bales to spinners and 58 bales to speculators. For forward delivery a fair business has been transacted, but at ⅛c.@3-16c. ℔ lb. off yesterday's quotations; sales, 14,550 bales, (6,650 bales last evening and 7,900 bales today,) basis of Low Middling. The receipts at this port today were 472 bales, including 222 bales per rail, 140 bales from Newberne, and 110 bales from Wilmington. The reported receipts at the shipping ports today were 3,547 bales, and thus far this week, 12,001 bales, against 13,917 bales same time the preceding week. The receipts at all the shipping ports since Sept. 1 have been 2,557,623 bales, against 3,573,175 bales in 1870–71. The following official quotations are based on Cotton running in quality not more than half a grade above or below the grade quoted:

Closing Prices of Cotton in New-York Today.

	Uplands.	Alabama.	N. O.	Texas.
Ordinary	20¼	20⅜	20⅝	20¾
Good Ordinary	22¼	22⅜	22⅝	22¾
Low Middling	23	23⅛	23⅜	23½
Middling	23¾	23⅞	24⅛	24¼
Good Middling	24½	24⅝	24⅞	25

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in reduced stock, and generally held with much confidence, but has shown less animation, buyers having been unwilling to purchase freely at the asking rates. Sales have been made since our last of 8,100 bbls., all told, including inferior to very choice superfine State and Western at $6 50@$7; inferior to very good Extra State at $7 15@$7 50; very good to fancy at $7 50@$8; poor to very good shipping Extra Western at $7 10@$7 40; poor to good shipping brands round-hoop Extra Ohio at $7 50@$7 90; and trade and family Extra at proportionately full rates.

Southern Flour continues scarce and strong in price, on a moderate demand. Sales have been reported since our last of 800 bbls., at $7 15@$8 80 for ordinary to very good, and $8 80@$12 50 for very good to very choice Extra, ℔ bbl. Canada Flour has been in request within the range of from $8 50@$9 50 for Extra. Rye Flour continues in good demand at from $4 15@$5 30 ℔ bbl.; sales, 530 bbls. Corn-meal continues in fair request at from $3 65@$3 90 for White and Yellow Western, $3 65@$3 85 for Jersey, and $3 90@$4 for Brandywine, with lighter offerings reported; sales, 275 bbls.

FRUIT—The demand has been fair for the leading kinds at firm prices; sales, 6,000 boxes Layer Raisins, at $2 65; 300 boxes loose Muscatel do., at $3 15@$3 25 per box; 500 frails Dates, 50 cases Figs and 300 cases Sardines, on private terms; and 20 casks Turkey Prunes, at 9⅛c. ℔ lb.

FIRE-CRACKERS—Sales, 3,000 boxes, at $2 42½, currency, ℔ box.

GRAIN—The offerings of Wheat have been more liberal, and prices have been quoted off about 2c. a bushel, leading to rather more activity in Winter Red and Amber, and in Spring, particularly in No. 2 Milwaukee and Chicago Spring, which attracted most attention at the modified figures in good part from export buyers. Sales have been reported since our last of 112,000 bushels at $1 92½ for prime amber Michigan, in store; $1 85 for prime red Western, afloat; $1 82@$1 90 for small lots of red and amber, and $1 90@$2 05 for small lots of White Western; $1 68 for choice No. 1 Spring, in store, (small parcels,); $1 64½@$1 65 for prime No. 2 Milwaukee, delivered; $1 64 for choice do., called No. 1, in store; $1 60@$1 61 for good to prime No. 2 Chicago Spring, in store; $1 62½@$1 63½ for do. do., afloat; $1 61 for poor do., afloat......Corn has been in better supply for prompt and early delivery, and though the demand has been good, partly for export, prices have been quoted off again 1½c.@2c. a bushel, closing heavily. Sales have been reported since our last of 98,000 bushels (part for forward delivery) at 74c.@75½c. for ordinary to choice new Mixed Western, delivered, closing weak at 74c. for straight shipping lots; 75c.@76½c. for White Western and Southern; 74c. for new Mixed and Yellow Western, to arrive soon, and 72c. for do., deliverable first half of May, 70c. for do., June delivery, (at which 25,000 bushels were sold late yesterday,) and 75c.@76½c. for Yellow Western and Southern....Rye has been firmly held, though less active. The offerings of prime samples have been limited; 5,000 bushels prime Western, in store, changed hands at 94c. ℔ bushel....Barley has been in moderate demand at steady prices for prime samples, but at weaker and irregular figures for the poorer grades, particularly of State. Sales have been reported since our last, of 11,000 bushels two-rowed State at 67½c. in store, and 72½c., delivered....Barley malt, dull and irregular.... Oats have been actively sought after and quoted stronger in price. Sales have been reported since our last of 113,000 bushels at 54c. for Mixed Western, afloat; 52½c.@53c. for do., in store; 54c. for Mixed State, afloat; 55c.@57c. for White Western, the latter for extra choice, and 54½c. for White Western, in store.

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—Bags have been very quiet at 16c.@17c. Bagging dull at 15c.@15½c., and Domestic do. at 16½c. Stock here includes 5,400 bales Bags and 11,600 bales Bagging; at Boston, 3,200 bales Bags and 9,800 bales Bagging.

HAY—Bale Hay has been in light stock and more urgent demand at buoyant prices, ranging from $1 45@$1 55 for shipping, and $1 55@$1 85 for local use, ℔ 100 lbs. Clover Hay, 95c.@$1 10. Straw has been in demand at from 55c.@$1 15 for the range of quality, Short and Long, ℔ 100 lbs.

HEMP—Has been generally quiet at former quotations; sales 500 bales Jute Butts at 3½c.@3¾c., currency, and 400 bales do., to arrive, at 3c., gold, ℔ lb. The stock of foreign here includes, according to Messrs. Henry H. Crocker & Co., 11,076 bales Manila, 13,500 bales Jute, and 20,800 bales Jute Butts; and at Boston, 6,730 bales Manila, 620 bales Jute and 14,100 bales Jute Butts.

METALS—The offerings of Pig-iron continue light, and values more or less nominal, though quoted about as before, for prompt delivery; 225 tons Nos. 1 and 2 American sold on private terms. Wrought Scrap iron has been quiet, but quoted steady at $64@$65, with sales reported of 100 tons from dock on private terms. Iron Rails have been in moderate demand at about previous figures with sales reported of 300 tons Double-headed, and 455 tons do. do. on private terms....Foreign Lead has been more sought after and quoted stronger in price, on the basis of 6⅛c.@6⅜c., gold, for ordinary; sales, 100 tons on private terms....Spelter has been inactive at unchanged quotations....Pig-tin has been dull and heavy, with Straits quoted down to 40c., gold. Tin Plates have been held with confidence, on a moderate inquiry, with sales reported of 1,000 boxes assorted Charcoal at $13 75, and 2,000 boxes Charcoal Terne, part to arrive, mainly 1-5th X, at $12@$12 25, gold, ℔ box....Musselman Zinc sold to the extent of 10 casks at 9⅛c., gold, ℔ lb....Copper, in less request and irregular as to price.

MOLASSES—Has been quiet but held with confidence, particularly the better qualities, which have been in light supply; sales, 82 hhds. low grade Porto Rico at 34c., and 165 bbls. New-Orleans at 57c.@73c., the latter for fancy quality. We quote new crop thus: Porto Rico at 35c.@62½c.; Cuba, 33c.@38c.; English Islands, 25c.@35c., and New-Orleans, 40c.@73c. ℔ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Resin has been quiet since our last on the basis of $3 80@$3 85 for Strained; sales 500 bbls. at $3 80; also, 100 bbls. Black at $3@$3 50; 150 bbls. do., to arrive, at $2 50@$3; 462 bbls. No. 1 at $6, and 250 bbls. Pale at $6@$7, ℔ 280 lbs....Tar inactive at unaltered prices; 50 bbls. Washington at $3 25 ℔ bbl....Spirits Turpentine in better demand and decidedly firmer, closing on the basis of 59c. ℔ gallon; sales 90 bbls. at 58c.@59c. Stocks in yards include 17,807 bbls. Resin, 4,329 bbls. Tar, 2,924 bbls. Spirits Turpentine, and 250 bbls. Crude do.

OILS—There has been rather more call for Crude Sperm at firmer prices; sales, 500 bbls. at New-Bedford on private terms. Crude Whale has been in demand and held with firmness; sales at New-Bedford, 260 bbls. Northern, 93 bbls. South Sea and 290 bbls. Humpback to manufacturers on private terms. Manufactured Whale and Sperm quiet within our previous range. Linseed in good request and held with increasing confidence. Lard, Menhaden and Cotton-seed Oils moderately sought after within our previous range. We quote: Crude Whale at 75c.; Bleached Whale at 82c.@84c.; Crude Sperm at $1 62@$1 63; Unbleached Sperm at $1 75@$1 78; Bleached at $1 80@$1 82½; Lard-oil, Fall and Winter, at 70c.@73c.; Red Oil, 47½c.@48c.; do. Saponified, 53½c.; Linseed-oil at 81c.@82c., in job lots, in casks; Olive-oil at $1 35@$1 37½, in cks.; Menhaden at 62c.@66c.; Extra Refined Seal at 72½c.; Crude Cotton-seed Oil at 51½c.@52½c.; Yellow, 57½c.@65c.; White, 65c.@70c., ℔ gallon; Palm-oil, 8c.@8¼c.

PETROLEUM—Holders have been generally firm in their views, and the offerings of oil have been comparatively limited, but the demand has been less confident for all descriptions....Refined has been quoted steadier as to price, though quiet, here, at 23½c. for Standard White, early delivery, at which rate 2,000 bbls. were sold....At Philadelphia, the quotations were 22½c.@22¾c. for early delivery, with sales reported of 4,000 bbls., chiefly at 22½c. ℔ gallon. ...Refined Oil, in cases, dull at 28c.@28½c....Crude quiet, but held firmly at 12½c. for bulk, and 16½c. ℔ gallon, for shipping lots; sales, 1,500 bbls., in bulk, on private terms....Naphtha dull within the range of 11c.@11½c. for shipping lots.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been depressed, lower and irregular, on freer offerings, and a restricted inquiry. Sales have been reported of 600 bbls., at $13 65@$13 75 for New Western Mess, chiefly at $13 65, closing at the latter rate, check May 1; $13@$13 50 (nominally) for Prime Mess, and $11@$11 25 for Extra Prime, ℔ bbl. For forward delivery the demand has been limited, at easier rates. Sales were reported of only 250 bbls., seller August, at $14 25....City Dressed Hogs have been inactive at 6c.@6¾c. ℔ lb....Cut-meats continue in good demand at from 9c.@10c. for Dry-salted and Sweet-pickled Hams, and 5¾c.@6c. for Shoulders, and 7¾c.@8¼c., chiefly at 8c., for Bellies, ℔ lb. The reported sales since our last are equal to 300 pkgs., chiefly Hams, within the range; also, 100 boxes Staffordshire Hams, for future delivery, at 9¾c.; 600 boxes Dry-salted Shoulders, Chicago delivery, at 4¾c.@4⅞c.; 500 boxes do., Milwaukee delivery, at 5c., and 250 boxes do., Cincinnati delivery, at 5c....Bacon has been in fair request at about previous quotations, with sales reported of 950 boxes at 8½c. for Short Clear, 7⅛c., in part, for Long Clear, 7¾c. for Short Rib, and 7c. for Cumberland....Lard has been quoted a shade cheaper on freer offerings, but has been without remarkable activity at the modified figures. Sales have been reported of 1,325 tcs. and bbls. for early delivery at 8¾c.@9⅛c., for No. 1 to choice Steam and Kettle-rendered, closing weak at 9⅛c.@9⅜c. for prime to choice Western Steam; 9⅜c. for prime City Steam and Kettle; 8¾c.@9c. for No. 1, and 9⅛c.@9⅝c. for Refined. For forward delivery there has been a moderate inquiry noted at reduced prices, with sales reported of 3,000 tcs. prime Western Steam, including 2,500 tcs., seller May, at 9⅜c., and 500 tcs., seller June, at 9½c.@9⅝c. ....Beef has been in fair request and steady from $7 50@$10 for Mess, and $10@$12 50 for Extra Mess; sales, 225 bbls. Tierce Beef has been very dull at from $12@$18 for new Prime Mess, $17@21 for India Mess, and $22@$24 for City Extra do., ℔ tierce; sales, 75 tcs. Beef Hams continue in fair demand at $22@$27 as the extremes; sales, 125 bbls.

SALT—Has been in rather better request at uniform quotations, including Turk's Island, 40c.@42½c.; Liverpool Ground, $1 40@$1 50; Liverpool Fine at $2 10@$3 25 ℔ sack, from store; Syracuse at $1 25; Burlaps at $1 25; Factory Filled at $2 15@$2 25; Bulk at 35c.@38c.; Coarse at 45c.

SALTPETRE—Has been quite dull at 10c.@10½c., gold, ℔ lb. Stock here, 2,000 bags, and at Boston, 2,000 bags.

SEEDS—Have been generally quiet, but steady; stock of Linseed here, as made up by Messrs. HENRY H. CROCKER & CO., 40,800 bags Calcutta; at Boston, 26,500 bales Calcutta, and 9,975 bales Bombay.

SOAP—Has been in moderate jobbing demand, including Castile at 11½c.@11¾c., Colgate's Pale, 7¾c.; Family, 8¾c., and No. 1, 6¼c. ℔ lb.

SPICES—Have been in request at steady rates, including No. 1 Nutmegs at 95c.@96c.; Mace, $1 22½@$1 25; Cassia, 29c.@30c.; White Pepper, 38c.; East India Pepper at 17½c.@18½c.; Ginger, 10½c.@11½c.; Pimento at 11c.; Cloves, 15½c.@16c., gold, ℔ lb.

SUGARS—Raw have been offered quite moderately and holders have been insisting on the full advance of ⅛c. ℔ lb., mentioned in our last, checking business, though the demand has been fair, mostly for refining stock. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 1,343 hhds. and 200 boxes, including 920 hhds. fair to good refining Cuba at 8½c.@8⅝c., chiefly at 8⅝c.@8¾c.; 72 hhds. good refining Porto Rico, at 8⅝c.; 180 hhds. Trinidad, P. S., at 8¾c.; 171 hhds. Centrifugal at 9 7-16c.; and 200 boxes Havana at 8⅝c.@9⅛c. ℔ lb. We quote: Fair refining Cuba at 8½c.@8⅝c.; good do. at 8⅝c.; prime do. at 9c.; refining Porto Rico, common to prime, at 8½c.@9c.; grocery grades Porto Rico, fair to strictly choice, 9c.@10c. ℔ lb.; No. 12 Clayed Box Sugar at 9⅛c.; Manila, in bags, 7½c.@8⅜c. for superior to extra superior. Refined Sugars continue in good demand at 10½c.@12¼c., at the extremes, ℔ lb.

TALLOW, &c.—Prime Tallow has been in good demand and firmer in price; sales have been reported of 271,000 lbs. Tallow at 9c.@9⅛c. for ordinary to prime, and 9¼c. for choice, chiefly at 9⅛c. for prime, ℔ lb. Also, 170 pkgs. Stearine at 9⅜c.@9⅝c., and 90 pkgs. Grease at 7⅜c.@8⅛c., ℔ lb.

TOBACCO—Has been in moderate demand, since our last, at unchanged prices; sales, 250 hhds. Kentucky, at 8c.@14c.; 100 cases Massachusetts Fillers and Seconds, on private terms; 124 cases new crop New-York, at 10c.@11c.; 118 cases Pennsylvania, at 17c.; 1,181 cases Ohio, at 9½c.@14c.; 176 cases Wisconsin, at 9c.@9⅜c.; 100 cases old crop Sundries, at 20c.@40c.; and 250 bales Havana, at 95c.@$1 15 ℔ lb.

WHISKY—Has been in moderate request and less firm in price, with sales reported of 180 bbls., in lots, at 91c., and some lots rumored placed as low as 90½c. ℔ gallon.

FREIGHTS—There has been more inquiry for berth room, chiefly for Grain and Provisions, with rates quoted about steady. The chartering business has been less active, but rates have been essentially unaltered. The main call has been for vessels for the Petroleum and Grain trades. Vessels for the Tobacco trade have been in some request at steady figures. ....For Liverpool, the reported engagements since our last have been, by sail, 50 tons Cherry Wood and 78 Mowing-machines on private terms; and by steam, 46,000 bushels Grain at 4d. ℔ bushel; 400 bbls. Resin at 1s. 6d. ℔ 280 lbs.; 200 boxes Extract Logwood and 200 boxes Cheese at 20s.; 350 boxes Bacon at 15s....For London, by steam, 39,000 bushels Grain at 5d ℔ bushel; 150 tcs. Beef at 4s. 6d.; 300 tcs. Pork at 4s. 6d. ℔ tierce; 100 bbls. Pork at 3s. 3d. ℔ bbl.; 100 boxes Bacon and 100 boxes Extract of Logwood at 25s.; a small quantity of Bees-wax at 35s. ℔ ton; 200 bales Hops at ⅜d. ℔ lb....For Bristol, by sail, 50 hhds. Tallow on private terms....For Glasgow, by steam, 9,000 bushels Grain, at 4d. ℔ bushel....For the British Channel and orders, a British brig, 288 tons, and an Austrian schooner, 257 tons, with general cargo, reported from Bahia, at 55s.; a Swedish brig, 248 tons, with do. from do., at 52s. 6d.; a British schooner, 237 tons, with do. from do., at 45s....For the United Kingdom, direct, a British bark, 582 tons, with equal to about 4,000 quarters Grain, reported from Philadelphia, on private terms....For Cork and orders, United Kingdom, a Norwegian bark, 399 tons, with equal to about 2,600 quarters Grain, reported, from Baltimore, at 6s. 3d., or, if direct, 3d. off. A Danish brig, 213 tons, with equal to about 1,400 quarters do., from do., at 6s. 6d. ℔ quarter; and a British bark, 513 tons, with a full cargo of Wheat, reported from San Francisco on private terms....For an Irish port, direct, a British bark, 710 tons, (now at an Eastern port,) reported with equal to 4,800 quarters Grain from Baltimore at 5s.9d....For Havre, by steam, 197 bbls. Potashes at $9; 250 tcs. Lard, and 800 boxes Bacon at ⅜c.; 1,000 bbls. Pork at $1 25....For Bremen, or Hamburg, a British schr., 157 tons, and two German schrs., 260 and 110 tons, respectively, with Tobacco, reported, from Bahia, at 55s....For Cronstadt, a Prussian bark, with 3,500 bbls. Petroleum, from Philadelphia, reported at 5s....For the Baltic, a Norwegian bark, 498 tons, hence with about 2,800 bbls. Refined Petroleum at 4s. 3d.; also, a German bark, 440 tons, with 2,900 bbls. do., reported at 4s. 6d. and 4s. 10½d., according to lay days....For Marseilles, a British bark, 369 tons, with Tobacco, reported from Bahia, at 50s....For Callao, an American ship, 1,080 tons, with Lumber, from Puget's Sound, at $28.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

ST. LOUIS, April 30.—FLOUR in good demand; choice has an advancing tendency; Winter Double Extra, $7 10@$7 50; Treble Extra, $7 80@$8 50; Family, $8 75@$9 75. WHEAT nominally higher; No. 2 Spring salable at $1 45; No. 2 Red Winter salable at $2 10; no inspections on the market and business very light. CORN active and higher; No. 2 Mixed 46c.@46½c. OATS active and higher; No. 2 at 42c. BARLEY—Nothing doing. RYE firm at 82c.@83c. WHISKY lower, at 84c.@84½c. PORK—Demand light and holders firm, small lots at $12 75@$13. Dry-salted MEATS firm; loose Shoulders, at Keokuk, 4⅜c.; Clear-rib here, 6⅜c.; Clear Sides, 6¾c. BACON—Sides firm, 7⅜c.; Clear Sides, 7¾c. Sugar-cured HAMS 11½c.@12¾c. LARD firm; sales, Steam-rendered at 8⅝c.; City Steam held at 8¾c. HOGS quiet at $3 75@$4 40. CATTLE unchanged, at $3 50@$6 75. RECEIPTS—4,000 bbls. Flour, 17,000 bushels Wheat, 20,000 bushels Corn, 4,000 bushels Oats, 5,000 bushels Barley.

CHICAGO, April 30.—FLOUR quiet but firm; sales of Extra Spring at $7 10@$7 75. WHEAT quiet and easier at $1 35 for No. 2 Spring. CORN advanced 11-16c.; No. 2 mixed sold at 42⅛c. OATS firm at 34⅞c. for No. 2. RYE strong and steady at 77⅛c. for No. 2. BARLEY neglected and firm at 57c.@57½c. for No. 2 Spring. PORK lower at $12 47½@$12 50. LARD lower at $8 65@$8 70. Bulk MEATS steady and unchanged at 4⅛c. for Shoulders, 6⅛c. for Clear Rib Sides, 7⅛c. for Clear Sides, loose. HAMS in pickled sold at 8c.@9½c. HIGHWINES slow at 84c. Live HOGS active and a shade firmer at $4 20@$4 45. CATTLE dull at $4@$6 50. RECEIPTS—6,000 bbls. Flour, 23,000 bushels Wheat, 117,000 bushels Corn, 16,000 bushels Oats, 1,000 bushels Barley and 9,000 Hogs. SHIPMENTS—4,000 bbls. Flour, 4,000 bushels Wheat, 601,000 bushels Corn, 6,000 bushels Oats, 2,000 bushels Barley and 6,000 Hogs.

TOLEDO, April 30.—FLOUR firm. WHEAT active and higher; advanced 2c.@4c., closing weak; sales of Amber Michigan at $1 78@$1 80½; No. 2 Red, $1 70¼@$1 71¼. CORN quiet and unchanged at 51½c. for High Mixed; 51c.@51½c. for Low Mixed; 51¾c. for Yellow; 51½c. for Michigan; 54½c. for White; 48c. for no grade. OATS quiet and unchanged at 41c.@41½c. for No. 2; 42c.@42½c. for Michigan. FREIGHTS dull. PORK sold at $12 50. LARD sold at 8c. RECEIPTS—1,000 bbls. Flour, 4,000 bushels Wheat, 15,000 bushels Corn, 6,000 bushels Oats. SHIPMENTS—1,000 bbls. Flour, 8,000 bushels Wheat, 49,000 bushels Corn, 3,000 bushels Oats.

BUFFALO, N.Y., April 30.—Railroad SHIPMENTS—2,000 bushels Wheat, 4,000 bushels Corn. FLOUR firm and in good demand; sales of 800 bbls. at a range. WHEAT firm; offerings light; sales of 11 cars No. 2 Milwaukee and Chicago at $1 55; 3 cars No. 2 Chicago on private terms. CORN—Market bare; 2 cars sold at 64c.@65c., in store. OATS steady and in light request; no sales reported. RYE quiet; sales, 400 bushels at 89c.; held at 90c. at close. BARLEY neglected. SEEDS quiet; sales of 400 bushels Timothy at $2 90@$3; 100 bushels medium Clover at $5 75; 50 bushels large do. at $8. PORK firm; small sales at $13 50. LARD firm at 9½c. HIGHWINES nominal.

WATERTOWN, Mass., April 30.—Beef CATTLE—Receipts, 429 head; dealers were less anxious to purchase, though prices remain very much the same as last week; sales, Choice at $10@$10 50; Extra, $9@$9 75; First Quality, $7 50@$8 50; Second Quality, $6 25@$7; Third Quality, $5 25@$6. SHEEP and LAMBS—Receipts, 2,165 head; sheep sold rather slowly, and the advance of last week is lost; best lots of Spring Lambs sold high; sales, in lots, at $4 75@$6 75 each for Sheep; Extra, $8@$10 75; Spring Lambs, $6@$11 ℔ head.

NEW-ORLEANS, April 30.—COTTON in moderate demand and firm; Middlings, 23⅛c.; net receipts, 1,634 bales; gross, 1,780 bales; exports, to Liverpool, 304 bales; to Cronstadt, 1,222 bales; coastwise, 42 bales; sales, 1,200 bales; stock, 96,706 bales.

GALVESTON, April 30.—COTTON steady; good Ordinary, 20⅛c.@20¼c.; net receipts, 107 bales; sales, 950 bales; stock, 10,663 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, April 30—11½ A. M.—Consols opened at 93⅞ for both money and the account. United States 5-20 Bonds, 1862s, 90⅛; 1865s, old, 91⅛; 1867s, 93⅛; 10-40s, 89⅛.

1½ P. M.—Consols, for money, 93¼; for the account, 93⅜.

5 P. M.—Consols closed at 93⅛ for both money and the account. United States 5-20 Bonds, 1862s, 90⅛; 1865s, old, 91⅛; 1867s, 93⅛; 10-40s, 89⅛.

PARIS, April 30—P. M.—Rentes closed at 54f. 45c.

LIVERPOOL, April 30—11 A. M.—COTTON—The market opened steady; Middling Uplands, 11d.; Middling Orleans, 11¼d.@11⅜d. The sales of the day are estimated at 10,000 bales. The shipments of Cotton from Bombay since the last report to the 29th inst. have been 34,000 bales. BREADSTUFFS—The receipts of Wheat for the past three days have been 12,000 quarters, including 3,000 American.

1½ P. M.—COTTON—The market is firm. The sales of the day are still estimated at 10,000 bales, including 2,000 for export and speculation. BREADSTUFFS—The market is quiet. Wheat, 11s. 1d.@11s. 5d. ℔ cental for Red Western Spring.

2½ P. M.—COTTON—The market closed unchanged. The sales of the day have been 10,000 bales, including 2,000 for export and speculation.

5 P. M.—The market for YARNS and FABRICS at Manchester is dull. PROVISIONS—Cheese, 65s. ℔ cwt. for the best grades of American fine. PRODUCE—Refined Petroleum, 16¾d.@17¼d. ℔ gallon.

LONDON, April 30—TALLOW, 54s. ℔ cwt. for Russian. Evening.—Spirits TURPENTINE, 49s. ℔ cwt.

ANTWERP, April 30.—PETROLEUM, 42f. ℔ bbl. for Fine Pale American.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

COURT OF APPEALS CALENDAR—ALBANY, N. Y. April 30.—The following is the Court of Appeals Calendar for May 1, 1872: Nos. 209, 266, 284, 140, 88, 160, 72½, 287.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—Held by Brady, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.—Calendar called at 12 M.—105, Malcolm vs. Allen; 142, Corper vs. Ambler et al.; 143, In the matter of the arbitration of James E. Croley vs. Mary A. Smith; 166, Enright vs. Enright; 181, In the matter of the petition of Edward F. Weeks; 188, Hildreth vs. Shepard; 189, Callahan vs. O'Rourke; 192, Schoonmaker et al. vs. Dillon; 194, Lodwick vs. Ford et al.; 200, Porter vs. Waring.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM—Part 1.—Held by Curtis, J.—Court opens and Calendar called at 10 A. M.—8799, Mahony vs. Quinn; 8870, Love vs. Baruth; 8956, Michels vs. Bieling; 8957, Murphy vs. Mathews; 8958, Ashman vs. Boas; 8960, Sheppard vs. Waver; 8962, Hendrickson vs. Hart; 8964, Finlay vs. White; 8965, Boletho vs. Lewis; 8968, Shay vs. Jenkins; 8971, Marshuetz vs. Schwartz; 8972, Fischer vs. Raffle; 8973, Johnson vs. Gray; 8974, Nauman vs. Meirs; 8975, Taylor vs. Isaacs; 8976, Smith vs. Totten; 8977, Gleason vs. Tallmadge; 8978, Wahrenberger vs. Steinfeld; 8979, Meyers vs. Vincent; 8980, Rabe vs. Klein; 8981, O'Dell vs. Stevenson; 8982, Davis vs. Lardman; 8983, Reed vs. Lawson; 8984, Holland vs. Walsh; 8986, Hart vs. Lasak; 8987, Wallack vs. Ledeker.

DECISIONS.

COURT OF APPEALS.

In the Court of Appeals today the following decisions were handed down:

Judgments affirmed with costs—Austin vs. Goodrich; Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company vs. Carpenter; Carver vs. Bonner; Vose vs. Cowdrey; The Pioneer Paper Company vs. Buchanan; Kelly, Sheriff, vs. Babcock; Wiggins vs. McCleary.

Judgments reversed, new trials granted, costs to abide events—Poucher vs. New-York Central Railroad Company; Commercial Bank of Kentucky vs. Varnum; Weaver vs. Barden; McCormick vs. Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company; Taussig vs. Hoyt.

Order affirmed with costs—Settle vs. Van Evera.

Motion denied, with $10 costs—Read vs. President, &c., of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company.

Judgment affirmed as to Julius Candee, with costs, and reversed as to Wm. B. Candee, and new trial granted as against him; costs to abide the event—Wetmore vs. Candee.

Judgement of the Supreme Court and decree of the Surrogate reversed, without costs and proceedings remitted—Morgan vs. Haunas.

This Court will take a recess from Friday, the 3d of May, until the 21st of May.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—APRIL 30.

By Judge Brady.

Zeiger et al. vs. Williams et al.; Allen vs. Kingman; Posner vs. Weinteld; Russell vs. Lynch; orders granted.

Havemeyer vs. Havemeyer Gold and Silver Mining Company; application denied.

Walker vs. Walker Gold and Silver Mining Company; application denied.

Levy vs. Hughes; order settled.

By Judge Barrett.

The people ex rel. Robert Bonynge vs. Andrew H. Green et al., constituting the Board of Apportionment; order for writ of mandamus granted.

Arctic Fire Insurance Company vs. Jeremiah Austin; surety opposed.

Michling vs. Jacob Seidel; application denied, &c.

In the matter of the guardianship of Henry L. Carman; the security is insufficient, both as to the amount of the penalty and as to the amount which the proposed sureties justify.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—APRIL 30.

By Judge McCunn.

Vernon K. Stevenson vs. James K. Spratt et al.; judgment for plaintiff.

Mary M. Hall vs. Stephen D. Hall; on the report of the referee let a decree be entered.

Frederick Koeller et al. vs. John Roeder et al.; motion for distribution of the fund granted, let Murray Hoffman be appointed referee to carry out such distribution.

Margaretta Tweed vs. Richard L. Tweed; Let an order of reference be entered on the within case, referring the case to C. A. Runkle, Esq.

By Judge Monell.

Henry J. Smith vs. James G. Tigh &c.; motion granted with leave to amend. See opinion with clerk.

Charles A. Davidson vs. John P. Parks; judgment for plaintiff for amount claimed. See opinion with clerk.

Charles C. Spranglee vs. Augustus Peach; motion granted.

Rachel Feurth vs. William A. Denna; default taken.

Adon Smith vs. Jesse M. Baker; order granted.

Martin E. Deegan vs. Rosalie Bleecker; motion denied, with $10 costs.

By Chief Justice Barbour.

Edward Muller et al. vs. William P. Earle et al.; case settled with amendments.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—APRIL 30.

By Judge Loew.

Gallagher vs. Johnson; motion for leave to serve amended answer granted. See memorandum for counsel.

Watson vs. Stapleton; motion denied and stay vacated.

Secor vs. Sevan; see memorandum for counsel.

A Wall-Street Rumor.

The Stock market was not marked by any feature of interest yesterday, prices being lower generally. A rumor that was current some time ago was revived yesterday and on the day before, and was to the effect that the Western Union Telegraph Company is about buying out the Pacific and Atlantic line, and afterward raising their tolls. The report was probably started by those anxious to "bull" the stock of the Western Union Telegraph Company, which is already at a figure thought to be more than the stock is really worth, according to the judgment of an authority in such matters. The report has not yet sent the stock up much; yesterday afternoon it was quoted at 76⅞.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOSEPH W. ROBB, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Joseph W. Robb, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 28th day of May, 1872, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the office of James F. Dwight, Esq., one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at the office of said register, No. 7 Beekman-street, corner of Nassau-street, Rooms Nos. 3 and 4, in the City of York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted, and the said bankrupt discharged from his debts accordingly.—Dated New-York, on the — day of April, 1872. GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk. my1-law3wW*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the District of New-Jersey.—In the matter of BENJAMIN F. MEAD and RALPH A. MEAD, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern.—This is to give notice that the third and final general meeting of the creditors of the above-named bankrupts will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 661 Broad-street, in the City of Newark, in said district, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1872, at 2 o'clock P. M., before S. S. Morris, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy in the said District, pursuant to an order of the said Court, for the purposes mentioned in the twenty-seventh and twenty-eighth sections of the Bankrupt act of March 2, 1867; that I have filed my final accounts as assignee of the estate of said bankrupts with the said Register, and that at said meeting I shall apply to the Court for a settlement of my said accounts, and for a discharge from all liability as assignee aforesaid, in accordance with the provisions of the said twenty-eighth section.—Dated at Newark, N. J., this 27th day of April, 1872. E. N. MILLER, Assignee, No. 782 Broad-street.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of CHARLES FRANK, ISIDOR FRANK and LOUIS P. FRANK, bankrupts.—Notice is hereby given that a second general meeting of the creditors of the above-named bankrupts will be held at No. 44 Wall-street, New-York City, in said District, on the 15th day of May, 1872, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the office of John Fitch, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy, in said district, for the purposes named in the twenty-seventh section of the Bankrupt act of March 2, 1867. CHARLES VAUNIER, Assignee. A. Blumenstell, attorney for assignee, No. 320 Broadway.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of HENRY S. LESZYNSKY, bankrupt.—Whereas, by an order of this Court it is referred to Edgar Ketchum, Esq., the Register in charge of this case, to take testimony and hear proofs, on petition of assignee for authority to compromise a debt due to this estate from Robert McCurdy; and take notice that a hearing in said matter will be had before said Register, at his office, Nos. 12 and 14 John-street, in the City of New-York, on the 11th day of May, 1872, at 2 o'clock P. M., when and where all persons interested may attend and be heard in the premises.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK, ss.—At the City of New-York, the 15th day of February, A.D. 1872.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of ADAM W. TURNBULL and P. P. TURNBULL, lately doing business in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, in said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts on creditors' petition by the District Court of said district.
DANIEL B. HALSTEAD, Assignee.
ap17-law3wW*

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Manufacturer of DELANEY'S PATENT WIRE CUSHIONS, No. 40 Vesey-st., New-York. Tables, balls, cues, tips, chalk. Lowest market prices. Old tables cut down. Orders by mail attended to.

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Superior in quality and below the prices of any other establishment; families, hotels, restaurants, church entertainments and the trade supplied. Depots, Nos. 365 4th-av. and 1,264 Broadway.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE NATIONAL COMPOSITE PAVING COMPANY—Will contract to lay Eagan's Improved Macadam Pavement in any city or place in the United States, contracts taken to make sidewalks, line cellars, lay sea-walls and abutments for bridges, and also, to furnish roofing and drain, gas, water and sewer pipes. Rights to use this patent will be sold. Address SAMUEL N. PIKE, President, No. 78 Broad-st., New-York.

NOTICE.—ANY ONE WISHING TO ADOPT a female infant can do so by directing a note to Mrs. DUNHAM, Harlem Post-office, Station L.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

HURD & HOUGHTON, New-York; THE RIVERSIDE PRESS, Cambridge,

Announce for immediate publication the following books:

SHAIRP'S STUDIES IN POETRY AND PHILOSOPHY.

STUDIES IN POETRY AND PHILOSOPHY. By J. C. SHAIRP, Principal of the United Colleges of St. Salvator and St. Leonard, St. Andrews; author of "Culture and Religion, in some of their Relations." Reprinted from the latest Edinburgh edition, revised, with a new preface. 1 vol., 16mo, red cloth, uniform with "Culture and Religion," pp. 420, $1 50.

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DIVIDENDS.

No. 12 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, April 15, 1872.

THE QUARTERLY GOLD COUPON maturing May 1 on the First Mortgage Eight Per Cent. Gold Sinking Fund Bonds of the LOGANSPORT, CRAWFORDSVILLE AND SOUTHWESTERN RAILWAY of Indiana, will be paid on and after that date at our office.
JONES & SCHUYLER, Financial Agents of the Company.

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.

The Coupons of the Central Division First Mortgage Railroad and Land Grant Bonds and of the Second Mortgage Railroad and Land Grant Bonds of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company, due May 1, 1872, will be paid in Gold Coin at the National Shoe and Leather Bank, New-York, or at the Treasurer's office, No. 7 City Exchange, Devonshire-st., Boston.
WM. A. HAYES, Treasurer.
APRIL, 1872.

NEW-YORK AND BOSTON RAILROAD COMPANY.

Coupons of the first mortgage seven per cent. gold bonds of the New-York and Boston Railroad Company, due May 1, 1872, will be payable on and after that date at office of said Company, No. 229 Broadway, New-York.
A. MCKINNEY, Treasurer.
NEW-YORK, April 25, 1872.

OFFICE OF THE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 54 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, April 18, 1872.

THE COUPONS AND REGISTERED Interest of the FIRST MORTGAGE SIX PER CENT. BONDS of the CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILROAD COMPANY, due May 1, 1872, will be paid on and after that date, at the office of Messrs. Fisk & Hatch, No. 5 Nassau-st., New-York.

Schedules of twenty or more coupons may be presented on and after the 20th instant, for which checks will be ready May 1.

The transfer-books for bonds, registered coupons detached, will be closed April 29 and reopened May 2.
C. P. HUNTINGTON, President.

THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, April 19, 1872.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT., free of taxes, has been declared on the capital of this bank, payable on and after May 1.

The transfer-books will be closed from this date and reopen on the 2d of May. E. WILSON, Cashier.

UNION NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, NEW-YORK, April 23, 1872.

DIVIDEND.—A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER cent., free of taxes, has been declared by this bank, from the earnings of the last six months, payable on the 1st day of May next.
JAMES M. LEWIS, Cashier.

THE NATIONAL MECHANICS' BANKING ASSOCIATION OF NEW-YORK, NEW-YORK, April 16, 1872.

THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS have this day declared a Dividend of Four (4) per Cent., free of all taxes, payable to stockholders on and after the 1st day of May next.

The transfer-books will be closed from the 20th inst. to May 1. M. F. READING, Cashier.

OFFICE OF DRAKE BROTHERS, BANKERS AND STOCK BROKERS, NO. 16 BROAD-ST., NEW-YORK, April 24, 1872.

PORT HURON AND LAKE MICHIGAN RAILROAD COMPANY.—Coupons due May 1, 1872, will be paid on and after that date, at the office of DRAKE BROTHERS, Nos. 64 and 66 Broadway.

NOTICE.—PITTSBURG, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY COMPANY will pay all coupons due and at maturity of the first mortgage bonds of STEUBENVILLE AND INDIANA RAILROAD COMPANY on and after the 1st of May next, at the office of the New-Jersey Railroad and Transportation Company, No. 57 Broadway, by JEREMIAH WILBUR, Agent.
APRIL 29, 1872.

THE COUPONS OF THE ST. LOUIS AND SOUTH EASTERN RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD BONDS, due May 1, 1872, will be paid on and after that date, free of Government tax, on presentation at the Banking-house of GEORGE OPDYKE & CO., No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York. E. F. WINSLOW, President.
ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 21, 1872.

THE COUPONS OF THE CONVERTIBLE and Second Mortgage 7 per cent. Bonds of the New-York and Oswego Midland Railroad, due May 1, 1872, will be paid on and after that date, free of Government tax, on presentation at the banking-house of GEORGE OPDYKE & CO., No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York. D. C. LITTLEJOHN, President.
OSWEGO, April 18, 1872.

NEW-YORK, April 29, 1872.

NOTICE.—COUPONS OF THE FOLLOWING railroad bonds, due May 1, 1872, will be paid on and after that date, at our office, No. 59 Liberty-st., less Government tax:

Chicago and Alton preferred, first mortgage bonds.

South Georgia and Florida first and second mortgage bonds. M. K. JESUP & CO.

NEW-YORK, April 29, 1872.

THE COUPONS OF THE DENVER Pacific Railway and Telegraph Company, and of the Denver and Boulder Valley Railway Company, due May 1 proximo, will be paid at the office of DREXEL, MORGAN & CO., No. 53 Exchange place, on and after that date.

MECHANICS AND TRADERS NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, April 23, 1872.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock of this Bank has been declared, payable free of all taxes, on and after the 1st day of May next. The Transfer-books will be closed until that date. By order GEO. W. YULE, Cashier.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, STATE TREASURER'S OFFICE, LANSING, April 25, 1872.

THE INTEREST DUE MAY 1, 1872, on the War Bounty Loan Bonds issued by the State of Michigan, will be paid at the Mercantile National Bank, in the City of New-York.
V. P. COLLIER, State Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, NO. 26 EXCHANGE-PLACE, CORNER WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, April 30, 1872.

THE COUPONS OF THE ST. LOUIS AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD COMPANY, due on Nov. 1, 1871, will be paid on presentation at this office. R. G. ROLSTON, President.

No. 53 EXCHANGE-PLACE.

THE COUPONS OF THE DENVER and Rio Grande Railway Company's Bonds, falling due May 1, proximo, will be paid on presentation on and after that date at our office.
DREXEL, MORGAN & CO.

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY, TREASURER'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, April 26, 1872.

THE COUPONS DUE MAY 1ST PROXIMO, on the bonds of this Company, will be paid at the Bank of New-York.
R. H. ROCHESTER, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK STATE LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, No. 119 BROADWAY, April 15, 1872.

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF this Company have declared a dividend of Four per Cent., payable on and after May 1.
F. N. LAWRENCE, Secretary.

PACIFIC BANK, NEW-YORK, April 19, 1872.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a Quarterly Dividend of Four (4) per Cent., free from tax, payable on and after the first day of May. R. BUCK, Cashier.

OFFICE OF PORT ROYAL RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 39 SOUTH-ST., NEW-YORK.

THE COUPONS ON PORT ROYAL Railroad Bonds, due May 1, will be paid at the office of the Company at maturity.
R. H. THAYER, Treasurer.

KANSAS PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY.—The coupons due May 1, from Seven per Cent. Gold Bonds, also coupons from Seven per Cent. Bonds of Leavenworth and Lawrence Branch, will be paid upon presentation at National Bank of Commerce, in New-York.
C. S. GREELEY, Treasurer.

THE COUPONS DUE ON THE 2D MAY, on the consolidated bonds, class A and D, of the Toledo, Peoria and Warsaw Railroad Company, will be paid at the office of the Company, No. 80 Broadway, on and after that date; less Government tax.
JAS. F. SECOR, President.

OFFICE OF LONG ISLAND RAILROAD COMPANY, April 27, 1872.

THE COUPONS OF THE FIRST Mortgage Bonds of this Company, due May 1, will be paid at the office of VERMILYE & CO., Nos. 16 and 18 Nassau-st. O. CHARLICK, President.

FRENCH ADVERTISEMENTS.

UN MONSIEUR ET UNE DAME ESPAgnol, parlant tous deux le français, et étant munis de bons certificats, désireraient tous deux se placer dans la même maison, le monsieur comme cuisinier et la dame comme bonne d'enfant ou femme de chambre. S'adresser au Box No. 205 Bureau du *Times*.

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AT THE GREAT EAST-SIDE ESTABLISHMENT.

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AT E. RIDLEY'S & SON'S, Grand-st., New-York,

The greatest assortment of SILK, MILLINERY, and STRAW GOODS in this City.

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FEATHERS, FLOWERS, REPS, GROS-GRAIN RIBBONS, SASHES, LACES, HATS, BONNETS, &c., &c.

Desirable Scarf Goods can be found here.

Best low-price Kid Gloves in America.

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Nos. 309, 311 and 311½ Grand-st., 62, 64, 66, 68 and 70 Allen-st., fifth block east from the Bowery. Depot of Mme. Demorest's reliable Patterns.

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AU PETIT ST THOMAS,
RUE DE BAC, NOS. 27, 29, 31, 33, 35,
NO. 25 RUE DE L'UNIVERSITE.

This house, established upward of fifty years, is universally known and famed as one of the first establishments in Paris, in which thorough confidence may be placed. In its immense premises, which all foreigners should visit, will be found, at the lowest prices, the most complete assortment of

SILKS, FIRST NOVELTIES
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READY-MADE ARTICLES FOR LADIES,
MANTLES, CLOAKS, FURS,
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GLOVES, RIBBONS, TRIMMINGS, CARPETS,
ARTICLES OF FURNITURE, WEDDING OUTFITS, ENGLISH ASSISTANTS, FIXED PRICES.

RED AND FANCY MATTINGS, RED Check, 25 cents; Bagging, Burlaps, Canvas, Buckrams, Cloths, Cassimeres, Robes, &c.
A. LESTER & CO., No. 103 Chamber-st.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT.—IN the matter of the ASTOR FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—ALBERT C. BAGE against THE ASTOR FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—In pursuance of an order of this Court, made and entered in the above-entitled action and proceeding, bearing date the 20th day of March, A. D. 1872, notice is hereby given to all creditors of the Astor Fire Insurance Company, the above-named corporation, that they are required to exhibit their claims to me, the undersigned, the referee named in said order, at my office at No. 152 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 28th day of September, 1872, and become parties to the above entitled suit; and that in default of such creditors exhibiting their claims as aforesaid they will be precluded from all benefit of the judgment or decree which shall be made in such suit, and from any distribution of the assets of said Company which may be made under such judgment or decree.—Dated New-York, March 26, 1872.
HENRY WILDER ALLEN, Referee.

At a Special Term of the Supreme Court of the State of New-York held at the Chambers thereof in the County Court-house, in the City of New-York, on the 20th day of March, 1872—Present Hon. Albert Cardozo, Justice.—In the matter of the Astor Fire Insurance Company.—Albert C. Bage against the Astor Fire Insurance Company.—On reading and filing the foregoing petition of James Yereance, receiver of the above-named corporation, after hearing Richard C. Fellows, of counsel for said receiver: It is ordered that the said receiver have leave, and he is hereby authorized and directed to pay a dividend of forty per centum of the debts of the above-named corporation which have been ascertained, to those persons who have exhibited their claims as creditors of said Company as prescribed in and by section 79, article 3, chapter 8, title 4, part 3 of the Revised Statutes. It is further ordered that a notice be published in the manner hereinafter directed requiring all the creditors of the said Company to exhibit their claims and become parties to the above entitled suit within six months from the first publication of this order, and in default thereof that they be precluded from all benefit of the judgment or decree which shall be made in such suit and from any distribution of the assets of said Company which may be made under such judgment or decree. And it is further ordered, that said notice and a copy of this order be published once a week for six months in the NEW-YORK TIMES, and commercial newspapers published in the City of New-York. And it is further ordered, that Henry W. Allen, Esq., a counsellor of this Court, be appointed referee for the purposes of this order; that such publication be made under his direction, and all such claims be exhibited to the said referee; that said referee do hear and determine all such claims as may be contested, and that he report to this Court from time to time upon all or any matters referred to him, and said receiver be at liberty to apply to this Court for such further directions as from time to time may be proper. And it is further ordered, that said receiver make further application of the funds remaining in his hands after the payment of said dividend of forty per centum by paying therewith a further dividend to creditors of the said Company at the time and in the manner provided by law.—Indorsed, filed March 21, 1872.
[A copy.] CHAS. E. LOEW, Clerk.
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AT A SPECIAL TERM OF THE SUPREME Court, held at the Court-house in the City of Brooklyn, on the 7th day of March, 1872, present Hon. Jasper W. Gilbert, Justice. ROBERT P. GETTY vs. YONKERS AND NEW-YORK FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—On reading and filing the petition of Richard L. Franklin, receiver in the above-entitled action, and it appearing to this Court to be necessary and proper that the prayer thereof be granted, now, on motion of William P. Dixon, attorney for said receiver, it is hereby ordered and decreed that the said receiver have leave, and he is hereby authorized and directed to pay a dividend of forty (40) cents on the dollar of the debts of the said Yonkers and New-York Insurance Company, which have been ascertained and adjusted, to those persons who have exhibited their claims as creditors of said Company, as prescribed in and by section 79, article 3, chapter 8, title 4, part 3 of the Revised Statutes. And it is further ordered and decreed that a notice be published in the manner hereinafter directed, requiring all the creditors of the said Yonkers and New-York Insurance Company to exhibit their claims, and become parties to the above-entitled suit, within six months from the first publication of this order. And in default thereof that they be precluded from all benefit of the judgment and decree which shall be made therein, and from any distribution which shall be made under said judgment or decree. And it is further ordered that said notice and a copy of this order be published once a week for six months in the New-York *Times* and *Commercial Advertiser*, newspapers published in the City of New-York. And it is further ordered that Charles H. Farnam, a counsellor of this Court, be, and hehereby is, appointed referee for the purposes of this order. That such publication be made under his direction, and all such claims be exhibited to the said referee. That said referee do hear and determine all such claims as may be contested, and that said referee may report to this Court, from time to time, upon all or any matters referred to him; and that said receiver be at liberty to apply to this Court for such further directions, from time to time, as may be proper.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE YONKERS AND NEW-YORK INSURANCE COMPANY.—To all whom it may concern: New-York Supreme Court, Westchester County.—Robert P. Getty against Yonkers and New-York Fire Insurance Company.—Notice is hereby given that an order, of which the foregoing is a copy, has been duly made in the above entitled action, and all creditors of said Company are required to exhibit their claims to the undersigned, at his office, No. 52 Wall-street, in the City of New-York, and to comply with the terms of said order on or before the 2d day of October, 1872.—Dated New-York, March 12, 1872. CHAS. H. FARNAM, Referee.
mh13-law6mW No. 52 Wall-street.

AT A SPECIAL TERM OF THE SUPERior Court of the City of New-York, held at the Court-house, in the said City, on the 20th day of April, 1872. Present, Hon. William E. Curtis, Judge. —In the matter of the petition of LEILA S. McKESSON, for the discharge of certain mortgages of record.—Upon the petition of Leila S. McKesson, dated April 12, 1872, from which it appears that she has an interest in certain lands and premises in the City of New-York, situated in the block between Seventy-eighth and Seventy-ninth streets, Ninth and Tenth avenues, in said City, a part whereof are described in a certain mortgage, dated April 9, 1836, made by John E. Forbes to William Brown, to secure the payment of four thousand, six hundred and seventy-four dollars and interest, in five years from said date, and which said mortgage was recorded in the office of the Register of the City and County of New-York, in liber 211 of mortgages, at page 256, on the 10th day of December, 1836; and the residue whereof are described in a certain other mortgage, bearing date the said 9th day of April, 1836, made by the said John E. Forbes to the said William Brown, to secure the payment of two thousand, seven hundred and twenty-six dollars and interest in five years from said date, and which said mortgage was recorded in the office of the Register of the City and County of New-York, in liber 211 of Mortgages, at page 259, on the 10th day of December, in the year 1836, that the said mortgages have each been duly paid, but have never been discharged of record; that the said mortgagee has been dead for more than five years; that administration was taken out on his estate in the year 1840 by the public administrator of the City of New-York, and that said mortgages have not nor has either of them been assigned. Now, on motion of Sanford, Robinson & Woodruff, attorneys for said petitioner, it is ordered, that all persons interested show cause before one of the Judges of this Court, at a Special Term thereof, to be held at Chambers, in the new Court-house, in the City of New-York, on the 14th day of May, in the year 1872, at the opening of Court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted, and the said mortgages and each of them be discharged of record. It is further ordered that this order be published twice in each week for three successive weeks in the New-York *Times*, and in the New-York *Transcript*, two newspapers published in the City of New-York. WM. E. CURTIS, Judge.
SANFORD, ROBINSON & WOODRUFF, attorneys for petitioner, No. 102 Broadway, New-York.

SUPREME COURT.—ISAAC F. TYSEN, plaintiff, against SARAH A. TYSEN, Jane L. Stall, widow, David J. Tysen and Eliza Tysen, his wife, Charles Tysen and Adaline Tysen, his wife, William H. Tysen and Elizabeth Tysen, his wife, Margaret Guyon and Henry Guyon, her husband, Adaline Abbot and James E. Abbot, her husband, and George W. Tysen, defendants.—Summons for relief.—(Com. not served.)—To the above named defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Richmond, in the Town of Southfield in said county, on the 20th day of March, 1872, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint, on the subscriber, at his office in the village of Port Richmond, Richmond County, New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated March 20, 1872.
ma27-law7wW* A. DE GROOT, plaintiff's attorney.

AT A SPECIAL TERM OF THE Court of Common Pleas in and for the City and County of New-York, held at the County Court-house in the City of New-York on the 25th day of April, 1872. —Present, Hon. Frederic W. Loew, Judge.—In the matter of the petition of LUCINDA MORGAN ELY, for leave to resume her maiden name of LUCINDA MORGAN.—On reading and filing the petition of Lucinda Morgan Ely in this matter, sworn on the 20th day of April instant, praying for an order authorizing her to resume her maiden name of Lucinda Morgan, with the affidavit of Henry Morgan thereto annexed, and this Court being satisfied by such petition and affidavit that there is no reasonable objection that the said Lucinda M. Ely should assume such name, and on motion of Evarts, Southmayd & Choate, Attorneys for said petitioner, it is ordered that the said Lucinda Morgan Ely be and she hereby is authorized to resume her maiden name of Lucinda Morgan from and after the 1st day of June, in the year 1872.

AUCTION SALES.

WM. TRIST BAILEY, Auctioneer.

NO. 48 WEST 47TH-ST., Between 5th and 6th avs.

Messrs. V. K. STEVENSON & SON beg to notify that, having sold the residence, they are instructed by Mr. Wm. Taylor to sell at auction, on MONDAY, MAY 6, 1872, commencing at 11 o'clock A. M., to the minute, the whole of the superb and elegant furniture, made expressly by the well-known manufacturers, T. A. Brooks & Co., including, in the drawing-room, handsomely carved double rose-wood suites, in striped rep, with window draperies to match; parlor grand piano, in rose-wood, by Chickering & Sons; Turkish and reception chairs, console tables, statuary, marble chimney ornaments, magnificent imported time-piece, with side-pieces in ormolu and Sevres china; two artistically executed statues, in Italian marble; two beautiful bronzes, lace window-curtains.

In large extension-room adjoining, handsome furniture in walnut and crimson rep; ebony and walnut excretoire; a large extension dining-table, royal Wilton and Brussels carpets throughout the house, latest design.

Dining-room furniture complete in oak and walnut bouffe, including English Brussels carpet, several suites of polished walnut bedroom furniture, comprising Plimpton bedsteads, spring and hair mattresses, pillows, bolsters, blankets and bed linen; handsome pier dressing mirror, &c., &c.; easy chairs, lounges, and ordinary bedroom appointments; usual appendages to the halls, staircases and passages, including elaborately carved hat-stand with marble slab and French mirror; cut glass, china, plated-ware and every requisite for culinary purposes, &c., &c.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN, Auctioneer.

FURNITURE SALES IN BROOKLYN THIS DAY by JOSEPH HEGEMAN & CO.
WEDNESDAY, May 1, at 9 A. M., No. 189 Adelphi, near Willoughby-av., good furniture, carpets, &c.
SAME DAY,
at 9 A. M., No. 411 Sackett, near Hoyt-st., good furniture, carpets, &c.
SAME DAY,
at 9 A. M., No. 64 Hanson-place, good furniture, carpets, &c.
SAME DAY,
at 1 P. M., No. 180 South Oxford, between Fulton and Atlantic avs., good furniture, carpets, &c.
SAME DAY,
at 1 P. M., No. 227 West Warren, between Clinton and Court sts., household furniture and carpets, in good order.
SAME DAY,
at 4½ P. M., at No. 82 State-st., furniture, carpets, &c.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, FINE MIRRORS, ROSE-WOOD PIANO-FORTE.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell by auction, on FRIDAY, May 3, at 11 o'clock A. M., at No. 93 Lexington-av., carved rose-wood parlor suite, brocatel, carved rose-wood étagere, gilt-frame pier and mantel mirrors, lace and damask curtains, rose-wood piano-forte, rose-wood centre and quartet tables, black-walnut hall-stand, mahogany extension-table, dining chairs, black-walnut bedsteads, dressing-bureaus, wardrobes, washstands, commodes, black-walnut lounges, Turkish and easy chairs, gilt cornices, linen shades, hair mattresses, palliasses, bolsters and pillows, Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths, assortment of china and glass ware, &c.

Catalogues at No. 3 Pine-st. or No. 35 East 17th-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

GENTEEL FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c.,
AT AUCTION.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell by auction, on TUESDAY, April 30, at 11 o'clock, at No. 212 East 18th-st., rose-wood parlor suite, crimson striped reps; black-walnut extension-table and chairs, rose-wood centre-tables, reception chairs, black-walnut and mahogany bedsteads, bureaus, wash-stands, wardrobes, chairs, mattresses, pialliases, spring-bed, bolsters, pillows, linen shades, lace curtains, engravings, &c., fine Brussels and ingrain carpets, oil-cloths, &c. China and glassware, kitchen utensils, &c. Catalogues at No. 3 Pine-st., or No. 35 East 17th-street.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE, COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, NINTH DISTRICT, N. Y., NEW-YORK, April 15, 1872.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, IN pursuance of law, that I seized, on the 13th day of April, for violation of the Internal Revenue laws, one barrel of spirits found at No. 2,255 3d-av., in this City, and any person or persons claiming the same must appear before me and make such claim within thirty days from the date of this notice, otherwise the same will be exposed for sale on the 27th day of May, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at No. 2,254 3d-av.
A. WILLMANN, Collector.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.

BY BROWN & SECOMB—THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) May 1, at 11½ o'clock, on Pier No. 6 East River:

Fresh Messina Oranges and Lemons, cargo *G. W. Hall*.

Immediately after, on Pier No. 12 East River:

Fresh Messina Oranges and Lemons, cargo *Dirigo*.

Immediately after, within their store, to pay storage and expenses:

4 cases Sewing-machines.

S. DINGEE & CO., Auctioneers.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, MAY 1, 1872, commencing at 2 o'clock P. M., at the private residence No. 115 East 28th-st., between Lexington and 4th avs:

All the household furniture, carpets, bedding, &c., contained in the above dwelling, consisting of handsome parlor, library, chamber and dining-room furniture; also, rose-wood book-case, bedsteads, large pier mirrors, bedding, crockery, kitchen utensils, &c.; velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, &c., &c.

Clinton Hall Sales-rooms, GEORGE A. LEAVITT & CO., Auctioneers.

PRIVATE LIBRARY AT AUCTION.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, May 3 and 4, at 7½ o'clock, sale of a private library of standard and illustrated books; also, a select assortment of law and medical works. Catalogues ready. Books on exhibition.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE. —By virtue of an order from the District Court of the United States for the District of New-Jersey, I will sell at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of May, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the City Hotel, corner of Grand and Hudson sts., Jersey City, four packages, containing eight pieces of silk, about 690¾ yards, and about 4,000 yards guipure lace.
SAMUEL PLUMMER, United States Marshal.
JOHN C. BAILEY, Deputy.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

THURSDAY, MAY 2, AT 10 O'CLOCK A M., at No. 177 Montague, corner Clinton-st., Brooklyn. Large sale of furniture, parlor suites, walnut and mahogany chamber and dining-room furniture, mattresses, Brussels and ingrain carpets, kitchen furniture, &c.

INSTRUCTION.

Mount Washington Collegiate Institute,

NO. 40 WASHINGTON-SQUARE (SOUTH.)

DR. GEO. W. CLARKE, PRINCIPAL.

Prepares pupils of all ages for business or college.

DOLBEAR'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, No. 875 Broadway: book-keeping, writing, arithmetic, &c., taught practically, as used in the best business houses. Open day and evening all Summer.

APPLY THIS DAY, IF YOU WOULD SEcure seats for "Goldsmith's May Writing Classes," at the College, No. 172 5th-av., corner of 22d-st; $8 for twelve lessons; private instruction given.

REMOVAL.

Mlle. ROSTAN'S French and English Protestant school for young ladies. The Spring term will open TUESDAY, April 9; a punctual attendance of all the pupils is requested at her new residence, No. 21 West 52d-st., near 5th-av.; day scholars residing below 34th-st. will be sent for daily without extra charge.

A FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

Superior advantages. Address R. W. SIGLAR, Principal, Newburgh Institute, Newburgh, N. Y.

JACKSON MILITARY INSTITUTE.

Tarrytown, N. Y. Established 1857.
Address Rev. F. J. JACKSON, M. A., Principal.

AN ENGLISH CLERGYMAN, M. A., M. D., residing near London, Mathematical Honorman and Prizeman in modern languages, Trinity College, will receive three pupils into his family; will visit New-York this Spring. For further information address F. W. RHINELANDER, Esq., No. 61 Liberty-st., New-York.

"KINDERGARTEN SCHOOL," FOR children, and PRIVATE RECITATION ROOMS for LADIES. Established 1860. Object, the physical, mental and moral culture of children; also, to furnish special advantages to LADIES not desiring the routine of school. Miss E. M. COE, Prin., 15 West 42d-st.

SEDGWICK INSTITUTE, GREAT Barrington, Mass.—A boarding school for twenty boys in Southern Berkshire; superior accommodations, care and instruction given to each pupil.
I. & J. BIRD, Principals.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE, NYACK, ON THE HUDSON, N. Y.—The Fall term will commence Sept. 20. For circulars with full particulars, address Rev. L. DELOS MANSFIELD, Principal.

NEW SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.—SPECIAL Spring term will commence, May 6, at No. 117 East 36th-st. Classes of young ladies can be formed at that time. ANNA C. BRACKETT, IDA M. ELIOT.

BURNSIDE FAMILY SCHOOL FOR boys, Brattleboro', Vt. For particulars and circular, address the Principal, C. A. MILES.

FOR BOYS—SUPERIOR ADVANTAGES AT Riverview Academy, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

COAL.

COAL AT LOW PRICES.—RED ASH stove at $5 50 per ton; white or red ash nut at $4; screened from yard. No. 479 Broome-st., No. 211 Greene-st., No. 313 Bowery. JACOB WEEKS.

BEST LEHIGH AND LOCUST MOUNTAIN COAL—Nut, $5; egg and furnace, $5 50; stove, $6 per ton of 2,000 pounds. THOMAS STOKES, corner 32d-st. and 10th-av.

COKE, $2 50 PER CHALDRON, DELIVered; very superior quality. Liberal discount to shippers. Manhattan Coke office, Avenue C and 15th-st.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

FRANKFIELD & CO., JEWELERS, NO. 323 8th-av., corner 28th-st., No. 209 6th-av., corner 14th-st., retail watches, jewelry, sterling silver, best silver-plated ware at manufacturer's prices.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE A. C. S., FORT COLUMBUS, N. Y. H., April 27, 1872.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN DUPLICATE will be received at this office until 12 M., May 27, 1872, for furnishing the fresh beef required by the Subsistence Department, U. S. A., at this station, during the six months commencing July 1, 1872. Information as to conditions, quality of beef, payments, &c., can be obtained by application to
R. G. RUTHERFORD,
Second Lieutenant, Twelfth Infantry, A. C. S.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER, FIRST QUARTERMASTER'S DISTRICT, D. E., CORNER GREENE AND HOUSTON STS., NEW-YORK CITY, April 10, 1872.

SEALED PROPOSALS, IN DUPLICATE, with a copy of this advertisement attached to each, are invited and will be received at this office until 12 M., June 1, 1872, for supplying this Department with the following-named quantities of fuel, more or less, viz.:

Fort Columbus, New-York Harbor—1,008,000 pounds stove, and 1,856,600 pounds egg coal.

Fort Wood, New-York Harbor—404,400 pounds stove, 777,600 pounds egg and 11,200 pounds bituminous coal, and 50 cords hard wood.

Fort Hamilton, New-York Harbor—800,000 pounds stove and 1,500,000 pounds egg coal, and 130 cords hard wood.

Fort Wadsworth, New-York Harbor—450,000 pounds stove, 144,433 pounds egg and 50,000 pounds nut coal, and 68 cords kindling-wood.

David's Island, New-York Harbor—430,000 pounds stove, and 1,000,000 pounds egg coal.

Fort Adams, Newport, R. I.—1,200,000 pounds stove, 200,000 pounds egg and 142,000 pounds nut coal, and 50 cords kindling-wood.

Fort Trumbull, New-London, Conn.—173,279 pounds stove, 300,000 pounds egg, and 100,000 pounds nut coal, and 120 cords hard wood.

Fort Hale, New-Haven, Conn.—8,800 pounds stove coal.

Plattsburg Barracks, Plattsburg, N. Y.—672,000 pounds egg coal, and 50 cords hard wood.

Willet's Point, New-York Harbor—1,148,160 pounds egg, 280,000 pounds stove, and 165,100 pounds nut coal, 8,000 pounds bituminous coal, and 112 cords hard wood.

The coal to be anthracite, of the best quality, and the wood sound, dry and merchantable, and free from crooked limbs.

The wood is to be delivered on the wharves, and the coal in the yards, or places provided for its reception, at the respective posts, and the trimming done by the contractors.

Deliveries must be made at such times and in such quantities as may be required by the Quartermaster's Department.

Payments will be made in New-York City according to the weight and measurement certified to by the Quartermaster at the places of delivery.

The coal must be bid for in tons of 2,240 pounds, and wood in cords of 128 cubic feet.

No bid will be entertained from any party who has heretofore withdrawn, or failed to fulfill his contract.

Blank forms of proposals can be procured at this office.

Each bid must be accompanied by guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, that in case the bid is accepted, and a contract entered into, they will become sureties in a sum equal to one-fourth the amount of the contract, for the faithful execution of the same.

The responsibility of the guarantors must be certified to by a United States District-Attorney or Judge, or ten per cent. of bid in cash or certified check, deposited in this office, to insure the execution of contract, if awarded.

No bid will be entertained that is not made in accordance with this advertisement, and bidders will have the privilege of being present at the opening of the bids.

Bids may be made and will be entertained for the wood or coal separately, for one or more of the Posts.

The Government reserves the right to reject any or all bids regarded as disadvantageous to the Department, or to accept such portion of any bid, not less than for one Post, that may be deemed of advantage to the public interest.

Proposals must be indorsed, "Proposals for Coal or Wood," and addressed to the undersigned, to whom application should be made for other information, if desired.
R. N. BATCHELDER,
Major and Quartermaster C. Q. M.

OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER, FIRST QUARTERMASTER'S DISTRICT, D. E., CORNER HOUSTON AND GREENE STREETS, NEW-YORK, April 11, 1872.

SEALED PROPOSALS, IN DUPLICATE, with a copy of this advertisement attached to each, are invited and will be received at this office until 12 M. June 1, 1872, for supplying this Department with the following-named quantities of Forage and Straw, more or less, viz.:

Fort Columbus, New-York Harbor—2,600 pounds Corn, 23,185 pounds Oats, 30,660 pounds Hay, and 110,000 pounds Straw.

Fort Wood, New-York Harbor—4,380 pounds Oats, 5,110 pounds Hay, and 21,648 pounds Straw.

Fort Hamilton, New-York Harbor—10,000 pounds Corn, 380,000 pounds Oats, 456,000 pounds Hay, 156,000 pounds Straw, and 11,000 pounds Bran.

Fort Wadsworth, New-York Harbor—41,610 pounds Oats, 51,100 pounds Hay, and 21,216 pounds Straw.

David's Island, New-York Harbor—53,600 pounds Oats, 59,080 pounds Hay, and 28,000 pounds Straw.

Fort Adams, Newport, R. I.—27,050 pounds Corn, 400,000 pounds Oats, 500,780 pounds Hay, and 168,432 pounds Straw.

Fort Trumbull, New-London, Conn.—24,280 pounds Oats, 30,660 pounds Hay, and 16,728 pounds Straw.

Fort Hale, New-Haven, Conn.—144 pounds Straw.

Plattsburg Barracks, Plattsburg, N. Y.—24,178 pounds Oats, 26,104 pounds Hay, and 20,410 pounds Straw.

Willet's Point, New-York Harbor—32,850 pounds Corn, 146,780 pounds Oats, 209,510 pounds Hay, and 87,936 pounds Straw.

The Corn and Oats must be entirely free from dust or other impurities, and put up in good, substantial sacks, securely sewed to prevent wastage; and the Hay and Straw in bales, free from surplus wood or other foreign matter.

These supplies must be delivered on the wharves of the respective Posts at such times and in such quantities as may be required by the Quartermaster's Department, and payment will be made according to the weights, as certified to by the Post Quartermasters at the places of delivery.

Bidders must state separately the prices at which they will deliver the Corn, Oats, Hay, Oat Straw, Rye Straw, and Bran herein called for, at each of the places. The prices of the Corn, Oats, and Bran must include the necessary sacks.

Each bid must be accompanied by a guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, that in case the bid shall be accepted and a contract entered into, they will become sureties in a sum equal to one-fourth of the amount of the contract for the faithful performance of the same.

No bid will be entered that is not made in accordance with this advertisement, and bidders have the privilege of being present at the opening of the bids.

The Government reserves the right to reject any or all bids regarded as disadvantageous to the Department, or to accept such portion of any bid, not less than for one Post, that may be deemed of advantage to the public interest.

Bids may be made and will be entertained for delivering the Forage and Straw herein called for at any one or more of the Posts.

Proposals must be indorsed, "Proposals for Forage and Straw," and addressed to the undersigned, of whom any other information can be obtained if desired.
R. N. BATCHELDER,
Major and Quartermaster, C. Q. M.

OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER, THIRD DISTRICT, D. E., No. 1,137 GIRARD-ST., PHILADELPHIA, Penn., April 26, 1872.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN TRIPLICATE, with a copy of this advertisement attached, will be received at this office until 12 M., on Tuesday, May 28, 1872, for delivery to the Quartermaster's Department of this District at the places named below, the following amounts of forage and straw:

	Corn. lbs.	Oats lbs.	Hay. lbs.	Straw. lbs.
Fort Monroe, Va	16,242	116,253	163,520	66,000
Fort Foote, Md	4,040	10,000	20,160	13,592
Fort Washington, Md	15,000	27,000	47,000	10,000
Fort McHenry, Md	....	393,910	464,560	108,800
Baltimore, Md	....	43,800	51,100	12,000
Total	35,282	590,963	746,340	210,392

All grain to be of the best quality, free from dust, dirt or other impurities. Oats, thirty-two pounds to the bushel. Corn, fifty-six pounds to the bushel. Hay, of the best quality timothy. Straw to be of rye of the best quality. The corn and oats to be sacked. The hay and straw to be baled. The price bid to include the cost of baling and sacking. All to be inspected prior to reception by the United States. Sealed proposals will also be received at the same time and place for delivery at the places named below of the following amounts of wood and coal, viz.:

	Wood, cords.	Coal, Anthr., tons, 2,240 pounds.	Coal, Bit., tons, 2,240 pounds.
Fort Monroe, Virginia	359	....	....
Fort Foote, Maryland	50	....	....
Fort Washington, Maryland	25	....	....
Fort McHenry, Maryland	600	....	....
Baltimore, Md	238	23	....
National Cemetery, Annapolis, Md	12	....	....
National Cemetery, Culpepper, Va	4	....	....
National Cemetery, Grafton, West Virginia	....	....	9
National Cemetery, Winchester, Va	6	....	....
Total	1,294	23	9

The wood to be merchantable hard wood. The Anthracite Coal to be of the best White Ash, and free from bone, dust and other impurities; all to be inspected prior to reception by the United States. The Fuel, Forage and Straw are to be delivered at the wharves of the following-named stations, at such times and in such quantities as the Acting Assistant Quartermasters thereat may direct, viz.: Fort Monroe, Va., Fort Foote, Md., Fort Washington, Md., and Fort McHenry, Md. At Baltimore, Md., at such times and places, and in such quantities, as the Acting Assistant Quartermaster thereat may direct.

The wood and coal for the National Cemeteries to be delivered at such times and in such quantities as the Superintendents at each of the cemeteries may respectively desire.

Form of bid will be furnished on application to this office, as well as any additional information required by those desiring to bid.
HENRY C. HODGES,
Major and Quartermaster, U. S. A.,
Chief Q'rm'r Third District, Dep't of the East.

PROPOSALS FOR SUPPLIES.

PURCHASING AND DISBURSING PAY-MASTER'S OFFICE, UNITED STATES NAVY, NO. 29 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, April 30, 1872.

Proposals, sealed and indorsed on envelope "Bids for supplies advertised," will be received at this office until 1 o'clock, the 4th proximo, for the following supplies of the best quality, to be delivered, free of expense, at the Navy-yard, New-York, viz.:

BUREAU OF PROVISIONS AND CLOTHING.

3,000 gallons Molasses, one-quarter in half barrels.
3,000 gallons Vinegar, one-quarter in half barrels.
Naval standard.

Bidders are referred to the officer in charge at the Navy-yard for samples and further information, and will state in their proposals the date within which they will complete deliveries, if awarded to them, which must not exceed ten days from date of order.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids that may not be deemed advantageous to the Government, and to award each article or item separate, as may be most to its interest.

Responsible security required for the prompt and faithful delivery of supplies awarded within the time specified.

Blank forms will be furnished at this office, and bids opened at the hour above-named, when parties interested are invited to be present.
J. O. BRADFORD,
Pay Director United States Navy.

OFFICE OF ACTING COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, FORT WADSWORTH, NEW-YORK HARBOR, MAY 1, 1872.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN DUPLICATE, with a copy of this advertisement attached, will be received at this office until 10 o'clock A. M., June 1, 1872, for furnishing the fresh Beef required by the Subsistence Department United States Army, at this post, during the six months commencing July 1, 1872. Each bid must be accompanied by a deposit of one hundred dollars to insure good faith.

Information as to quality of Beef, payments and conditions, can be obtained by application to
L. A. CHAMBERLIN, First Lieutenant
First Artillery, Acting Commissary of Subsistence.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—WEDNESDAY, 24TH INST., A SMALL BROWN PORTMONNAIE, containing a seal, pennant and small sum of money. Finder will be liberally rewarded for its return to 237 West 4th-st.

The New York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, MAY 1, 1872.

Amusements This Evening.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—LONDON ASSURANCE—Mr. Charles Mathews, Miss Plessy Mordaunt.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.—ARTICLE 47.—Mr. George H. Griffiths and Miss Fanny Davenport.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.—LALLA ROOKH—Mr. J. B. Studley, Miss Edith Challis.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.—RICHARD III.—Mr. Edwin Booth.

UNION-SQUARE THEATRE.—THE BELLES OF THE KITCHEN, &c.—The Vokes Troupe. Matinée at 2½.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.—HUMPTY DUMPTY—Mr. G. L. Fox and Kiralfy Troupe. Matinée at 2.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—BLACK FRIDAY—Mr. J. W. Collier, Miss Lizzie Price.

LINA EDWIN'S THEATRE.—THE POWER OF LOVE—The Chapman Sisters.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.—DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE AND CURIOSITIES—Afternoon and Evening.

UNION-SQUARE THEATRE.—THE VOKES FAMILY.

ST. JAMES' THEATRE.—MCEVOY'S HIBERNICON. Matinée at 2.

FIFTH-AVENUE, No. 161.—EXHIBITION OF SELOUS' PAINTINGS OF JERUSALEM. Open day and evening.

The New-York Times.

DAILY, WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY.

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THE NEW-YORK TIMES,
New-York City.

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Mr. GREELEY said yesterday: "The biggest thing before the country is the question of the honest men against the thieves." Will Mr. GREELEY now tell the public on which side Senator FENTON is fighting?

Last year, and the year before, we could not get Mr. GREELEY to take much interest in a genuine fight of honest men against the thieves. He would "take no stock in it" until he saw that we were going to win. Then he jumped into the arena and claimed the victory. Yesterday he complains of the presence of "worn-out political hacks" at Cincinnati. Is not this rather hard upon his bosom friends, JOHN COCHRANE, PALMER and FENTON? After all, what delegation has been sent to Cincinnati so full of old political hacks and tricksters as that from New-York under the direction of GREELEY himself? Does not even "Col." GROSVENOR bitterly denounce it?

While the House of Representatives was, yesterday, engaged in listening to an elaborate discussion on the tariff, the Senate was taking action which will require the whole subject to be started anew. It repealed the duties on tea and coffee—the repeal to take effect July 1. As the House has three times declared in favor of the principle of this action, we may prepare to see the whole question revived. Meanwhile decisive action by the Senate will be hailed with special satisfaction in this City. We regret that Mr. FENTON was not present, to give us such light as his vote would have afforded on his views concerning revenue reform. One vote would be worth a dozen emasculated Cincinnati resolutions.

The dispatches from Cincinnati are a curious commentary on the pretensions with which the Convention was called. It was to be a consultation of Republicans to insure reforms at the hands of the Republican Party. It has sunk into a squabble of political hucksters over nominations which, at best, can only gratify the ambition of men whom the Republican Party has disappointed. Nothing is more striking than the prevalence of all the stalest and most offensive forms of political trickery. The Pennsylvania crowd is controlled by one man—ALECK MCCLURE—the most persistent and unscrupulous of the tribe of Pennsylvania political hucksters. FENTON "peddles with" the vote of the motley crew from this State for opportunity to give their voices for HORACE GREELEY, first selling outright the principle of protection, and then striking for a higher price before he will carry out his bargain. A more conspicuous exhibition of the worst traits of caucus-bound conventions never was shown. And this higgling, trafficking, tricky meeting of professional politicians is a "Reform Convention!"

Confusion worse confounded reigns at Cincinnati. While Mr. ADAMS seems to command more strength than any other candidate, it is by no means certain that the Convention will nominate him, or unite in his support if he is nominated. DAVIS has a boisterous outside crowd demonstrating for him, in a way which must delight the reformers who are concerned for the independence and integrity of the Judiciary. TRUMBULL affects an attitude of reserve. PALMER's men are few, but active and threatening. The impudent treachery of MCCLURE toward DAVIS has thrown everything into confusion, in the midst of which rumor begins to mention the name of Senator FENTON. As a representative candidate for this collection of reformers, Mr. FENTON would leave little to be desired.

It is reported on authority which seems sufficient, that Judge CARDOZO has placed his resignation in the hands of the Secretary of State. If this be so, it will not excuse the Legislature from doing its whole duty in the matter. CARDOZO, resigned, might be again elected; but CARDOZO removed on impeachment, and perpetually disqualified from holding any office of honor, trust or profit in the State, would be effectually disposed of. The people should be content with nothing less.

Revenue Reform Within the Republican Party.

There is only one class of men among the Cincinnati bolters who deserve much respect, and these are "the revenue reformers." They have an idea behind them, and the enthusiasm of a coming reform to sustain them, and vast material interests which they in part represent. When men of the character and views of Mr. DAVID A. WELLS, Mr. ATKINSON, Mr. ENDICOTT, and Mr. HORACE WHITE come forward in a political movement, one cannot but feel that they, at least, are fully in earnest, and that, however mistaken in judgment, they are sincere in their purposes of reform. But of all those mingling in this motley movement, these men especially are destined to be driven to the wall. What do such politicians as Mr. FENTON and Mr. WALDO HUTCHINGS care for "revenue reform?" If a creed of reform were drawn up and these two met in the streets, they would exchange the greeting of the old Roman augurs. They laugh in their sleeves at such dreamers as Mr. MARSHALL and Mr. WHITE.

And what reason have we to know that even such a leader as Mr. TRUMBULL cares anything for a reform in taxation? Has Mr. SCHURZ ever declared himself especially on this subject? But, when we come to the other leaders, we do know very well what they think of this reform. Judge DAVIS is at the opposite pole of the revenue reformers, believing not merely in having taxation, but in the worst form of taxation—the unlimited issue of paper money. Mr. GREELEY's views on the subject of revenue reform and on the Ex-Commissioner of Revenue are too well known to need restating in these columns. As are the leaders at Cincinnati, so must be the resolutions adopted. There will undoubtedly be an eloquent section of the "platform" devoted to that mysterious hybrid, "a tariff which shall relieve the labor and industry of the country of all burdens and taxes, and yet which shall protect native and deserving manufactures; a system of taxation which shall furnish the agriculturist of the West with cheap tools and clothing, and yet shall support the manufacturers of Pennsylvania and Massachusetts." As Mr. ADAMS said of the Cooper Union Resolutions, they will be "such as no reasonable Democrat or Republican can object to."

But is this the entertainment that such earnest reformers as Mr. WELLS and Mr. ATKINSON were invited to? Are they desirous of accepting a financial scheme which is to combine the views of the *Evening Post* and the New-York *Tribune*? Now, we beg leave to suggest to those gentlemen that they are in the wrong company and the wrong Convention. The Republican Party, as a party, is not committed to high protection. It is ready for revenue reform. It is not indeed ready for absolute free trade. But who is, except the doctrinaires? With our enormous debt and immense taxes which must be raised, who is prepared to say that we must collect our revenue by direct taxation, which undoubtedly in the light of pure theory is the most equitable mode of taxation? We must have, for fifty years to come, a tariff for revenue. The great practical question before Congress will be, how shall the customs duties be laid? And here the revenue reformers by not breaking ranks and fighting with the main body, would have aided those of us who have struggled for lightening the burdens of taxation, to a more beneficial victory. Now, by deserting to the malcontents, they have left the old revenue reformers in the Republican ranks, in a disadvantageous position. Such is the cohesive power of party, that if the high-taxation clique form the nucleus of the Republicans, and the revenue reformers make a powerful section of the bolters, the old party will tend to become more protectionist, while the new, owing to its hybrid character, will accomplish nothing for revenue reform.

We need all reasonable revenue reformers within our own ranks. We are ready now for one step in the great reform which is surely coming; and that is, the relieving the raw material of manufacture from its present heavy burdens. This the party are prepared for, and the nation are prepared for. If this step has not been made during the past session, it was not on account of any opposition of the Administration. It could have been made, had the revenue reformers eschewed doubtful political unions, and struck for one object alone. Now they have only postponed the victory of revenue reform.

Whenever President GRANT and the Republican Party as such, come out distinctly for heavy taxation and high protective duties, then it will be time to talk of a "Revenue Reform Party." But such a declaration has never been made, nor is likely to be made. The Republicans are steadily lightening taxation. They are inclined to go further, and ease the heavy burdens now resting on the production of the country. This journal is usually considered somewhat of a representative of the great Republican body; and yet no "revenue reformer" of the land has so steadily and consistently supported the lightening of taxation, the relief of raw materials, and a tariff for revenue, as has been done in these columns.

When, by the present leader of the "Liberals," the Special Commissioner of Revenue was denounced as a charlatan, a humbug, a falsifier, and a writer "bought by British gold," we gave all his views hospitable welcome, and supported his proposed reforms with the utmost earnestness. Where is a genuine revenue reformer likely to find true welcome—at Cincinnati or in Philadelphia?

The Charter Vetoed.

As foreshadowed in these columns yesterday, Gov. HOFFMAN has vetoed the new City Charter. His lengthy statement of reasons for this decision are less weighty than might have been anticipated. The legal objections to the constitutionality of the instrument are credited, in a somewhat indefinite way, to "leading lawyers," and the objections to what may be termed the administrative provisions of the charter are too exclusively an appeal to the political leanings of Gov. HOFFMAN and the party he represents, to carry much weight with the intelligent members of this community. We fail to see that the State Executive has urged a single objection against the principle of minority representation, embodied in the charter, which has not been made and answered already. Nor can we find in all his recommendations of the "one-man power" in local government, a single argument which the experience of the Tweed Charter has not disproved. We have never regarded the Seventy's Charter as elevated beyond the range of discussion or of divided opinion. It was drawn up as an experiment to be tried in a field where all other experiments had failed, and it aimed at supplying the checks on misgovernment which preceding charters had missed. The Governor thinks that the commercial Metropolis of the Continent is too important a field for the trial of administrative experiments. This sounds very well, but has exceedingly little point. TWEED's Charter, signed with alacrity by the Governor, was an experiment, and it is simply impossible that the community could be so egregiously robbed under the scheme of the Seventy, as it was under the work of the Ring. We cannot get out of the beaten track of past failures, unless by proposing something which may be called an "experiment," and in spite of the inevitable clumsiness of some of the machinery, the Committee of Seventy's Charter was a far more promising experiment than anything which could be framed under the recommendations made by Gov. HOFFMAN.

All the criticisms directed against the right of the minority "to govern," proceed on the vicious assumption that the control of a great city must be the prize of one or other of the great political parties. That doctrine received, what we trust will prove its death-blow, in November last. The only issue which has any claim to be recognized in the Municipal contest of the future, is that between honesty and ability, and the absence of both or of either. Accept the mere politician's view, which is also Gov. HOFFMAN's, that party lines ought to be as rigidly maintained in local government, as they are in that of the State or the nation, and no checks which human ingenuity can devise will prevent New-York from being systematically plundered, in all time coming. Make the local political caucus the starting point of the nominations, and the mode of reaching office becomes surrounded with associations so degrading and influences so corrupt, as to keep out all men of high character and of a reasonable amount of self-respect. The New-York City election should be held on a thoroughly non-partisan platform—one on which the best men of both political parties can cordially unite and co-operate. With this latest phase of our local affairs, the Governor seems as thoroughly unfamiliar as if time had stood still since he occupied the Mayor's chair. Fortunately, the lesson of Tammany imperialism has sunk deeper into the popular mind, than it has into that of Gov. HOFFMAN and his party. The tyranny of a political majority has left such blemishes on the good name of New-York, that under whatever charter we are to be governed, the citizens will find a good reason for opposing any candidate, in the fact that he comes stamped with the nomination of a political caucus and trammeled with the pledges exacted by men who see in official position merely the chance of seizing the spoils.

In deciding on the question of sustaining the Governor's veto, the majority in the Assembly were probably right in considering the question as one of expediency, rather than principle. The charter had a very good claim to be treated, in the first instance, as the deliberate choice of the people of New-York. But when the Governor, who has the best means of knowing the truth on this point, predicts, in very explicit terms, vexatious litigation and great confusion in the affairs of the City from the passage of the charter, it was safe to conclude that the new experiment would be made under the most unfavorable circumstances. It might have been hard to find good men to accept office under the certainty of being made the butt of protracted legal contests. We have frequently advocated the passage of a sweeping removal bill, as a preliminary to any charter legislation. Had this been done months ago, the position would have been a good deal simplified, for the threatened legal complications would have been raised while the Legislature was in session. Under the certainty of their being raised when the Legislature could do nothing to sustain its own acts, it is, on the whole, not to be regretted that the majority in the Assembly have erred, if at all, on the side of prudence.

The fact, however, that the present chaos of City affairs has been entirely the result of legislative neglect, makes it the more imperatively necessary that prompt and thorough remedies should be adopted to give us a Government approved by the people. We must have a clean sweep made of Tammany officials, and an election for Mayor before the month is out. To talk of passing a charter now is absurd, and to think of leaving things as they are, till the Commission proposed by Senator PALMER has time to report, is equally out of the question. When the Legislature next assembles, the Reformers of New-York will be ready with such a measure as there will be time enough to pass before the last days of the session, and which will be secure against the veto of the Republican Governor, whom we hope, by that time, to see elected.

May-Day.

A foreigner who should today, for the first time, witness the busy disorder and hurried changes going on in this City, would naturally fancy that an earthquake, a tidal wave, or a volcanic eruption was imminent, and that the inhabitants, like the people of Torre del Greco, were fleeing for the safety of their lives and household property. And, indeed, there would be some little foundation for his opinion that the loaded furniture-carts, and the burdened backs of porters, meant a flight from present trouble. We have become so accustomed to the universal change of residence on the 1st of May, as to regard it as significant only of the fact that leases are made to expire on that day. No man, however, would leave a house which suited him, when he could retain it by the mere formality of executing a new lease. Men move because their houses of the past year are uncomfortable, or dear. The first of May is an annual proof that rents in this City are not in accord with the means of the many. New-Yorkers are not flying from a threatening stream of lava or shower of ashes, but they are really seeking escape from discomforts, and searching for houses in which they can afford to live. We have a great and, in some respects, a beautiful City, but there is something capable of improvement in a system which obliges a large proportion of the population to undergo annually the expense and wretchedness of moving.

May-day is to New-Yorkers a brief purgatory, made endurable only by hope. The man whose furniture undergoes today the process of public bruising at the hands of cartmen, and whose family, after a most laborious day, will picnic upon sandwiches in an unfurnished dining-room, and bivouac in a bedroom devoid of carpets and ordinary conveniences, still hopes that he has bettered his condition by his day of horrors. His new house will be in order in the course of a few days. Carpets, annually cut and carved to fit unexpected floors, will be once more in their proper places. The lost papers, the mislaid boots, and the vanished toilet articles will reappear from the interior of tea-kettles, the depths of coal-scuttles, and other like surprising retreats into which such articles mysteriously find their way during the disorder of moving. The household will then be in readiness to felicitate itself upon the abundance of closets and the eligibility of the coal-vaults, offered by the new house. Predictions will be confidently made by the head of the family as to the comparative veracity of the gas-meter, and the promising appearance of the water-pipes, while the partner of his flight will hopefully comment on the prospective absence of rats, and the complete want of all traces of those fierce marauders of the household jungle, the roach and the red ant. All will agree that the change made today has been a happy one, and that there is a strong prospect that years may pass before another first of May will compel another migration.

Alas! how often has hope told the same delusive and mendacious tale? In six months' time, the now hopeful household will find that the gas-meter is the most shameless of its sort, that the water-pipes are leaky, the cellar a preserve of predatory rats, and the frequent closets the hiding-places of swarms of roaches and ants. The roof will admit the rain, and the windows, which will not shut, will give free access to the wind and dust, while the landlord will refuse to lift a finger in aid of his victims, but will hold out the certainty of increasing the rent of the premises next May. And so when the May-day of 1873 shall arrive, it will find the same family once more engaged in deteriorating the condition of their furniture and in ruining the placidity of their tempers by moving into another house, there to indulge in other hopes equally sure of transformation into the blackness of utter discontent.

When an improved Saturnian age shall return to earth, New-York will have kindly and liberal landlords, low rents and comfortable houses. Men will then live and rear their children and die in the house wherein their bridal year was passed. The 1st of May will then be what it was to our English forefathers, a holiday of innocent pleasure, welcoming in a Summer devoid of dust and Street-contractor BROWN, and the story of the annual May-day misery of the present era will be wondered at as men now wonder at the once famous and fatal procession of the god Juggernaut and his wretched worshipers.

The "Cuba's" Passengers.

Today the chief members of the two opera companies that have made the past season so memorable in New-York, sail away from our shores. Mlle. CHRISTINA NILSSON and Mme. PAREPA-ROSA, Mr. SANTLEY and CARL ROSA sail in the same ship—the *Cuba*—and surely no single vessel ever yet bore so rich a freight of melody. We part with our visitors with gratitude and sincere regret. May-day is truly our traditional time for moving here in New-York, but the deprivation all at once of those who have given so much delight, who have, beyond cavil, raised the lyrical standard of the community, and who, in all private relations, have dignified their art, is a real occasion for sorrow. Yet we have the satisfaction of knowing that the noble measure of appreciation accorded by the public, richly deserved as it was, is deeply felt by our departing guests, and that most of their number will not say, as they steam down the Narrows, "adieu," but "*au revoir*." Competition is sometimes the life of art, as well as trade, and we think the troupes led by Mlle. NILSSON and Mme. PAREPA-ROSA have mutually helped each other. They have, at all events, stimulated each other to the attainment of a higher grade of operatic achievement than has been known here before, and for this, in the name of the music-lovers of New-York, we tender them hearty thanks, and wish them a safe and happy return to their own lands. The brothers STRAKOSCH and Mr. CARL ROSA are not forgotten in this salutation. They have kept their word to the public, and more, during this season, and thus they leave behind them that good name which is more precious than gold, and which will assure them the most cordial of welcomes on their return. Mlle. NILSSON and Mr. SANTLEY will be sure to return again—indeed, the opera season will for the future be very incomplete without Mr. SANTLEY.

A Comic Campaign.

Mr. THEODORE TILTON is said by a Cincinnati correspondent to be anxious to secure the nomination of Mr. GREELEY, because "it would impart an element of fun and frolic to the canvass." There is some sense in this view. The nomination of Mr. GREELEY as President would undoubtedly relieve the gloom of politics. The New-York delegation is said to be unanimous for him, and since Mr. ADAMS objects to the dickering spirit of the Convention, and the Convention finds objectionable peculiarities in all the other possible candidates, it would, perhaps, be the wisest course for the soreheads to nominate the one man whose record shows that he has by turns advocated everything that any possible voter could desire—HORACE GREELEY, the unique and the unapproachable.

Of course there would not be the slightest possibility of electing Mr. GREELEY to the Presidency, but the fact of his nomination would be an immense delight to the lovers of broad farce and noisy humor. The whole campaign would be at once turned into an enormous joke. No one would seriously defend Mr. GREELEY's preposterous claims, except in that humorous manner which "Artemus Ward" was accustomed to define as "sarcastical." If the General Committee of the Hybrids should prove capable of comprehending the position of affairs, they would make the speeches and campaign documents of their party the most comic specimens of modern literature. They would employ "Mark Twain," "Nasby," "Billings," and the other professional humorists of the day, to act as stump orators, and their campaign meetings would be presided over by DAN BRYANT, and other popular minstrel jokers. From May to November the country would be in a perpetual state of easy laughter, and as the day of the comic election drew near the fun would grow daily more uproarious and demonstrative. We should see men of that physical width which usually accompanies an acute perception of humor, led to the polls exhausted by laughter, and resting on the shoulders of thinner and less hilarious voters. Shrieks of glee would greet each citizen who should admit that he had yielded to his love of fun and voted for GREELEY, and the inspectors would transform the prosaic task of counting the ballots into an innocent orgie of unrestrained mirth.

The country has had weak candidates and bad candidates, but it has never yet had a candidate so intensely weak and so ridiculously bad as Mr. GREELEY. To nominate such a man for the Presidency would be the broadest of practical jokes. The recital of his claims to the consideration of the nation would be a better joke than *Punch's* cookery recipes, and his very portrait would call forth yells of laughter when presented as that of a proposed occupant of the Presidential chair. The torch-light processions in his honor would become sources of genuine amusement, as bearing transparencies in the shape of impossible cabbages and preposterous beets raised by the Chappaqua farmer, and followed by a triumphal car containing GREELEY himself mounted on the famous Windust table. The customary bitterness of a Presidential election would completely vanish, and in its stead we should have a campaign in which nobody but Mr. GREELEY himself would dream of speaking of Gen. GRANT's rival in the race, except with a good humored laugh, and with a keen sense of the comicality of the whole affair. Of course its only result would be the practically unanimous election of the Republican candidate, but the joke of running Mr. GREELEY as his opponent would make it one of the most memorable campaigns in the history of the country, and the universal good humor which such a joke would produce would really do much toward eradicating the present spirit of sectional and partisan bitterness.

MINOR TOPICS.

If the members of the Board of Assistant Aldermen, who were lately so anxious to make a little political capital at the expense of the overburdened tax-payers, by attempting to procure an increase of wages for the City laborers, would head a movement to supply funds to transport these same men to States where their services are very much needed just now, we should have been inclined to give them credit for sincerity. The farmers of Vermont are so short of hands that they are greatly delayed in their agricultural operations. In other States, a similar want is felt, and yet there are hundreds of men in this City, who hang about corner-groggeries, looking for a chance job, when they might be profitably employed in the country, and have their wives and families enjoying pure air, instead of being cooped up in filthy tenement-houses.

It appears that we have at present in this City a Police Captain named BURDEN, who is desirous of emulating the fame of the well-known Tammany henchman, Sergt. LOONEY. There is this difference between them, however, that while the latter has heretofore confined himself exclusively to the work of overawing voters, the former exercises his peculiar genius in a more general way. For instance, today he would not be above peddling excursion tickets to a "sorehead" Convention, while to-morrow might find him exercising the functions of a Magistrate. Indeed, if the statement of Justice COX is to be believed, this worthy has been thus engaged during the past ten days. It is said that the zealous Captain assumed the magisterial robes and adjudicated upon a case in such a way as to secure the liberation of a notorious pickpocket, and to practically defeat the ends of justice. The man who had been robbed, although residing in another State, contrary to all rules, was discharged without bail, and was easily induced by the friends of the prisoner to return home as speedily as possible by receiving the amount he had lost. In all probability the pickpocket had previously promised to do "yeoman's service" at Cincinnati, and everybody knows that it would never do to have a man altogether so valuable, under lock and key at such a critical time.

That the leading spirits of the Cincinnati Convention contemplate nothing more nor less than a wholesale surrender to the Democratic Party, is further shown by the following extract from one of the organs of the bolters:

> "With these facts before us, notorious and undeniable, is it politic or discreet to prescribe conditions to the gentlemen now assembling on the banks of the Ohio, with the patriotic design of rescuing the Government from the unworthy and incompetent hands that are clutching it for the basest of purposes? *Is it wise to foredoom the enterprise to ignominious defeat by turning the great Democratic Party away from its support on personal or trivial grounds?*"

The Democrats are quite willing to accept this view of the situation.

No news yet of any prospective cleaning of the streets. BROWN still draws his pay, and snaps his soiled fingers at the people who ask that he should be made to do his duty. Mr. GREEN has not yet made up his mind to oust BROWN by withholding his pay, and the Board of Health has made no movement toward accomplishing that most necessary sanitary measure, the cleaning of the streets. Meanwhile, the dust increases, and its effects are shown in the spread of contagious diseases, the germs of which are borne everywhere upon the breeze. Scarlet fever, small-pox and spotted fever are disseminated by the infected rubbish left in the streets to be ground into powder. How long is this intolerable state of things to be endured? Are we never to be rid of BROWN? Will Mr. GREEN never help us, and will the Board of Health make its name a mockery by declining to undertake what the safety of the City absolutely requires?

In view of the names figuring at Cincinnati, some people may care to recall what one E. W. STOUGHTON, Esq., of this City, had to say about "changing the policy of the Government" in 1864. Then he wrote to the managers of the Democratic meeting that he regarded the election as a struggle to bring the Government back to the Democratic way of conducting the war, and he went on to say:

> "Whether this struggle shall be peaceful or violent will depend, as I believe, upon whether the Government shall, in pursuance of law and duty, refrain from, or in violation of both, attempt to interfere with the freedom of the coming election."

This, it will be seen, was precisely the vaporing that made the South go into the war, and kept it in so long. It had the same effect as would now be produced by the grant of universal amnesty and the repeal of the Kuklux law at the dictation of the Democratic Party. Mr. STOUGHTON is an excellent specimen of the average "Liberal Republican" of this State, and he is as decidedly wrong now as he was eight years ago.

MASONIC.

The Grand Master of New-Jersey Made a Knight.

WILLIAM E. PINE, Grand Master of the State of New-Jersey, was last evening invested with the honors of Knighthood, in St. Omar Commandery No. 13, of the State of New-Jersey, at Paterson. The occasion caused the Knights of fifteen commanderies of New-York and New-Jersey to assemble at the Asylum, including delegations from Columbian No. 1, Morton No. 4, Monroe No. 12, Clinton No. 14, Palestine No. 18, Ivanhoe No. 36 and Delaware No. 44, all of New-York; Hugh de Payen No. 1, Damascus No. 5, Cyrene No. 7, St. John's No. 9, all from New-Jersey; California No. 1, San Francisco and others. Among the Grand officers present were R. E. Sir Wm. Wallace Goodwin, G.C. K.T. in New-Jersey; R. E. Sirs Geo. B. Edwards and Wm. H. Daggett, P. G. C.; V. E. Sir W. H. McIlhanney, G. G.; E. Sir Thomas C. Cassidy, P. C. of Morton No. 4, and D. G. H. P. of the State of New-York; E. Sir Albert G. Goodall, of Morton, and G. R. of the Grand Commandery of Pennsylvania, and others. During the working of the Red Cross degree, the Commandery was officered as follows: Commander, E. Sir John P. Doremus; Generalissimo, E. Sir A. G. Goodall; Captain-General, E. Sir Thomas C. Cassidy; Prelate, R. E. Sir W. H. Daggett; S. W., Sir J. H. Louder, of Hugh De Payen; J. W., Sir J. W. Congdon; Treasurer, Sir George Scott; Recorder, Sir C. N. Sterratt. After the degree, the Knights, about 150 strong, marched to the residence of the Treasurer, Sir GEORGE SCOTT, where they sat down to a well-supplied banquet provided by that officer. The toast of the "Grand Commandery of New-Jersey" was replied to by Grand Commander Sir W. W. GOODWIN; that of the "Grand Commandery of New-York and Morton Commandery," by Sir ALBERT G. GOODALL, and "Our newly created Knights," by Sir WILLIAM E. PINE, Grand Master of New-Jersey. The party separated in time to take the milk-train for New-York.

Republican Central Committee—The Eight-Hour Law Indorsed.

The Republican Central Committee held its regular monthly meeting last evening, Mr. JOHN J. TOWNSEND in the chair. The Executive Committee, through Mr. JOHN H. WHITE, Chairman, reported that they have issued a call for a primary election to be held in each Assembly District on the night of May 10, to choose a delegate and alternate from each district to attend the State Convention to be held at Elmira on the 15th inst.

A communication was received from the Eighteenth District Association, announcing that the resignation of G. W. LYONS as a delegate to the Central Committee was withdrawn, and that he is reinstated.

The delegate from the Fourth District said that now that the campaign is beginning it is advisable that the associations show their feeling upon the nominations. They had hung out a Grant banner in front of their meeting place. He offered a resolution recommending that the enforcement of the Eight-hour law be one plank in the platform adopted by both the National and State Conventions. After some debate the resolution was carried.

A communication was read, signed by members of the Third District, stating that while there are over 1,000 Republican voters in the district, only about 150 are members of the association, which, they said, is owing to maladministration on the part of the officers. They asked that the Central Committee investigate the matter, and after discussion it was referred to the Executive Committee, who are to report at the next meeting.

AMUSEMENTS.

Musical.

ITALIAN OPERA.

The capacity of the Academy of Music, in respect of seats and standing-room, was tested last evening with a severity of which the most brilliant representations of the season had offered no example. The occasion of the crowded condition of the house was the farewell performance of Mme. PAREPA-ROSA, Herr WACHTEL, and Mr. SANTLEY. It is to be regretted that the pressure upon our columns forbids a full review of the incidents of the entertainment. More genuine or more continuous enthusiasm has never prevailed. The encores and recalls were unnumbered. The first act of the "Postillion of Longjumeau," sung in German; act the second of "The Bohemian Girl," rehearsed in English; the second act and part of the third of "Il Trovatore," and the fourth act of "Gli Ugonotti," all afforded equal delight. In the fraction of ADAM's delicious work, Herr WACHTEL's spirited rendering of *Chapelou's* rondo, and his exquisite recital of ABT's "Good-night, my Dearest Child," were most forcible. In "The Bohemian Girl" Mme. PAREPA-ROSA's delivery of "The Star Spangled Banner,"—executed by request—and Mr. SANTLEY's beautiful and impressive interpretation of "The Heart Bowed Down," elicited the most marked demonstrations of satisfaction. In the selection from "Il Trovatore," Mr. SANTLEY's magnificent singing of "Il balen"—a performance to be remembered—and Herr WACHTEL's magnetic reading of "Di quella pira," were the features. In "Gli Ugonotti," Her WACHTEL's "Ah! dillo ancor," and the closing duet between RAOUL and VALENTINE were loudest applauded. The last scene of all, however, was the most effective. When the curtain fell after the last bar of MEYERBEER's music had been played, a rare demonstration of admiration for the talent of the principal artists, and of gratitude for their labors was made. Mme. PAREPA-ROSA and Herr WACHTEL came first before the drop, and only disappeared to return with Mr. CARL ROSA and Herr NEUENDORFF. A cry for Mr. SANTLEY, proceeding from all parts of the auditorium, compelled the reappearance, in travelling attire, of that gentleman. Then cheers arose, and handkerchiefs were waved and flowers were showered upon artists and managers. The tumult was only ended by the advance of Mr. ROSA in the new rôle of a speech-maker. The skilled and industrious leader approved himself as competent an orator as he is a conductor. In a brief address he thanked the public for their appreciation and support. His words also foreshadowed a speedy renewal of relations between himself and his audience. After so successful a season, the promise was an agreeable one, and it was greeted with evident pleasure. After the exertions and the results of the past few weeks, all persons will await its fulfillment with impatience, but with no doubts as to its fruit.

STATE CONVENTIONS.

Vermont Republican Convention Today—A Large Representation.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

BELLOWS FALLS, Vt., April 30.—The Republican State Convention to choose delegates to Philadelphia meets here to-morrow. Many delegates are already here, and the Convention will be a large one. Hon. FREDERICK BILLINGS, of Woodstock, will preside, and a delegation of strong and leading men like Ex-Gov. SMITH, HORACE FAIRBANK, Ex-Judge STEELE, Hon. G. W. GRANDEY and others will be selected to represent Vermont in the National Convention. The resolutions will strongly indorse President GRANT, and probably COLFAX, for renomination.

The North Carolina Democratic Convention at Greensboro.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

GREENSBORO, April 30.—Large delegations to the Democratic State Convention have already arrived. Hon. SAMUEL F. CAREY, of Ohio, made a speech to them this afternoon, in front of the Benbow House. He indorsed the Democratic Party, and said he was with them in any measures that would result in defeating GRANT. He was vociferously cheered throughout.

G. M. A.

THE WEATHER.

Synopsis and Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, May 1—1 A. M.—The barometer continues highest over the Atlantic States. Clear and partially cloudy weather, with easterly to southerly winds, is prevailing from New-England to Florida. Cloudy and threatening weather and rain from the western Gulf to the lakes.

PROBABILITIES.

The barometer will continue falling from the lower lakes to the East and Middle Atlantic coasts. Cloudy weather and rain will prevail over the Middle States very generally by Wednesday morning, and extend over New-England during the day; cloudy and threatening weather and probably rain over the Southern States; north-westerly winds and clearing weather throughout the Mississippi Valley, and extend over the upper lakes region and to the Ohio Valley. Cautionary signals continue at Milwaukee, Chicago, Grand Haven, Detroit, Toledo and Cleveland.

Tammany Hall Committee on Organization.

The Committee on Organization of the Tammany Hall Party met yesterday afternoon at the wigwam in Fourteenth-street. JOHN W. CHANDLER called the meeting to order, and on motion of Ex-Judge DODGE, ABRAHAM S. HEWITT was elected Chairman. E. M. PLUM and WM. WALSH were elected Secretaries. A subcommittee on by-laws was appointed, consisting of J. W. Chandler, W. Walsh, Thomas A. Ledwith, E. J. Shandley, and James E. Coulter.

The resolution adopted by the State Central Committee:

> "That hereafter no delegate shall be received from the City of New-York unless he shall have been elected by an Assembly District Convention," and "without the call of any Central Committee,"

was indorsed, and the meeting adjourned.

Controller Green After the City Debtors.

Controller GREEN has instituted an investigation into the matter of arrearages of payments due the City on various accounts, such as bonds and mortgages, interest on bonds and mortgages, and rents for ferries, docks and slips, water lots, market cellars, houses, &c., amounting in the aggregate to nearly $2,000,000, and in many cases remaining overdue for several years. Some of these arrearages may be put down as bad debts, which through remissness or corruption of the City officers whose duty it was to make the collections, or proceed against defaulting parties, have been allowed to be outlawed; but a large portion of them are considered good, and the Controller has determined upon taking vigorous measures for their collection.

The Defrauded Soldiers and Sailors.

A meeting of the Association of Veteran Soldiers and Sailors who have been defrauded of their bounties by the alleged swindling operations of Ex-Collector HERRMANN, was held at No. 26 Delancy-street, last night. A letter was received from Senator ROSCOE CONKLING, acknowledging the receipt of a petition to Gen. GRANT asking him to recommend to Congress the enactment of a special law providing for an indemnification of the defrauded money. A report was also received stating that a suit has been instituted against ANDREW WILLMANN and others, the bondsmen in the case, for the recovery of the money. A petition to Congress was signed by the members present, praying for the passage of Bill No. 1,738, which provides for an increase of the pension of those soldiers and sailors who are permanently disabled.

ALBANY.

The Governor Vetoes the Committee of Seventy's Charter.

The Assembly Decide to Sustain His Action.

The Brooklyn Ferry Bill—Mr. Judd's Jury Bill—The Late Senator Hardenburgh—Death of the Clerk of the Assembly—The Tax Levy.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Tuesday, April 30, 1872.

The only feature of interest in the proceedings of the Assembly to-day, was the reception of the Governor's veto of the Seventy's Charter. The veto was handed in by the Governor's Secretary soon after the Assembly convened, and printed copies of the document were simultaneously distributed among the members. The lobbies of the Assembly Chamber were crowded with spectators, among whom New-York office-holders and politicians were largely represented, including Commissioner Van Nort, Aldermen Conover and Wilder, Surveyor Cornell, Geo. Bliss, Judge Waterbury, Michael Farrell, and many others. The Committee of Seventy were represented by Hon. JOHN WHEELER, who looked sorely disappointed at seeing his Winter's work brought to naught through the perversity of a Democratic Governor. A motion was made to suspend the reading of the Veto message after the Clerk had got through with the first three or four pages, but it was voted down and the Assembly listened patiently to the reading of the whole document. At the conclusion the Speaker announced the question before the House to be: "Shall the bill pass notwithstanding the objections of the Governor?" Mr. ALVORD was the first to answer, and declared himself in favor of sustaining the veto. He said he felt himself placed under circumstances of peculiar embarrassment. The objections to the charter advanced by the Governor he considered in the main sound, and they were substantially the same as held by himself when he voted for the charter. He thought, however, that this Legislature owed it to itself and to the people of the City of New-York, not to adjourn without making some provision for reorganizing the government of that City. If the Seventy's Charter should be passed over the Governor's veto, he believed it would lead to confusion, and perhaps riot and bloodshed. After some further remarks in the way of apology for having voted for a charter that he believed to be unconstitutional and impracticable, he closed by expressing the hope that the veto would be sustained. Mr. HUSTED followed, and expressed himself also opposed to the passage of the charter over the veto. He said he believed the only form of proper government was that based upon the Constitution of the United States, and when he voted for this cumulative provision, he voted for it as an experiment, and believed it to be unconstitutional, and destined to failure, and believing so, when the roll was called he would have no hesitation in now recording his name in the negative.

Mr. ALBERGER said this charter had been discussed at great length in both Houses, but he was free to say that this is not the best plan which could be devised for New-York, and he had sustained it as an experiment. The whole mass of the body politic in that City had been festering with corruption, and its citizens were justified in trying something different from previous charters, in order, if possible, to find a remedy for this corruption. He was as willing to go for it now as an experiment as he was at first, and he desired to know what we proposed to do, what was proposed to take its place in case of its failure? He wanted his friends to consider what would be the result if this charter failed, and whether it would not result in restoring Tammany to power in that City.

Mr. VEDDER had voted for the charter under protest, believing the cumulative voting principle unconstitutional. He had examined the question very fully, and was thoroughly satisfied in that regard. He admitted that he with his companions on this floor, were very weak-kneed in voting for what they deemed wrong, and gave the gentleman from Ulster (Mr. LOUGHRAN) the credit for being the only Republican manly enough to vote according to his convictions. He proposed to redeem his manhood and vote to sustain the Governor.

Mr. I. D. BROWN regretted that this matter had been withheld until the heels of the session. He believed the majority on this floor had been actuated by a desire to give New-York a good charter, and the Republicans in this House had made haste to pass such a measure. He detailed the history of the charter since it had passed the House, and said he thought it would be more to the credit of certain gentlemen if they had voted according to their convictions as now stated at first. He did not believe the cumulative feature to be unconstitutional, but he thought perhaps on account of its novelty, and it being in the nature of an experiment, it might better have been left out. He insisted, however, that as he read the Constitution, this principle provided for elections by the people. He said the entire charter might be regarded as an experiment, and it was argued by those who were fighting corruption in New-York City that something different was required to rescue that City from corruption. In view of the amount of political corruption that has existed in that City, it is a singular fact, he said, that no experiment in the way of an effort that shall correct the enormous evils afflicting that City can succeed. He had great respect for the gentlemen that preceded him, but as we could not now turn and make a charter for New-York, he would not go with those who would change their views with every wind, and obey the beck of a Democratic Executive, and he claimed that the merit of honest purpose should be accorded him in doing so.

Mr. GRIFFIN thought it an admitted fact that the question in this charter is an experiment, and he thought it should be tried on some smaller city than the great City of New-York. He regarded it as an unsafe experiment to take from the Mayor the power of appointment, which has always belonged to him, and give it to the Common Council. He thought it wiser to vest this power in some one man than in a number of men, and for this reason he should vote to sustain the Governor.

Mr. TWOMBLY had found many good and pure men in New-York who had deemed the cumulative provision constitutional, and he had deferred to them, but at the same time his convictions had told him that it was unconstitutional, and he had determined if it were vetoed on this ground to sustain the veto. He did not believe the failure of the charter would result in disaster. The people's welfare does not depend upon any piece of parchment, and they have now a charter under which they have derived marked benefits, and he had no doubt if it were administered by a Reform Government the people could be secure in all their rights under it.

Mr. SMYTH voted for the charter in the conviction that it was constitutional. He still believed it to be so, and recognizing it as coming from a large part of the intelligence of New-York City, he would vote to sustain the charter, and let its constitutional question be tested in the Courts. He was in favor of trying this experiment in New-York City.

Mr. BURNS then moved the previous question, which was ordered, and the veto was sustained by a vote of 80 to 37.

The following were the yeas and nays on passing the charter over the veto:

YEAS—Messrs. Alberger, I. H. Babcock, Beckwith, E. Brown, I. D. Brown, Burns, Burritt, Enos, Ford, Fort, Geib, Goss, Gregory, Holdridge, Hollister, Hyatt, Judd, Kennedy, Kilian, Kingsland, Knapp, Knettles, Lippitt, Lott, Moulton, Murdock, Pell, Prince, Rice, Shepardson, Smiley, Smyth, Speaker, Springsted, Swain, A. L. Van Dusen, Wyman—37.

NAYS—Messrs. Abbott, Aitken, Alvord, D. L. Babcock, Badeau, Bemus, Bennett, Berri, Blair, Buckley, Buell, Campbell, Carroll, Chamberlain, Chambers, Cook, Couchman, Crandall, Dunphy, Dykeman, Eastman, Fields, Foley, Fowler, Goring, Green, Greenhalgh, Griffin, Hart, Haughton, A. L. Hayes, J. Hayes, Healy, Herrick, A. Hill, D. B. Hill, Houghton, Hungerford, Husted, Jacobs, Lewis, Lincoln, G. D. Lord, G. P. Lord, Loughran, Lynde, Mackay, Marcy, Moore, Morton, Moseley, Mosner, Niles, Oakley, Pierce, Rev. Roche, Rose, Sage, Simson, Sniper, Snyder, Squires, Strahan, Tilden, D. Tomkins, M. M. Tompkins, Tucker, Twombly, W. J. Van Dusen, Vedder, Wells, West, Whitbeck, White, Whitaker, Wiley, Woodward, Woolsey, Yeomans—80.

GOV. HOFFMAN'S VETO.

GOV. HOFFMAN, in rendering his veto, after remarking that he returns the Assembly bill without approval, recites that in considering charters for cities and villages he has not interposed the Executive veto when a difference of opinion existed between the Legislature and himself only on minor details. In this case, however, an important principle is involved, which is contrary to the fundamental principles of good government, and is likely to lead to great evils, it seeking to establish in a single city a system of voting different to that in other parts of the country. The Governor says:

"In passing this bill, the Legislature could hardly have expected that I would approve of it. On the contrary, it must have anticipated, from the opinions expressed on the subject of City government in my annual message, that I could not give to it the sanction of my official signature. I regret that final action upon it has been delayed to so late a period in the session. It has been stated in argument before me that, in its main features, this bill accords with my own views heretofore expressed. The fact is, it is in direct opposition to the recommendations of my annual message, which recommendations were founded upon eight years of official experience in connection with the government of the City of New-York, and which, I have reason to believe, have received the approval of almost every intelligent man who has a practical knowledge of the workings of that Government. The bill is understood by many as conferring ample power upon the Mayor, as Chief Executive of the City. It, in fact, leaves him almost without power and subordinate, in the matter of administration, to the Common Council, in whom is vested the appointment of those who control the several Departments of the City Government. All this is opposed to the best experience in matters of government, and, in fact, in all matters of private business. A single executive with responsibility concentrated upon him for the acts of subordinates is the first condition of good administration in public or private affairs. Any other method of administration always results in neglect and abuses for which no one can be held to blame. It will be impossible, under this charter, to fix responsibility for maladministration on any man. The responsibility will be shared by so many that the usual moral restraints of conscience and of personal shame at wrong-doing will be weakened so as scarcely to be felt. A man is capable of shame and sensitive to public opinion and public odium. A large body of men, countenancing each other and knowing that the blame of their joint action will be divided among many, are, as experience shows, much less likely to be influenced by these natural restraints upon human conduct." * * * * * * A fundamental principle of the American forms of government and in fact of all wise government, is that the Executive, the Legislative and the Judicial Departments shall be separated from each other; that each has its proper sphere of action: and that no one of these shall be charged with or permitted to exercise the functions of one of the others. This charter throws aside this principle, recognized by the American people and approved by the experience of the world. Nowhere on this continent is it so essentially a condition of good government as in the City of New-York that the chief executive officer should be clothed with ample power, have full control over all subordinate administrative departments, and so be subject to an undivided responsibility to the people, and to public opinion, for all errors, short-comings and wrong-doings by subordinate officers. The administration of the affairs of that great City should be in the hands of some one on whom the public gaze is always concentrated, and from whom it cannot be diverted on the plea that others share his responsibility and power."

The Governor continues that the stripping away of the Mayor's power shifts the responsibility upon so many persons that it is difficult to fix the odium of maladministration upon any one in particular. As men in private business intrust executive duties to one head, to whom subordinates are responsible, so should it be done in public affairs, which should be managed with all the experience derived from every quarter. The Constitution of the United States affords the best model of a government. The country has done well under it for a century, and no form of government has stood successfully so severe a test as ours. We have made a mistake in changing the Constitution of this State from that pattern. The City of New-York, which contains a larger population than did our own State a few years ago, and has revenues and expenditures exceeding those of the Federal Government thirty years since, may consistently demand a charter whose main features shall be derived from a consideration of the main features of the Federal Constitution. Hardly an American citizen would wish to transfer the powers of the President to Congress, but, on the contrary, there are many who think Congress even now infringes too greatly upon the President's proper duty in pressing recommendations of candidates for office. The best and wisest men, in large numbers, would blunder in executive duties, because of the lack of prompt decision and unity of will which are found in a good executive officer. In regard to cumulative voting, he says:

"The remedy which is relied upon against the evils of misgovernment under this charter, is the cumulative system of voting, which it introduces in order to secure fuller representation of the minority. It is claimed that this will result not only in a better class of representatives, but in greater power, on the part of the minority, to restrain the majority. Nine Aldermen are to be elected in each district, and every elector is authorized, instead of voting once for each one of nine candidates, to cast, if he chooses so to do, nine votes for any one candidate, or to cast three votes each for any three candidates, and so on. This plan seeks to let the party which is in a minority in any political subdivision put into office its candidate, in spite of the opposition of the political majority. Experiments are now being tried, in one or two of the other States, of this cumulative method of voting as to some of their local elections; but these have been inaugurated so recently that they afford us no guide to sound judgment derived from actual practice and experience. A city of a million of inhabitants is not the place for trying experiments in government, especially an experiment which many of the most thoughtful of our people believe to be visionary, impracticable and unconstitutional. It would be much wiser for us to await the results of the trials now going on elsewhere."

Upon the question of the constitutionality of the charter, he argues that many of the ablest lawyers of the State have declared it unconstitutional. It is said that the election as regulated by this charter is not an election in the sense in which that word was understood at the time the Constitution was made, and in the sense that it has always been understood. An election is the choice of a public officer by his receiving a larger number of votes than any other candidate in the district entitled to fill the office, all the electors being entitled to vote once at such election for a candidate for the place to be filled. It is suggested, also, that the Constitution guarantees that all electors shall be entitled to vote for all officers who are to be elected by the people, and that if any elector exercises his right to vote once for each of the nine Aldermen to be chosen for his district, his single vote as to any one of the candidates cannot be overridden by one of his neighbors voting nine times for some one man for the same place without an infraction of his equal right of suffrage as an elector under the Constitution. There is, therefore, reason to fear that the election ordered under this charter might be declared invalid at a time when the Legislature is not in session, and that, meanwhile, great confusion may prevail in the affairs of the City. Although a threat of litigation is not a sufficient reason why the Legislature should not pass a law, or the Governor refuse to approve it, yet when the doubts of its constitutionality are so great there is reason for passing it by, when not called for by over-ruling necessity. The fundamental principle of our Government is that in all questions submitted to the people, the majority decides. When a change is contemplated it should be tried, not by sanction of Legislature only, but with the careful deliberation which pertains to revisions of the Constitution. In regard to the dangers which hedge upon minority representation, the Governor says: "In all free Governments the people divide themselves into two great parties. It is a natural, useful and wholesome division; it insures a large body of men among the people interested in and intent upon fault-finding with the party in power and struggling, by means of exposure of their errors, to bring over to the side of the minority enough of the electors to convert it into a majority, and so to take over the government. Under the new system of voting, the minority would carry in their candidate, without effort. The majority do the same. In a district where it is known that the political majority usually casts about two-thirds of the whole vote, there being nine Aldermen to be elected, the caucus or nominating convention of the political majority will naturally concentrate all their votes upon six candidates; the caucus of the minority will concentrate on three. There will be no actual contest before the people. The decrees of the party caucuses will be absolute. Neither side will be in fear, lest, by putting forward unfit candidates, it may lose the election. For the two parties will be acting at the polls not against each other, but independent each of the other. This condition of things, where the decrees of the party caucuses, on both sides, are final, naturally gives rise to secret combinations between the leaders on both sides for an agreed upon division of power, against which combinations the mass of the voters might, under this system, struggle in vain.

The effect of this system of voting will be to increase very largely the power in politics of men who have a personal following, in the shape of clubs and associations, formed to promote the success of one man in local politics. This cumulative system confers a higher value on the vote of any man corrupt enough to sell it. So far as the minority is concerned, it ought to be represented at its proper value in public councils, but the majority must govern. The useful sphere of the minority is to keep a watch upon the actions of the majority. Just so far as the minority is admitted to a share in actual administration of government, just so far is it weakened for the proper performance of the duty of keeping up a watchful vigilance. An administration that has its corps of defenders in both political parties will be much more likely to continue improper practices than if it relies for defense only on its own party friends, and feels that the opposite party is ready, in solid ranks, promptly to assail it if guilty of wrong doing.

The government of the majority is the only Government recognized by the Constitution of the United States and of the State. The majority rule prevails not only in Government of States and State, but in municipal and moneyed corporations. It is a most dangerous political experiment to put a plan which has been as yet untried anywhere, in operation in the great City of New-York.

The finances of the City are to be put by the charter in the charge of a Board of five persons, of whom the Controller is one. He is to be appointed by the Mayor, the others by the Common Council. No man of self-respect and ability would take an office where every decision of his, in small matters and great, is liable to be overruled by the votes of his associates.

The Department of Public Works is organized in the same way, and it is proposed to merge the Department of Docks in the former, while the Department of Parks, of much less importance, is continued as a separate Department, with the usual force of five Commissioners.

The Department of Public Charities has an unwise restraint placed upon it by the charter. While authorized to grant aid, with the approval of the Board of Aldermen, to institutions managed by private associations, it is provided to withhold aid from those managed by sectarian or religious denominations. There is no wisdom nor justice in discriminating against those institutions which, while relieving physical suffering and want, choose to furnish in addition the consolations of religion to young and old. Aid should be afforded without considerations of the religious character or tenets of applicants. The teachers, numbering over 2,500 persons in New-York, will be thrown out of employment. Their claim to remain in their position is quite as valid as that of the policemen, who are not molested. The provisions of the charter placing the absolute control of the Police, Health, Fire, and Building Department in the hands of a Board of Safety, appointed by the Common Council, is dangerous.

No member of this Board can be removed by the Mayor or by the Governor upon charges of misconduct; they are amenable alone to the Common Council. The Governor remarks that he believes many members of the Legislature voted for the act under the impression that the gentlemen of the City of New-York who prepared it had looked well into the subject and considered it in all its bearings. The objections, he trusts, which he has presented will be sufficient to induce them to sustain his veto. He concludes as follows:

"I do not admit that misgovernment in the City is proof of the failure of republican government. Republican government, under a wise and well-considered charter, with a proper distribution of power, has not yet been tried in the great Metropolis. When the Legislature gives to New-York Municipal Government in conformity with the general idea of American institutions, it performs its whole duty. All further responsibility is on the people of New-York City themselves. The people there have recently proved themselves capable of righting their own wrongs. If they culpably neglect their own affairs, if they will not give to their own political affairs the same attention which the rest of the people, in their several localities, are in the habit of giving, they must suffer the consequences. No self-acting machinery can be devised which will suffice to do the work which the people themselves are bound to do. Complicated machinery will serve only to invite combinations of designing men, whose operations can be concealed under it. Give to the City a chief executive with full power to appoint all heads of administrative departments. Let him have power to remove his subordinates, being required to publicly assign his reasons. The people will try the question whether he abuses this power of removal. Make him the head of the Police in the same manner as the Governor is head of the National Guard, with proper protection for the members of the force against removal while faithful to duty. Make him responsible personally for all waste or improper expenditure by requiring from him, through the Department of Finance, an estimate of what money is needed for the support of the Government and its various departments before any appropriation is made. Give to the people full representation in the Common Council, and confine it to legislative duties, and exclude it from administrative. Give to it the power to reduce estimates of expenditure but not to increase them, the power to limit expenditure, but not to originate appropriations. Give full power to the Common Council and Mayor to regulate the local taxes, to expend each year, what money they think fit, in cash expenditures, but limit rigidly by law their power to incur debts. If the expenditures be wasteful, let the people feel it in their taxes and let them apply the corrective. Make the Mayor removable for misconduct by the Governor. All other provisions of the charter could be drawn by any one. They are mere matters of routine and precedent. Then the Mayor can rightfully be held, as this charter says he should be, "responsible for the good order and efficient government of the City," and would feel himself to be so. Add such provisions as shall secure frequent publication of the expenditures and transactions of the City Government, ready access of tax-payers to the City accounts, and opportunities to the people to change their Chief Magistrate at short intervals, and all the safeguards of good government are furnished.

With such a charter the people of the City of New-York should be told, in plain terms, by the Legislature, that they must do their share, as the people do elsewhere, in looking after their local affairs, and so contributing their part to the maintenance of Republican government. From special legislation on the subject and from applications from year to year, for amendments to the charter, the Legislature should resolutely turn away.

I am aware that this charter has been prepared under the auspices of a committee of seventy prominent citizens of New-York, who have recently done good public service in another way, some of whom have been conversant with public affairs, but many of whom are of the class that has heretofore neglected giving any time or attention to such matters. I have entire respect for the intentions of this Committee, but cannot let its judgment control mine.

So convinced am I that great and disastrous evils to the City are likely to grow out of the enactment of this charter, that if I knew every man in the City of New-York was clamoring for it, I would not give it my approval.

THE BROOKLYN FERRY BILL.

Mr. BENNETT asked unanimous consent that the bill regulating the Brooklyn ferries (known as GEO. LAW'S) be put upon its final passage. He said the matters in dispute between the ferry company and the people of Williamsburg had been settled by a compromise, which was embodied in the present bill which had passed the Senate unanimously. Mr. HERRICK objected, and the bill was laid aside, but there is no doubt of its passage when it comes up in its regular order.

MR. JUDD'S JURY BILL.

The bill to improve the qualifications of jurors, which was recalled from the Governor on Saturday for amendment, was reconsidered, and, after the amendment had been inserted, was again passed. The amendment (which was made at the suggestion of the Governor and a Judge of the Court of Appeals) provides that the Court shall be satisfied that the person proposed as a juror does not entertain such present opinion as would influence his verdict as a juror.

THE LATE SENATOR HARDENBERGH.

Resolutions eulogistic of the late Senator HARDENBERGH were presented in both Houses near the close of the morning session and elicited appropriate remarks from Senators Murphy, Lewis, Bowen, Madden and Cook, and from Assemblymen Alvord, Jacobs, Woolsey, Husted, A. Hill, Fields I. D. Brown and Speaker Smith. The members of both Houses attended the funeral services at Congress Hall and followed the remains to the depot, whence they were conveyed to Kingston, the residence of the deceased.

DEATH OF THE CLERK OF THE ASSEMBLY.

The Assembly had scarcely adjourned, and but few members had left the Chamber, when a messenger arrived with the news that the Clerk of the House, Mr. CORNELIUS UNDERWOOD, had just expired at his residence, Stanwix Hall. Mr. UNDERWOOD was taken ill last week with typhoid pneumonia, induced by overwork and the unwholesome air of the Assembly Chamber. He had served as deputy and journal clerk many years before being elected chief clerk, and was among the most experienced and popular officers that the Assembly has ever had. He was fifty-eight years of age, and leaves a family.

THE NEW-YORK CITY TAX LEVY.

The Senate this morning took up and reconsidered the ten and three-quarters per cent. Tax Levy, which failed on Saturday for want of one vote, and passed it—yeas 20, nays 2.

SPIRITUAL CONSOLATION TO CONVICTS.

The bill to permit clergymen to visit prisoners in the State's Prison, which failed last week, was taken up again in the Senate this morning on reconsideration, and was finally beaten. The argument against the bill, that it would open the prison doors for confederates of felons to enter and confer with them under the guise of clergymen, was regarded as unanswerable, and it was this and no sectarian feeling that led to the defeat of the bill.

ANOTHER BILL RELATIVE TO CLAIMS AGAINST THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

Mr. O'BRIEN introduced in the Senate today the following bill:

SECTION 1. The Controller of the City of New-York is hereby authorized and directed within twenty days after the passage of this act to make payment of the amount due the employes of the Department of Buildings in the City of New-York for claims for salaries from the 1st day of January, 1872, to the 30th day of April, 1872, inclusive, the sums to be such amount as is certified to be so due by the Superintendent of Buildings in the City of New-York, in addition to the amount set apart, apportioned and appropriated by the Board of Apportionment and Audit, in said City, for the salaries of the said employes for the said period. And to provide for said payment the said Controller is hereby authorized and required to issue revenue bonds of the City and County of New-York in such form and manner as he may prescribe, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding seven per cent. per annum, payable in the discretion of the said Controller within ten years from the date of said bonds respectively, which said bonds shall not be issued for less than their par value.

SEC. 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

The Fourth-Avenue Track Bill—A Commission to Draft a Charter—Death of Mr. Underwood—Probable Veto of the Beach Pneumatic.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 30.—The Senate, this evening, had up, as the special order, the bill to sink the Fourth-avenue track on the plan reported in the Assembly last week by Mr. WHITBECK as a satisfactory compromise, and which passed that body by a vote of 92 to 20. Several amendments were proposed, all of which were voted down. Messrs. TIEMANN and BENEDICT strongly urged an amendment throwing a portion of the expense of the improvement on the property benefited. They were supported by Messrs. D. P. WOOD and ADAMS, the former of whom moved to amend so that the Central road should pay one-quarter of the expense, the Harlem one-half and the City one-quarter. This was voted down as soon as the Senators could get a chance. So was an amendment, offered by Mr. TIEMANN, to make Westchester, Dutchess, Putnam and Columbia Counties each pay one-eighth of the expense. The bill was finally ordered to a third reading substantially in the form it left the Assembly.

Senator PALMER offered a resolution for the appointment of a commission, consisting of Gov. Salomon, Charles O'Conor, Judge Edmonds, Ex-Mayor Opdyke and J. B. Varnum, to draft a charter for the City of New-York, to be reported to the next Legislature on or before the 16th of January, 1873. The same Senator gave notice that he should at as early a day as possible introduce a bill amending the charter of 1870 in conformity with the necessities of the City, pending the report of the Commissioners above named. Any vacancy occurring in the Commission by death, resignation or refusal to serve is to be filled by the Governor.

The death of CORNELIUS S. UNDERWOOD, Clerk of the Assembly, was announced in that body this evening, and eulogies were pronounced by Messrs. Alvord, Moseley, Fields, Vedder, Morton, Berri, Houghton, Griffin, Rose, and others, and a committee of five was appointed to attend his funeral, which will take place at Auburn.

During the argument before Gov. HOFFMAN this morning against the Beach Pneumatic Railroad, the Governor is said to have intimated very plainly that he should veto the bill.

EXCISE MONEYS.

Correspondence Between Controller Green and the Board.

In answer to a communication, dated the 15th inst., addressed by Controller GREEN to the Commissioners of Excise of this City, in which he says: "Upon examination I find that only four deposits were made to the credit of the sinking fund in 1871, and three in 1872 at various intervals of time, while no deposits have been made in the City Treasury of the ten per cent. deducted during these years, or account rendered as to the payment made, or in what manner the balance deposited is made up." Mr. JOHN F. WILLIAMS, President of the Board, replied, under date of the 18th, that the Excise Board was organized in May, 1870, and from that date to the 30th of April, 1871, there were deposited with the City Chamberlain to the credit of the sinking fund various sums aggregating $292,331 18. The Board of Apportionment, to whose credit chapter 583, laws of 1871, directed the Excise moneys to be deposited, did not organize until June. On the 28th June, 1871, the Excise Board received a communication from the Board of Apportionment, directing them to pay over to the latter Board any Excise funds which might be in their hands. Since the receipt of this communication the Excise Board had paid over $292,544. The unsettled condition of affairs in the Controller's Department, consequent upon late developments, suggested to the Commissioners of Excise, says Mr. WILLIAMS, that it would be less embarrassing to the Department, if they made their own disbursements; hence, since the 1st of September last, they have done so; but from the 1st of May next, they will send for liquidation to the Finance Department all claims and bills which may arise against them.

Controller GREEN has made the following reply to the letter of Mr. WILLIAMS:

APRIL 27.

To the Honorable the Commissioners of Excise:

I have received your communication of the 18th inst., and would state in reply that while the memoranda of the amounts deposited by you with the City Chamberlain agrees with the entries made in this office, I do not find the information asked for in my note of the 15th inst., viz.: The actual amount received by your Board for licenses during the years 1871 and 1872, and what disposal has been made of the moneys as received. I suppose the amount deposited to be ninety per cent. of such receipts. You furnish no account of the remaining ten per cent., except that you have made your own disbursements, which the law does not authorize. I respectfully direct your attention to the requirements of section 48, chapter 383, laws of 1870, that all moneys shall be paid to the Chamberlain "within five days after receipt thereof," and request your compliance therewith. You propose to correct the irregularities of your mode of payments after the 1st of May next. Will you furnish me with a complete statement in detail of the transactions of your Board to that date, in order that the accounts in this office may be properly written up?

Very respectfully yours,
ANDREW H. GREEN, Controller.

The following is Mr. WILLIAMS' reply:

To Andrew H. Green, Controller:

SIR: I beg leave to acknowledge the receipt of your favor, and to say in reply, that the Treasurer of the Board of Excise will furnish you in a day or two with a full statement of the actual amount received by this Board for licenses during the years 1871 and 1872, and of the disposition made of the moneys so received, and that in future all moneys received by this Board for licenses shall, within five days after the receipt thereof, be deposited with the City Chamberlain.

Yours respectfully, JOHN H. WILLIAMS,
President of the Board of Excise.

The Stokes Case—Motion in Arrest of Judgment—The Motion Denied.

The case of EDWARD S. STOKES, indicted for the murder of JAMES FISK, JR., came up in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, yesterday, before Judge CARDOZO, on a motion to settle the bill of exceptions, over forty in number, taken on behalf of the prisoner. District-Attorney GARVIN appeared on behalf the people, and Messrs. JOHN GRAHAM, JOHN MCKEON and ELBRIDGE J. GERRY for the prisoner. The leading points in the bill of exceptions have been already specially noticed in the TIMES, besides appearing in the general report of the preliminary trial involving the regularity of the Grand Jury panel. The Judge was now merely called upon to settle a difference of opinion existing between the opposing counsel as to whether the wording of certain of the exceptions, and the points to which they were taken, was in conformity with what had actually taken place at the trial. Most of these disputed points were settled by the Judge in conformity with the official record of the Court stenographer, and the remainder allowed or disallowed by the concurrence of counsel on both sides. The form of the exceptions being settled, it was stated by counsel that a corrected copy would be made and presented to the Court today for signature.

Mr. ELBRIDGE T. GERRY, one of the prisoner's counsel, then made a motion in arrest of judgment, on which six specific grounds assail more especially the force and validity of the position assumed by the people upon the issues raised and presented by his special plea.

The prisoner having taken his seat near his counsel, the Court pronounced its formal judgment.

Mr. MCKEON then asked if counsel could not have a few days to decide on what course they would next pursue, to which the Judge responded that they could.

The Court was then adjourned to this morning, and the prisoner remanded in custody of the Sheriff.

Rewarding a Brave Man—Officer Tully's Medal.

Officer BERNARD TULLY, of the Nineteenth Precinct Station, has been presented with a handsome silver medal by Superintendent KELSO on behalf of the Police Commissioners. It is presented as a mark of appreciation for his services as an officer in arresting a burglar, at the risk of his life, who was making depredations in the basement of the house No. 54 West Fiftieth-street on the afternoon of the 17th of last August. There were two burglars in the house at the time, and when Officer TULLY attempted to arrest one of them, his pal fired a shot, which just grazed him and passed through a door. After a desperate struggle, TULLY succeeded in overpowering the man in his grasp, and the other fled. The burglar SIMPSON was tried, convicted, and sentenced to Sing Sing. While he was being taken there, he jumped, hand-cuffed, through the window of the car, and was instantly killed.

The badge is oval shaped, and upon one side is engraved:

"BERNARD TULLY. Presented for arresting a burglar at risk of his life, Aug. 17, 1871."

Upon the opposite side is the City coat of arms, and beneath the names of the Police Commissioners, Henry Smith, James S. Bosworth, Benjamin F. Manierre, Thomas. J. Barr, A. Oakey Hall, *de facto.*

The badge is tastefully designed, a handsome wreath surrounding the inscription, and the engraving is excellent. Officer TULLY, it will be remembered, was seriously injured in the affray in which Officer LAMBRECHT received his death wounds. A ruffian struck him in the forehead with a stone, fracturing his skull and inflicting, as was then thought, fatal injuries. He was taken to the hospital and then removed to his house, where he remained for three weeks before he was considered out of danger. The gash over his left eye is closed up, but still unsightly. The sun affects him so powerfully that it is not thought advisable to put him on out-door duty for the ensuing Summer. Officer TULLY has done his best to rid the Nineteenth Precinct of the crowd of ruffians which hang around, destroying and stealing property and assaulting defenseless citizens, and it is gratifying to learn that he has been presented with such a token of esteem in appreciation of his valuable services.

The Special Sessions Convicts Discharged from the Penitentiary and Remanded for Trial.

In the important matter of the application of over 250 convicts, sentenced by the Court of Special Sessions to the Penitentiary, to be discharged on the ground that the Court was unlawfully constituted, Judge BRADY yesterday rendered his decision, discharging the prisoners from the Penitentiary, but remanding them for a new trial. After stating that the convicts did not claim that the evidence against them was insufficient or questionable, or that they were guiltless of the offense charged, he said they must be discharged from the Penitentiary and remanded to the Tombs for a new trial, and that in this trial the punishment already suffered should, *ex debito justitiæ*, be accredited in the penalty that may be imposed.

NEW-YORK AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

NEW-YORK.

The mineral springs in Central Park will open to-morrow.

The Court of General Sessions yesterday adjourned for the term.

The Importers' and Grocers' Board of Trade will hold its regular monthly meeting today at 2 P. M.

The steam-boat *Tiger Lily* commences her Summer trips from Harlem Bridge to High Bridge today.

The body of an unknown man was found yesterday in the water at Pier No. 1 North River, and removed to the Morgue.

The members of the Produce Exchange will meet today to vote on certain amendments to the by-laws proposed by the Board of Managers.

Controller GREEN has paid the following amounts, viz.: Police Department for month of April, $253,000; Fire Department for same, $89,700 67.

The Farmer's Club met at their rooms in Cooper Institute yesterday to listen to Mr. MERCER on the climate, soil, minerals, timber, &c., of Puget Sound.

A billiard exhibition will be given at CYRILLE DION'S rooms, No. 243 Broadway, this afternoon, by GOLDTHWAITE, DION, GUILLETTE and other well-known players.

GEO. O'BRIEN, aged six, while playing in front of his residence, No. 317 East Fifty-ninth street, yesterday, was run over by car No. 130 of the Belt line, and severely injured.

The remains of an unknown man, apparently about fifty years of age, were found yesterday in the East River, at Nineteenth-street, and were taken to the Morgue.

Bishop L. T. JONES announces that A. M. E. Zion Church of America will open its Conference in Shiloh Presbyterian Church, corner of Prince and Marion streets, at noon today.

DOMINICK HEALY was brought before Commissioner SHIELDS, yesterday, on a charge of offering for sale cigars that were not properly stamped. He was committed for examination.

CHARLES ANATHAN died at the Park Hospital, yesterday, from injuries received on the 18th of March, by having one of his feet crushed between the bridge and a boat at Fulton Ferry.

WM. ADDISON, a colored lad, of No. 136 West Seventeenth-street, died yesterday from injuries received on the 10th ult., by being run over by car No. 58 of the Sixth-avenue Railroad.

FRANK SCHRYVER was arrested in Troy and brought to this City, yesterday, on a charge of robbing the house No. 14 Abingdon-square of property to the value of $150. The property was recovered.

An unknown man died on the Williamsburg ferry-boat *Oneida*, yesterday, from the sudden rupture of a blood-vessel. The body was removed to the Fourth-street Police Station in Williamsburg.

The Grand Jury of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, yesterday, handed in a number of indictments, all of ordinary character, and were discharged from further attendance, with the thanks of the Court.

The new Cotton Exchange building, at Hanover-square, will be opened on Saturday next. Brief speeches will probably be made by Mr. HARRISON, the President; Mr. VOORHEES, the Secretary, and others.

Mrs. JANE MADDEN, of No. 231 Mott-street, died in the apartments of MARY FLYNN, No. 279 Mott-street, on Monday night. An inquest was held yesterday, when death was found to have resulted from excessive intemperance.

JOSEPH MARCH, a butcher, of No. 180 Rivington-street, was arrested yesterday on suspicion of having set fire to his place, but on investigation by Fire Marshal MCSPEDON it was found that he was entirely innocent.

HENRY GARNO, aged thirteen, of No. 16 Clarkson-street, was assaulted last evening at the corner of Leroy and Greenwich streets by LIBA CHURCH, of No. 617 Greenwich-street, and severely injured. CHURCH was arrested.

While Patrolman BROWN, of the Sixth Precinct, was examining the door of building No. 488 Pearl-street, yesterday, the cellar door on which he was standing gave way, precipitating him into the cellar and seriously injuring him.

Yesterday the Atlantics finished their series of practice games with junior clubs by a contest against the Burnsides, who were easily defeated by a score of 29 to 10. On Monday the Atlantics and Haymakers, of Troy, play on the Capitoline.

Father BURKE, the Dominican orator, lectured in St. Stephen's Church, last evening, in aid of the Roman Catholic Mission for the conversion of the Southern negroes. The lecture was entitled, "The Catholic Church the True Emancipator."

JAMES KELLY, of No. 429 East Twenty-ninth-street, was found intoxicated yesterday morning in a hallway in Thirteenth-street, and on being picked up, was discovered to be bleeding from a stab-wound in the breast. He was sent to Bellevue Hospital.

WILHELM BURANE, of No. 204 Delancey-street, died yesterday, from injuries received in a quarrel on Saturday night with JAMES COYLE and NICHOLAS GALLAGHER. COYLE and GALLAGHER were arrested, and held to await the result of the inquest today.

JACOB SCHEIR, employed in the butcher-shop of MOSES HAMBURGER, No. 130 East Fourteenth-street, was held for trial by Justice SHANDLEY at Essex Market yesterday, for stealing $221 from his employer. A portion of the stolen money was recovered.

The Board of Police yesterday dismissed Patrolmen MICHAEL DOLAN, of the Tenth, and MICHAEL CLEARY, of the Fifteenth Precinct. Honorable mention was made of Roundsman MEADE, of the Fifth Precinct, for his prompt discovery of a fire on Broadway several nights ago.

THOS. SULLIVAN was arrested yesterday, charged with having on Friday last obtained two cases of French calfskins, valued at $1,800, consigned to A. H. RIETHINGER & Co., of No. 29 Spruce-street, by means of a forged order. He is held to await a requisition from Gov. PARKER, of New-Jersey.

In the Yorkville Police Court, yesterday, PATRICK MULLANE was committed for a felonious assault on JOHN DEANE, of No. 340 East Thirty-sixth-street. HENRY POWERS and JAS. SULLIVAN were also committed for an assault on the conductor of car No. 63, of the Third-avenue line, on Monday night.

In the United States District Court, yesterday, before Judge BLATCHFORD, a piano, a quantity of cloth goods, and a number of gold watches and chains, alleged to have been smuggled into this port in the steamer *Holsatia*, from Hamburg, were condemned by default, no claimant appearing for them.

The Committee of Arrangements of the Saengerbund societies have decided to hold the torchlight procession in honor of FRANZ ABT on Friday evening next. The serenade will be given the same evening at the Belvidere Hotel, corner of Fifteenth-street, where he will lodge as a guest of the Liederkranz Society.

In the extradition case of the United States *vs.* HARRY EDWARDS, reported in yesterday's TIMES, Commissioner OSBORN maintains that it is in the power of the Commissioner, under the statute, without regard to the Extradition Treaty, to hold foreign sailors accused of crime at the request of the Consul.

At a meeting of the Twenty-second Ward Municipal Reform Association last evening, Mr. S. V. COOPER delivered an address in defense of the charter, which he considered did not infringe on the constitution either in spirit or in word. After some discussion on the advisability of joining the "Reform Association," a committee was appointed to confer with that body.

The Seventh Ward Grant Campaign Club, E. S. NEWINS, President, had an enthusiastic meeting last evening, at which they first lighted their fine transparency in front of their rooms in East Broadway. JOHN E. DOWLEY and others made brief addresses on the occasion. Next Tuesday evening a meeting will be held, at which several prominent speakers will be present.

Messrs. CLEWS, HABICHT & Co., the London branch of Messrs. HENRY CLEWS & Co., of this City, have admitted ALEXANDER TAYLOR, Esq., as a resident partner in their firm, the name of which remains unchanged. Mr. TAYLOR withdraws from his banking business here, with which he has been connected for thirty-five years, and will sail for London by the steamer of 11th inst.

CHARLES O'NEILL, convicted of burglary in the Court of General Sessions, was yesterday sent to the State Prison for two years and six months. THOMAS WOOD and CHARLES FOX, charged with receiving stolen goods, were acquitted, and sentence was suspended in the case of JOHN SCHMIDT, who was convicted of grand larceny.

At the annual meeting of the Shareholders of the New-York Society Library, last evening, the following gentlemen were elected Trustees for the ensuing year: C. R. Swords, R. L. Kennedy, C. E. Strong, W. J. Hoppin, O. D. Swan, W. Adams, H. C. Dorr, F. Sheldon, E. A. Duyckinck, F. De Peyster, T. Ward, J. L. Cadwalader, S. P. Nash, E. S. Van Winckle, E. Schell.

In the Court of General Sessions, yesterday, before Judge BEDFORD, an application, was made for a new trial in the case of MICHAEL FARMER, recently convicted of an assault with a dangerous weapon, on the ground that the indictment was inaccurate, as it did not exactly state the kind of weapon used. The Judge denied the application and sentenced FARMER to the Penitentiary for six months.

Early yesterday morning, a fight occurred among a number of disorderly characters in front of a liquor-store in Cherry-street, and while JOHN MCGRATH, of No. 53 Cherry-street, was endeavoring to separate the combatants, he was stabbed three times in the cheek with a pocket-knife by Mr. ARNOLD, and severely wounded. ARNOLD was arrested, and Justice DOWLING committed him to prison.

The Chamber of Commerce meet to-morrow to elect officers for the ensuing year. The ticket reported by the Nominating Committee at the last regular meeting contains the names of the present incumbents for the principal offices, as follows, beside which there are the members of about a dozen committees to be chosen: For President, WILLIAM E. DODGE; for First, Second, Third and Fourth Vice-Presidents, George Opdyke, Walter S. Griffith, William M. Vermilye, Samuel D. Babcock; for Treasurer, Francis S. Lathrop; for Secretary, George Wilson.

At about 9 o'clock last night JOHN BARRY, aged six years, residing at No. 38 Greenwich-street, while standing in front of his residence, was shot in the head by an unknown lad, who was armed with a revolver. The wounded lad was attended by Dr. SHINE, who found the ball imbedded in his right temple, and it was extracted without difficulty. The wound is not of a serious nature. The lad who fired the pistol escaped.

BROOKLYN.

There were 134,298 visitors to Prospect Park last week.

Sewerage bonds to the extent of $50,000 were signed by the Mayor yesterday.

Water Commissioner WM. A. FOWLER was reappointed by Mayor POWELL yesterday. The Republican Commissioners will be named today.

Mad dogs are numerous in Brooklyn. Scarce a day passes without three or four being shot by the Police. Two were so disposed of yesterday.

The Reform Committee of Seventy-five is about to reorganize upon a different basis. The plan of reorganization was decided upon at a meeting held on Monday night last.

JOHN DAVIS was convicted, in the Court of Sessions, yesterday, for being concerned, with others, in robbing Mr. H. B. SCHOLES of the sum of $500 on the night of the 6th of April.

The Bay Flour Mills, on Hamilton-avenue, adjoining the Gowanus Canal, were destroyed by fire at a late hour on Monday night last. The loss, which falls on Messrs. WILSON & Co., is about $7,000. Partially insured.

A fire broke out in the frame dwelling-house No. 995 Prospect-place, about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The loss on building—owned by RICHARD KELLY—is $1,000. The building was occupied by C. CANNON and W. DOWD.

Mayor POWELL yesterday appointed Mr. DANIEL D. BRIGGS a member of the Police Commission. Mr. BRIGGS has been President of the Police Board ever since its reorganization in 1870. The two Republican Commissioners—probably Cols. MORTON and JOURDAN—will receive their appointments today.

A fire occurred yesterday morning in the morocco leather factory of CHRISTOPHER O'CONNOR, corner of North Ninth-street and Seventh-street, Eastern District. The loss on building is estimated at $3,000, and on stock $4,000. The flames communicated to an adjoining structure owned by JAMES WILDLY, which was damaged to the extent of $3,000; insured for $1,500.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

The New-York, Westchester and Boston Railroad, the New-York and Croton River Railroad, and the Pelham and Port Chester Railroad have been consolidated under the title of the first named railroad, for which the surveys have been completed. The southern terminus will be at Port Morris.

The Railroad Committee representing the towns of East Chester, New-Rochelle, Mamaroneck and Rye, held a meeting at Mount Vernon on Monday evening, and adopted resolutions denouncing the action of Gov. JEWELL, of Connecticut, for his interference with legislative matters of this State, and urging upon the State Senate the passage of the bill before them, compelling the New-York and New-Haven Railroad to reduce their transient fares and rates of commutation.

STATEN ISLAND.

The stockholders of the North Shore Ferry Company elect directors for the ensuing year to-morrow.

There was much activity in all the villages of the island yesterday, people moving to and from New-York and Brooklyn. The ferry-boats were loaded with trucks carrying furniture.

NEW-JERSEY.

The body of the unknown man killed by a Morris and Essex train, at Bergen tunnel, on Saturday night, has not been identified.

The New-Jersey Baptist Sunday-school Association met in Bordentown, yesterday afternoon, Rev. N. D. DOOLITTLE presided.

The rite of confirmation was administered to thirty-two candidates, on Monday evening, by Bishop ODENHEIMER, in St. Paul's Church, Hoboken, of which Rev. H. F. HARTMAN is rector.

An inquest was held in Elizabeth, yesterday, on the body of the man found in the woods near that place on Sunday. No clue to his identity has been obtained. The jury rendered a verdict that the deceased came to his death by a pistol-shot at the hands of some person or persons unknown.

Coroner WILLIAM BURNS, of Jersey City, and W. J. SHERMAN, a reporter, have been arrested on a libel suit commenced against them by the County Physician, Dr. PRENDERGAST, for publishing a report that he had conducted the post-mortem examination of the body of THERESA WALSH in an atrociously inhuman manner.

The inquest on the body of JAMES CANFIELD, killed by the explosion on the tug-boat *Davenport*, was concluded yesterday. The jury brought in the following verdict: "We find that JAMES CANFIELD came to his death by an explosion of the boiler of the tug-boat *Davenport*, said explosion having been caused by a lack of water in the boiler."

Havana Markets.

HAVANA, April 30.—SUGAR steady; No. 12 D. S., 10¼ reals ⅌ arrobe. EXCHANGE—On United States, 60 days, currency, 1¾ discount; Short Sight, ¾ premium; 60 days, gold, 9¾@10¼ premium; Short Sight, 12@12½ premium: on London, 23¼@23¾ premium; on Paris, 8@8¼ premium.

Storage for Furniture, &c.

The largest and best-equipped establishment in the United States, and the only ones where the storage of furniture, baggage, &c., is made an exclusive business, are Haeger's Warehouses, in Eighth-avenue, extending from Thirty-third to Thirty-fourth-street, and No. 282 Ninth-avenue.

Goods can be forwarded without previous notice; are raised and lowered on large elevators, and stored in separate, tightly closed or slatted, compartments, of any size, are which always accessible.

Open until 9 P. M.—*Advertisement.*

Nestle's Lacteous Farina.

The Mother's Milk substitute recommended by eminent physicians.—*Advertisement.*

For the Complexion.

BURNETT'S KALLISTON.—*Advertisement.*

"Be a Friend to Thyself, and" do your house cleaning with E. MORGAN'S SONS' Sapolio. It removes *stains* from marble, paint, hard walls, and brightens all metallic articles, knives, tins, &c. Ask your grocer.—*Advertisement.*

NEW-YORK WEEKLY TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY TIMES will be published THIS MORNING, and may be had at the counter of the Publication Office, in wrappers, ready for mailing. Price, 5 cents.

It contains the very latest telegraphic and general news; editorials on matters of current interest; a page of carefully-prepared commercial matter, giving the latest financial news and market reports; items of agriculture and domestic interest, and other interesting reading matter.

The WEEKLY TIMES will be sent to subscribers in any part of the country for TWO DOLLARS a year. Five copies, $8; ten copies, $15; twenty copies, $25; and an extra copy to getter-up of club of ten or twenty subscribers.

The National (Elgin) Watch Company.

DEAR SIRS: Last year, in the exploration of the canyons of the Colorado River, I had unusual opportunity to test the accuracy of one of your watches. I was provided with four pocket chronometers, for use in astronomical observations. I also had with me an "Elgin" watch, which I rated from time to time together with the chronometers by observations with the sextant. Of five instruments its rate was the second best. With the ordinary disturbance due to transportation, its rate was the least variable, while, with the extraordinary disturbance incident to such an expedition, it was the only instrument on which I could rely, the chronometers at last becoming useless. I am, with great respect, yours cordially,
J. W. POWELL.

Skin Diseases.

Perry's Improved Comedone and Pimple Remedy. The Skin Medicine of the age. Is warranted to cure Flesh Worms, Pimpley Eruptions and Blotched Disfigurations of the Face. Prepared only by Dr. B. C. Perry, Bond-st., N. Y. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Batchelor's Hair Dye is the Best in the world—the only safe, true and perfect hair dye. No ridiculous tints—no disappointment—harmless, reliable, instantaneous black or brown. At all druggists and No. 16 Bond-st.

"Neuril" is not a "Cure All," being compounded solely for the immediate relief and permanent cure of Neuralgia. Thousands can testify to the truth of this fact. Sold by all druggists.

New 7-octave Pianos, $250.—New Organs, $50 to $60. New Melodeons, $60, cash, for the Holidays. HORACE WATERS, No. 481 Broadway.

Buchan's Carbolic Soaps—Best and cheapest method of using carbolic acid; preventive of all infectious diseases.

Window-Shades of Every Description. Also, improved fixtures. G. L. KELTY & CO., No. 724 Broadway.

Wood Carpeting.—Removed from No. 460 Broadway, to No. 942, between 22d and 23d sts.

A Well-Nourished Body.

Health is impossible unless every portion of the body is fully and regularly supplied with the nutriment it requires, and this cannot be if the stomach is not in good working order. Indigestion is a bar to physical vigor. No dyspeptic can be athletic. But torpidity of the stomach, and the general debility and nervous weakness which it superinduces, are not incurable evils. A course of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS will remove, with absolute certainty, both cause and effect, toning the relaxed gastric membrane, increasing the solvent power of the gastric fluid, regulating the action of the liver and gently stimulating the bowels, and thereby rendering the process of digestion expeditious and perfect. The result of the renovation will be the conversion of the food into pure, nutritious blood, capable of renewing the solids of the body as fast as they are dissipated by the wear and tear of life.

Sooner or Later, a Neglected Cold will develop a constant Cough, Shortness of Breath, Failing Strength, and Wasting of Flesh, all symptomatic of some serious Lung Affection, which may be avoided or palliated by using in time Dr. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT.

Every Mother who Regards the Life and health of her child, should possess MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It is an old and well-tried remedy.

Hot-water Furnaces for Warming dwellings, greenhouses, &c. C. R. ELLIS, 132 Centre-st.

MARRIED.

SIMONS—HEATH.—On Tuesday, April 30, at the Lafayette-avenue Presbyterian Church, by Rev. J. Clement French, JULES F. SIMONS to ELIZA, daughter of the late Aaron B. Heath, Esq., all of Brooklyn.

SMITH—LEWIS.—On Tuesday, April 30, at the Church of the Incarnation, by Rev. Dr. Montgomery, FREDERIC R. SMITH, Lieutenant-Commander United States Navy, to CAROLINE S., daughter of the late S. S. Lewis, of Boston.

☞ Boston and Eastern papers please copy.

WEISSE—SUYDAM.—On Tuesday, April 30, at Calvary Church, by Rev. Henry Y. Satterlee, assisted by Rev. Dr. E. A. Washburn, FANEUIL DUNKIN WEISSE, M. D., and MARY ELIZABETH, daughter of Henry Suydam, Esq., all of this City.

DIED.

CORY.—In Brooklyn, E. D., on Sunday, April 28, of œdema of the lungs, CHARLES CORY, in the 64th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 76 Lee-av., on Wednesday, at 2½ o'clock.

☞ London and Plymouth, England, papers please copy.

CROOK.—On Tuesday, April 30, LAURA CROOK, daughter of S. H. Crook, aged 22 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Wednesday, May 1, at 2 o'clock P. M., from the family residence, No. 84 Chatham-st.

CUNNINGHAM.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, April 29, Mrs. B. COOKE CUNNINGHAM, widow of Capt. John Cunningham, of New-York, aged 84 years and 19 days.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday, May 2, at 2 o'clock P. M., from the residence of her son-in-law, G. Pope, No. 160 President-st., Brooklyn.

DECKER.—On Monday, April 29, at Belleville, N. J., HANNAH MARIA, daughter of Levi and Hannah M. Decker, in the 21st year of her age.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services on Wednesday, May 1, at 1 o'clock, from the residence of her parents. Carriages will be in waiting at the Market-street Depot, Newark, on arrival of the 11:40 train from New-York, New-Jersey Railroad.

FAIRCHILD.—On Monday, April 29, at the residence of her husband, No. 342 West 57th-st., Mrs. CAROLINE FAIRCHILD, wife of Benjamin P. Fairchild, in the 54th year of her age.

The funeral service takes place May 2 at the Pilgrim Baptist Church, in 33d-st., at 11½ o'clock A. M. Relatives meet at the house at 10½ A. M.

FOULDS.—At Passaic, N. J., April 30, JULIA C. FOULDS, wife of John Foulds, and daughter of the late Capt. Alex'r W. Fraser.

Funeral from the residence, corner Gregory-av. and River-st., Passaic, N. J., Thursday, the 2d inst., at 10¾ A. M. Train leaves foot of Chambers-st., New-York, (Pavonia Ferry,) at 8¾ A. M.

KOWALSKI.—Suddenly, on Sunday, in the 22d year of his age, CHARLES W., only son of Susan B. and the late Constantine Kowalski.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his mother, No. 169 State-st., Brooklyn, at 3 P. M. on Wednesday. His remains will be taken to Albany for interment.

LOCKWOOD.—On Saturday, April 27, ABRAM LOCKWOOD, aged 50 years.

Funeral services Tuesday, April 30, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Presbyterian Church, North Salem, N. Y.

GOVAN.—At Helena, Ark., on the 15th April, JULIA A., wife of E. P. Govan, and daughter of the late Francis L. Hawks.

PRATT.—On Sunday, 28th inst., at his residence, SAMUEL F. PRATT, of Buffalo, N. Y.

ROME.—In Brooklyn, on Tuesday, April 30, GEORGE EVERETT, eldest son of William M. and Sarah Rome, aged 4 years, 3 months and 9 days.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 158 York-st., on Thursday, May 2, at 2 P. M.

REDFIELD.—Suddenly, on Monday morning, April 29, HARRY L. F., son of Henry W. and Eliza Lavinia Redfield, aged 5 years, 8 months and 9 days.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of his parents, No. 148 Madison-st., Brooklyn.

ROLLINS.—At Jersey City Heights, (Bergen,) on Tuesday, April 30, JOHN T. ROLLINS, in the 53d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday, May 2, at 2 o'clock P. M., from his late residence, Brinkerhoff-st. Take Monticello-av. cars.

SMITH.—Suddenly, on Sunday morning, April 28, ALBERT W. SMITH, aged 61 years.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at his late residence, No. 586 9th-av., on Wednesday, May 1, at 10 o'clock A. M. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery.

VAN KLEECK.—In Brooklyn, N. Y., on Tuesday morning, of scarlet fever, LAWRENCE L., aged 3 years and 6 months, third son of Elbert H. and Isabella R. Van Kleeck.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral at the Church of the Holy Trinity, on Thursday, May 2, at 12 o'clock.

WARTS.—On Tuesday, April 30, after a short illness, HENRY A. WARTS, in the 63d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral at 1 o'clock on Friday, May 3, at the residence of his son-in-law, Thomas B. Taylor, No. 115 East 54th-st.

WATERBURY.—In Brooklyn, Saturday, April 27, CHRISTINA WOODS, wife of Zeno C. Waterbury, and youngest daughter of John Cox, Esq., in the 39th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of both families are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 156 Van Buren-st., between Classon and Franklin avs., Brooklyn, Thursday, May 2, at 2 o'clock.

YOUNG.—At her late residence, Genesee, N. Y., ELLEN B., widow of Ex-Gov. John Young, of this State, in the 59th year of her age.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ARCHER & PANCOAST MFG. CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS OF

GAS-FIXTURES,

Nos. 70, 72 and 74 Wooster-st., (above Broome.)

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE.

Pronounced by Connoisseurs "THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE."

It improves appetite and digestion, and it is unrivaled for its flavor.

We are directed by Messrs. LEA & PERRINS to prosecute all parties making or vending counterfeits.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
AGENTS, NEW-YORK.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.

PRICES REDUCED.

Tickets, $28; fractions in proportion. Prizes cashed, information furnished.

TAYLOR & CO., Bankers,
Orders filled. No. 16 Wall-st.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.

The mails for Europe, during the week ending SATURDAY, May 4, 1872, will close at this office on WEDNESDAY at 10 A. M., on THURSDAY at 11 A. M., and on SATURDAY at 11 A. M.

P. H. JONES, Postmaster.

BARTLETT'S CRYSTAL REFLECTING GLOBE LAMPS are being adopted everywhere. They excel all in giving light for beauty and low cost. See them in use upon Broadway, in all our parks, squares, boulevards and elsewhere. General office No. 569 Broadway, New-York.

A QUIET FAMILY, OCCUPYING A FOUR-story brown-stone front house in 61st-st., near Lexington-av., having more room than they can use, will let the second floor, partially furnished, to a small family, with or without board. Apply at No. 153 East 61st-st.

PATENTS.—MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS *Scientific American*, 37 Park-row, N.Y., obtain Patents everywhere. 25 years' experience. Confidential. Send for Patent Laws and Guide to Inventors.

FIRST-CLASS TURKISH BATHS FOR $1, at No. 13 Laight-st., N. Y. Gents, 6 to 8 A. M. and 1 to 9 P. M.; ladies, 10 to 12 A. M. Sundays—Gents, 6 to 12 A. M.

COMMISSIONER FOR ILLINOIS and other States and notary public, office No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 7, first floor.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

AMERICAN TRAVEL MADE EASY.

Messrs. SHELDON & CO., No. 677 Broadway, Publish this day the first edition of MORFORD'S SHORT-TRIP GUIDE TO AMERICA. (The United States and Canada.) Handsome 16mo, flexible covers, with map, $1 50.

Of the advance sheets of this useful work, that high authority in American travel, the *Traveler's Official Railway Guide*, says: "Replete with valuable information for the visitor to this country, or the tourist * * admirably adapted for railway, carriage or steamer reading. * * will eventually become as much a necessity for travelers as Murray's Hand Books."

POLITICAL.

REFORM ASSOCIATION.

The Special Committee appointed for the Twentieth Assembly District of this City, will meet at Brevoort Hall, East 54th-st. and 3d-av., WEDNESDAY, May 1, at 8 o'clock P. M., to select general officers, receive names for registration, and transact other business. A full attendance is solicited.

By order of Committee Twentieth Assembly District.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

The attendance at the Exchange yesterday, Tuesday, April 30, was quite large and the business transacted of an interesting character, as will be seen from the review of the proceedings, as follows:

MULLER, WILKINS & Co., by order of the Supreme Court, in foreclosure, under the direction of W. HARVEY HART, Esq., referee, sold in one parcel three full-size lots, with building, (of no particular value,) situate on the north side of West Fifty-fourth-street, 325 feet west of Tenth-avenue, for $18,600, the purchaser being C. A. DAVISON. Also, at public auction, one lot, 24.11 by 85, on the north-east corner of Sixth-avenue and One Hundred and Thirty-second-street, for $8,035, an excellent figure. The purchaser of the last-named property was SIMEON FARRELL. The trustees' sale announced for yesterday, by the same firm, of one lot, with building, on east side of Seventy-ninth-street, near Third-avenue, and two lots in rear, fronting on Eightieth-street, was adjourned until Tuesday of next week.

E. H. LUDLOW & Co., at public auction, disposed of the premises known as Nos. 22 and 24 Renwick-street, embracing two three-story and basement brick stuccoed-front houses and lots, the latter forming a plot 39.2 by 60, situate on the east side of the street, just north of Canal-street. Sold together for $13,850, and bought by E. M. VAN TASSEL. The same auctioneers also offered, at auction, the new four-story brown-stone house and lot No. 564 Fifth-avenue, west side, twenty-seven feet north of Forty-sixth-street, and, in addition, the five-story brick store and lot No. 10 Stone-street, south side, between Broad and Whitehall streets, but no sale, in either instance, was effected. No bids being received for the property first described, while the last-named was withdrawn upon a bid of $10,500. Subsequently, by the same firm, at an assignee's sale, under the direction of NATHANIEL NILES, Esq., assignee, the interest of CHARLES H. MOSES in the following property was sold: All that certain lot of land in the Ninth Ward of the City of New-York, known by the No. 701 (formerly No. 707) Greenwich-street, and in all those certain pieces or parcels of land known by the Nos. 74 and 75 on map, entitled, "Map of part of the farm belonging to JACOB BERRIAN, in the town of West Farms, County of Westchester, New-York, made by ISAAC C. BUCKHART, civil engineer, dated Morrisania, March 18, 1852; purchased by WM. MOSES for $200.

JOSEPH MCGUIRE, at a Supreme Court foreclosure sale, under the direction of GEORGE W. HARDY, Esq., referee, sold a brick house and lot, situate on the east side of Columbia-street, 200 feet north of Rivington-street, to M. J. ENGLISH, for $13,000. Also, at another similar legal sale, DEWITT C. GRAHAM, Esq., referee, a three-story and basement frame house and lot, known as No. 324 West Twenty-sixth-street, south side, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, sold for $9,500, and purchased by ANDREW WARD. Also, at public auction, a three-story and cellar brick house, (with store,) and lot on the south-east corner of Eleventh and Dry Docks streets, sold for $9,295, the purchaser being JOSEPH BRADY. Another legal sale, involving the disposition of the title to a lot on West Forty-second-street, 300 feet west of Eleventh-avenue, in charge of the same auctioneer, was adjourned until May 7.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO, by order of the Supreme Court in foreclosure, under the direction of PHILO T. RUGGLES, Esq., referee, disposed of a three-story brown-stone front house and lot located on the north side of East Fifty-sixth-street, between Third and Lexington avenues, for $15,000; purchaser, RUDLEY R. TERRITT. At an administrator's sale the same auctioneers also sold a plot of land, 50 by 147, located at Red Bank, N. J., and situated on the Red Bank and Port Washington road, near High-street, which was bought by JAS. NEIL for $265.

JAS. M. MILLER sold at public auction to B. C. THORNELL, for $1,775 each, two lots on the south side of One Hundred and Thirty-ninth-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues; and in addition, by order of the Supreme Court in foreclosure, under the direction of NATHANIEL JARVIS, Jr., Esq., referee, two lots on the north side of One Hundred and Forty-third-street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues, for $2,000 each, to MEYER S. KENYON.

B. P. FAIRCHILD effected the last sale of the day, selling in one parcel, under a Supreme Court foreclosure order, WM. C. TRAPHAGEN, Esq., referee, four full-size lots, on the south side of East Sixty-first-street, between First and Second avenues, with frame buildings thereon, for $32,000. The lots were bought jointly by WM. A. BUTLER and G. L. SCHUYLER.

In addition to the above, GOODENOUGH & WEBER offered for sale at public auction a two-story and attic frame house, with plot of ground 100 by 100, located at Fordham, Westchester County, and situated on the south-east corner of Isaac-street and Prospect-avenue, for which bids to the amount of $4,000 were received, but no sale made. Nothing further worthy of note occurred. For today only one sale is announced, and that of a legal character, and being the first day of May, it is probable that but little business of any nature will be transacted.

The attention of investors and others is called to the advertisement which appears this morning on the eighth page of this paper, of the important proposed sale, by A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., No. 6 Pine-street, of lots at Elizabeth, N. J., announced for Monday, May 13. The auction cannot fail to be one of interest for the property to be sold is in every respect first-class, finely located, extensively improved, and for an investment safe; in fact no better suburban real estate can be offered at auction, and none will be during the coming season. Attention is also called to the notice of the sale by the same firm for Monday of next week, May 6, of desirable property located at Roselle, N. J. Messrs. MELLICK & BRO. report having recently closed the following contracts, through which, at private sale, the following New-Jersey real estate has been disposed of: At Fanwood, twenty-seven acres, unimproved, sold for $13,000; Roselle, four houses, adjoining, on First-avenue, sold for $25,500; Millstone, farm of 116 acres, sold for $26,000; Plainfield, dwelling and plot on Seventh-street, sold for $13,000; Somerville, farm of ninety acres, sold for $13,000; Elizabeth, house and lot on North Broad-street, sold for $20,000; and at Westfield, thirty-seven acres of unimproved land sold for $12,500. Total, $123,000.

In City property, WM. TUCKER, No. 220 Fifth-avenue, reports having sold at private sale the three-story brown-stone house and lot, No. 234 East Forty-eighth-street, for $18,500. Purchaser, Mr. O. L. VIDAL.

Exchange Sales, Tuesday, April 30.

NEW-YORK.

By Muller, Wilkins & Co.

3 lots, n. s. West 54th-st., 325 ft. w. of 10th-av., together forming plot 75x100.5 ... $18,600
1 lot, n. e. corner 6th-av. and 132d-st., 24.11x85 ... 8,035

By E. H. Ludlow & Co.

2 3-story and basement brick houses and lots, Nos. 22 and 24 Renwick-st., e. s., n. of Canal-st.; lots together form plot 39.2x60, houses each 28 ft. deep; sold in one parcel ... $13,850

By Joseph McGuire.

1 brick h. and l., e. s. Chambers-st., 200 ft. n. of Rivington-st., lot 25x100 ... $13,000
1 3-story and basement frame h. and l., No. 324 West 26th-st., s. s., 525 ft. e. of 9th-av., lot 25x 98.9 ... 9,500
1 3-story and cellar brick h. and l., s. w. corner 11th and Dry Dock sts., lot 21.1x75.4, house 50 feet deep ... 9,295

By A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co.

1 3-story brown-stone h. and l., n. s. East 56th-st., 138.9 ft. w. of 3d-av., lot 18.9x80 ... $15,000

By James M. Miller.

2 lots, s. s. West 139th-st., 325 ft. e. of 6th-av., each 25x99.11, $1,775 each ... $3,550
2 lots, n. s. West 143d-st., 150 ft. e. of 8th-av., each 25x99.11, $2,000 each ... 4,000

By B. P. Fairchild.

4 lots, with frame buildings, s. s. East 61st-st., 275.7½ ft. w. of 1st-av., together forming plot 99.4x100.5; sold in one parcel ... $32,000

RED BANK, N. J.

By A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co.

1 plot, s. s. Red Bank and Port Washington road, 50 ft. e. of High-st., 50x147 ... $265

Recorded Real Estate Transfers.

NEW-YORK.

Monday, April 29.

Cherry-st., s. s., No. 35, 15.8x76, h. and l. ... $5,250
Pearl-st., w. s., rear of No. 391 Pearl-st., 30.7x38 ... 2,523
Wooster-st., w. s., 56.5 ft. s. of 4th-st., 19.6x52.8, h. and l. ... 9,300
3d-st., s. s., 400 ft. w. of Avenue A, 28x90, Astor lease ... 15,000
5th-st., s. s., 150 ft. e. of Avenue C, 22.6x96 ... 13,000
10th-st., s. s., 306 ft. w. of Avenue D, 49.4x92.3, h. and l. ... 47,000
11th-st., s. s., 108 ft. w. of Avenue C, 50x94.9 ... 46,000
13th-st., n. s., 200 ft. w. of 7th-av., 20.10x75 ... Nom.
16th-st., n. s., 166.10 ft. e. of 5th-av., 25x92 ... 57,750
17th-st., n. s., 89.4 ft. e. of 2d-av., 22.4x106 ... 27,000
18th-st., n. s., 401.8 ft. w. of 8th-av., 23.4x92 ... 15,750
20th-st., n. s., 142.11 ft. e. of 5th-av., 21.5x81.2 ... 40,000
36th-st., n. s., 128 ft. w. of Lexington-av., 16x98.9 ... 25,000
38th-st., n. s., No. 15 East, 100 ft. w. of Madison-av., 23.9x98.9 ... 50,750
39th-st., s. s., 431.5 ft. e. of 8th-av., 17.6x98.9 ... 15,000
45th-st., s. s., 483.3 ft. w. of 6th-av., 16.8x100.4 ... 23,000
49th-st., n. s., 175 ft. w. of 10th-av., 25x100.5; 49th-st., n. s., 550 ft. w. of 10th-av., 25x100.5 ... 5,800
60th-st., n. s., 115 ft. w. of 3d-av., 20x100.5 ... 22,500
61st-st., n. s., 226 ft. w. of 9th-av., 20x100.5 ... 27,000
62d-st., s. s., 64 ft. e. of 4th-av., 16x80, h. and l. ... 18,000
77th-st., n. s., 70 ft. w. of Madison-av., 100x102.2 ... 84,000
78th-st., s. s., 398 ft. w. of 2d-av., 16.4x76.8, h. and l. ... 9,500
82d-st., s. s., 154 ft. e. of Avenue A, 18.9x102.2 ... 4,700
83d-st., s. s., 305.8 ft. w. of 3d-av., 23.1x102.2 ... 9,500
112th-st., s. s., 175 ft. w. of 2d-av., 20x100.11 ... 7,500
116th-st., n. s., 175 ft. w. of 8th-av., 25x84.3 ... 5,000
Same property ... 4,000
117th-st., s. s., 585.2 ft. w. of 3d-av., 16.2x ½ block ... 10,000
127th-st., n. s., 286 ft. e. of 5th-av., 25x99.11 ... 12,000
131st-st., s. s., 90 ft. w. of 4th-av., 175x99.11; 131st-st., s. s., 265 ft. w. of 4th-av., 25x99.11 ... 23,275
210th-st., n. w. corner 9th-av., 200x99.11 ... 2,400
Avenue C, s. w. corner 14th-st., 114.9x88 ... 30,000
Lexington-av., w. s., 138.3 ft. n. of 30th-st., 19.9x 64 ... 10,500
Lexington-av., e. s., 80.5 ft. n. of 48th-st., 20x70; Lexington-av., e. s., rear lot, 100.5 ft. s. of 49th-st., 20x25 ... 14,000
Lexington-av., e. s., 58.3 ft. n. of 40th-st., 14.9x85 ... 24,500
Madison-av., n. w. corner 112th-st., 201.10 to 113th-st. x w. 7.11 ft. x s. w. 12.5x w. 63.5x s. w. —x s. to 112th-st. x e. 100 ... 44,000
1st-av., s. w. corner of 118th-st., 50.8x100 ... 13,500
2d-av., s. w. corner of 114th-st., 100.8x100x52 x—x55 ... 3,000
—av., w. s., 69.6 ft. s. of 45th-st., 100x w. 46x n. ...
W. 120.2x e. 16x n. 50x s. 100; also, gore lot, adjoining above, 7.7x14x15.11 ... 80,000

LEASES.

Bowery, No. 349, 5 years, per year ... $2,600
East Broadway, No. 105, 10 years, per year ... 1,200
South-st., No. 75, first floor and part of cellar, 7 years, per year ... 2,000
50th-st., No. 21 West, 5 years, per year ... 2,800
9th-av., No. 420, 3 years, per year ... 1,800

CITY REAL ESTATE.

CHARLES E. WHITE,
REAL ESTATE BROKER,
No. 150 Broadway.
Particular attention given property placed in his charge.

ISAAC HONIG
Has removed his real estate office to No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building, basement floor, Rooms G and H.

A.—EXTRA CHOICE BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE VERY REASONABLY.—Fifth-av., corner 91st-st., five lots, location unexceptionable; Madison-av., corner 58th-st., six superb lots, excavated; 59th-st., corner Madison-av., near Park entrance, twelve lots; Grand Boulevard, corner 73d-st., (10th-av. junction,) three superb lots; 57th-st., near 9th-av., convenient to Broadway, six lots.
V. K. STEVENSON & SON, No. 11 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—ABOVE 48TH-ST., AND ADJOINing 5th-av., with side windows overlooking it, a first-class four-story brown-stone house, 25x60 feet; finished in hard wood and in perfect order throughout; will be sold low, and immediate possession given. E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st. and No. 35 East 17th-st.

A FREE REGISTER, WITH PARTICULARS of 2,000 City houses and building lots, for sale and to let, containing City map, &c., &c., gratis. Apply to V. K. STEVENSON & SON, Real Estate Auctioneers and Brokers, No. 11 Pine-st.

A NEW, FULL-SIZE, EXTRA DEPTH, superbly finished brown-stone dwelling, fronting Central Park, for sale reasonably, or to lease.
V. K. STEVENSON & SON,
No. 11 Pine-st.

FOR SALE.—HARLEM.—ELEGANT LITtle cottage and three full lots, west side; easy terms; $13,000. Splendid brown stone, business corner, 2d-av.; best on avenue; will exchange; $26,000.
BENJ. BROWNE, No. 2,240 3d-av.

A VERY ATTRACTIVE AND CONvenient house for sale or lease, 29th-st., between 5th and Madison avs.; twelve rooms; complete order; immediate possession. ROBERT T. MEEKS, No. 80 Cedar-st.

PALISADE FRONTS A SPECIALTY.
H. S. DOWNS & C. D. KELLOGG,
No. 115 Broadway.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.

The beautiful country home of Chiddingstone, being a part of the manor of the late Chancellor Livingston, in Columbia County, New-York, upon the banks of the Hudson River, and three miles from Tivoli Station; five or six trains each way daily. The mountain and river views from this place are unequaled, and the view from the piazza has been so graphically described by Barry Gray in a recent number of the *Home Journal*. The property consists of eighty acres of improved land, upon which are native woods, a mansion house (new) of stone and brick, French roof, frescoed, with tank, bath, &c. Also, large cottage, fourteen rooms; coach-house and stables, farm barns, sheds, ice and wood houses, machine, carpenter, and other shops, all new, newly painted, and in perfect order. The property is well underdrained, has four wells of good water. No fever and ague here. Churches and school near. Furniture, stock, and farming implements sold also if desired. Apply on the premises to T. S. CLARKSON, Tivoli, N. Y.

Homes for All.

For houses, lots and land by the acre, on the line of the Central Railroad of New-Jersey, apply to
A. D. HOPE, No. 119 Liberty-st.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY residence at Poughkeepsie, two miles south of the Court-house, fronting on Hudson River; brick house; twenty rooms; all modern improvements, gas, water, hot water, furnace, &c.; all in perfect order; two cottages, stable, ice-house, barns, sheds, &c.; forty-three acres of good land handsomely laid out, with choice varieties of shade and ornamental trees, drives and walks; abundance of fruit—trees planted twenty years ago; view of Hudson River and surrounding country unsurpassed; immediate possession; terms to suit. Apply to TURNER BROTHERS, No. 14 Nassau-st.

AT WEST MORRISANIA, WESTCHESTER COUNTY.—For sale, a square, on four streets, containing thirty-two city lots, with fine large house, fourteen rooms, and pretty cottage-house with nine rooms; stable, carriage-house, and all necessary out-buildings; elevated, fine view; grounds highly improved; an abundance of fruit, flowers and shrubbery; good water and gas; within ten minutes' walk of depot, and fifteen minutes' drive to Central Park. Will be sold cheap; has a large prospective value. For particulars, with photographic views, apply to
JOHN S. PIERCE, 106 Broadway, cor. Pine-st.

RIDGEFIELD, CONN.—FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A beautiful mansion, containing parlor, dining-room, library and nine sleeping rooms, with eleven feet piazza and fine grounds. This village is especially noted for the cure of miasmatic disorders, situated on a ridge at an elevation of nearly 900 feet, it offers equal advantages with the hills of New-Hampshire, while it has a contiguity to New-York of sixty miles; three trains a day connect with the express-trains of the New-Haven Railroad. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—IN THE VILLAGE OF CANandaigua, Ontario County, New-York, the late residence of Hon. Francis Granger. The premises contain seventeen acres of excellent land, upon which is a beautiful hickory grove. The house is large, commodious, in good condition, and has every convenience of a first-class city house; an abundance of fruit upon the premises, with grapery and green-house in the garden. For particulars address A. H. HOWELL, in Canandaigua, or HENRY L. PIERSON, JR., No. 24 Broadway, New-York.

LONG BRANCH COTTAGES ON THE sea-shore for sale or to rent, furnished or unfurnished, for the coming season; also, very desirable places within a short distance of the sea, with acres of ground attached. Unimproved plots on the ocean drive and vicinity, well located for investment or building purposes, for sale. Printed catalogues giving full information mailed free. A complete and special survey map of Long Branch can be seen at our office. FRANK G. & DAVISON BROWN,
Special Agents, No. 90 Broadway.

FOR SALE—FARM OF EIGHTY ACRES, splendidly situated on Ferry Hill, about half a mile from the town of Bristol, R. I.
The farm is one of the best in the State; has a large water front, and is well adapted for selling off in small parcels, as it overlooks the City of Fall River, town of Bristol, Island of Rhode Island, and all the surrounding country, making every acre desirable for a country seat; the climate is perfect, with splendid drives, fishing, boating, &c.; will be sold on very easy terms. Apply to HUGH N. CAMP, No. 106 Broadway.

VILLA PLOTS AND BUILDING LOTS AT BAY SHORE, SOUTH SIDE LONG ISLAND.—Healthy; adjacent to and a splendid view of Great South Bay; unsurpassed gunning, fishing, oystering, sailing and salt water bathing. This village lies opposite Fire Island, one of the most celebrated watering places in the country; five minutes' walk railroad depot, 1½ hours from New-York; five trains daily. Particulars and map apply to W. H. ST. JOHN, corner 21st-st. and Avenue A.

AT ELIZABETH, FORTY MINUTES from Liberty-st.—Altogether the most accessible, orderly and agreeable suburb; a handsome cottage and grounds for sale or to let; house has gas, water, range, furnace, bath, closet, twelve rooms, in excellent design; lot nearly one acre, laid out in lawn, garden, fruit and shade trees, vines, &c.; location good; one-third cash; rent, $1,200. For views and particulars, send to PROPERTY-OWNER, Post-office Box No. 235 New-York.

TO LET OR FOR SALE, AT NEWARK, N. J.—A new two and a half story frame dwelling, on 3d-st., Roseville, near Sussex-av., 11th ward, containing nine finished rooms; modern improvements; furnace, gas, hot and cold water throughout; convenient to horse and steam cars; rent, $550, or for sale on easy terms. Apply to S. GREENHALGH, No. 219 or 227 High-st., Newark, N. J.

FOR SALE—THE LARGE AND SPLENDID house, No. 56 Grand-st., Jersey City, adjoining Washington-square; lot 50x100; house 42x50, with an extension; in perfect order, replete with all the modern conveniences, gas, water, billiard-room, &c.; brown-stone front; will be sold at a bargain, as the owner is about removing to another city, and on easy terms. Apply to HUGH N. CAMP, No. 106 Broadway.

AN ELEGANT COUNTRY-SEAT—Near Mount Vernon, fifteen miles from 42d-st., consisting of a large house, completely furnished, gardener's house, ice-house, filled, stable, &c. The grounds are very extensive and the most picturesque in Westchester, the whole forming a most charming residence.
WARD & OGDEN,
Broadway, Corner of 17th-st.

LOTS HIGH AND DRY, AND FINE prospect, ten minutes' walk from station; improvements on every side; a large school-house is erected on this property. Music by Grafulla's Seventh Regiment Band. Luncheon on the ground. Special train leaves foot of Liberty-st. at 11 A. M. For maps and passes apply to A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BROTHER, No. 6 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE COUNTRY-seat at Green's Farms, near Southport, Conn., on New-Haven Railroad, five minutes from depot; commodious mansion and out-buildings; thirty acres of land, furniture, utensils, tools, horses, cows, &c. For further particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—AT CORNWALL, ON THE HUDson, a handsome country-seat of sixteen acres; view unsurpassed, grounds completely laid out, with cold grapery and green-houses, stable, barn, ice-house, &c.; house in complete order, with bowling alley and billiard-room. For particulars apply to C. M. GIGNOUX, No. 168 Broadway, between 11 and 12 daily.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.—The country-place of John Hone, containing about fifteen acres of land, in lawn, gardens, woods, &c.; house large, convenient, and fully furnished; commodious stables, &c. For terms apply to HONE & NICHOLAS, No. 43 Exchange-place.

FOR SALE—AT ROSSVILLE, STATEN Island, house and twenty-one acres of land; seven minutes from landing; twenty from station; two new railroads in contemplation near the property. Apply to CHARLES E. WHITE, No. 150 Broadway.

FOR SALE—ON NARRAGANSETT BAY, (180 feet water front,) an elegant furnished cottage; gas, bath, laundry and every convenience; superb view; boating and fishing. Address Post-office Box No. 323, Bristol, R. I.

ORANGE, N. J., AND VICINITY, (SPECIALTY.)—Pleasant homes, $3,000 to $60,000; furnished and unfurnished houses to rent; variety houses, farms, land, &c., to exchange. I. H. GERRY, No. 39 Nassau-st., Room No. 21.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY HOUSES, lands and village lots for sale; a great variety. Also, furnished and unfurnished houses to let for season or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, 243 Broadway, 9 to 11; or Orange, corner Main and Cone sts.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

A MOST MAGNIFICENT

COUNTRY RESIDENCE

WITH ABOUT FIFTY ACRES OF GROUND,

FOR SALE.

The subscriber will sell his most charming residence, completely furnished entirely new. Furniture made to order; carpets by Sloane; with all the household furniture very complete.

The house of itself is A PERFECT GEM, contains sixteen rooms, located on a LAWN OF ABOUT THREE ACRES, with walks laid out in most beautiful order.

The farm is watered superbly with ponds and brooks, and is stocked with cows, horses, poultry, agricultural implements, and everything requisite for conducting a farm on the most approved principles.

The place has a TROUT-POND OF ABOUT TWO ACRES, with SMALLER POND ATTACHED, for PRESERVING TROUT. No other fish in pond.

The locality is perhaps MORE HEALTHY and FREE FROM ALL NUISANCES than any place ever offered in the environs of New-York for years past.

To a gentleman desiring to bring up his family in a respectable Protestant community, this place (being very CONVENIENT TO FIRST-CLASS SCHOOLS and of EASY ACCESS TO THE CITY) offers most superior inducements.

NO AGENTS NEED APPLY.

Address **H. F. BRUSH,**
Up-town Times Office, 54½ West 32d-st.

P. S.—To a party of say four families this place offers most attractive inducements, as there is on said premises four elegant building sites.

The whole property is surrounded by an elegant fence. The property could be divided with about ten acres to each. The view is charming. Lakes surround it both east and west.

ADDRESS AS ABOVE.

FOR SALE—IN NEW-HAVEN, CONN., Fairhaven District, corner Pine and Downing sts., a handsome modern house, with nice garden; lot 60x 180; fine views, perfectly healthy, excellent water, pure air, no mosquitos, dust or other nuisances; every way desirable as a pleasant home for a respectable family; only a few minutes from Yale College, and the best schools in the country for young ladies; price $9,000; terms easy. Apply by mail to Box No. 408 Fairhaven, Conn.

FOR SALE—AT MORRISTOWN, N. J., TWO minutes' walk from depot, a cottage-house; gas, hot and cold water, stationary tubs, furnace; eleven rooms, one-fourth of an acre of ground, terraced, concrete walks, &c., &c.; or may be let furnished. Address G. & J., No. 194 Water-st., or THEO. AYERS, Real Estate Agent, Morristown, N. J.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

J. JOHNSON, Auctioneer.

CAPITALISTS

MAKE THE BEST INVESTMENT IN THE WORLD
by purchasing
WHOLE BLOCKS OF LOTS
AT THE GREAT

TRUSTEES' SALE

OF THE CURTIS ESTATE, UNDER DIRECTION OF
MESSRS. MILLER, STOUTENBURGH & PECKHAM,
on the premises,

RICHMONDHILL,

Long Island, at 12½ o'clock P. M.,
MONDAY, MAY 6, 1872.

Trust must be closed. Five hundred lots will be sold positively without limit. Seventy per cent. may remain on mortgage. Title perfect. Printed abstracts. Property unexceptionable; two minutes from finest depot on Long Island; accessible by three railroads from early morn until late at night; commutation eight cents per trip on average.

Free excursion train. Grafulla's Seventh Regiment Band. Ample collation. Tickets and maps of JERE. JOHNSON, JR., Auctioneer, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & Co., Auctioneers.

MAGNIFICENT GROUNDS AND RESIDENCE ON THE GRAND BOULEVARD AND HUDSON RIVER.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, May 7, at 12 o'clock, at Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway:

Splendid property on the Hudson River, between 135th and 137th sts., about eighty City lots, and the fine house and out-buildings thereon, the most desirable property as a present residence for the man of wealth and for future speculation, now in the market. For magnificence of prospect it is not surpassed, if equaled in this country. The grounds are laid out with great taste, and contain everything in the way of shrubbery to be found in this latitude. The house standing high has a superb view for twenty-five miles up the river, which, from the locality of the property, can never be obstructed by any adjacent improvements. It contains all modern conveniences, Croton water, gas, &c. The whole has an extensive water front on the Hudson, with its rights and privileges. By railroad it is only about fifty minutes from Wall-st. It is only about a mile and a half from the centre of our City. The Grand Boulevard, which is adding so much to the attractiveness and value of property on its line, is finished far beyond this magnificent estate.

It will be sold in one parcel, on the most favorable terms. Nearly all the purchase-money can remain on bond and mortgage if desired.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

SUPREME COURT SALE OF NO. 53 CHAMBERS-ST., AND NO. 31 READE-ST.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, May 2, 1872, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York, sale by order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of Augustus R. Macdonough, Esq., Referee:

CHAMBERS-STREET—The valuable five-story and basement marble-front store, known as No. 53 Chambers-st., running through to No. 31 Reade-st., and being about 200 feet east of Broadway. Store has party-walls and covers entire lot, being 27 feet front, 25 feet rear, by 151 feet in depth.

Messrs. MAN & PARSONS,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys, No. 59 Pine-st., New-York.

Maps and full particulars at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF BEAUTIFUL VILLA PLOTS AND AN ELEGANT RESIDENCE, ON THE HIGHLANDS OF WESTCHESTER COUNTY, near Central-av. and McComb's Bridge.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, May 7, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway:

Twenty villa plots, situate on Anderson-av., near its junction with Central-av., Westchester County, and within five minutes' walk of McComb's Bridge; the land is high, and has commanding water and inland views; there is on the premises a fine two-story and attic stone mansion, first-class, 25x50 feet, with an extension of 18x24 feet.

For healthfulness of location, beauty of scenery, and ease of access, the above-described property is not surpassed by any in the lower end of Westchester County. Sixty per cent. may remain on bond and mortgage.

Maps at the office of the auctioneers, No. 7 Pine-st., or at the office of S. V. R. CRUGER, No. 182 Grand-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY, NO. 137 DUANE-ST.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, May 2, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway:

DUANE-STREET.—The two and a half story brick store and lot, situate on the northerly side of Duane-st., between Church and West Broadway, and known as No. 137; lot 25x75 feet.

HUGH N. CAMP, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

HOLMES BROTHERS will sell by auction, on THURSDAY, May 2, at 12 o'clock, at the EXCHANGE SALES-ROOM, 111 BROADWAY,

The three-story high-stoop brown-stone house and lot, No. 221 East 116th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.; lot, 20x100.11; house, 20x45; all improvements.

Further particulars can be had at the office of HOLMES BROTHERS, No. 46 East 23d-st.

TO MANUFACTURERS.—ASSIGNEE'S SALE IN BANKRUPTCY.—District Court of the United States, District of New-Jersey.—In the matter of THE ELIZABETHTOWN STEAM MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Bankrupt.

The undersigned will sell at public auction, on the premises heretofore occupied by the said bankrupt corporation at Elizabethport, New-Jersey, on MONDAY, the 6th day of May, 1872, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, the entire valuable real estate of the said Corporation, consisting of

1st—A tract comprising twelve lots between Water and South streets, 147 feet by 269, with front on both streets.

2d—The saw-mill property, including lock, canal, and basins, with ample yard room and sheds for storage. The mill is fully equipped, of large capacity, and in condition for early operation. This property has a frontage on the Elizabeth creek of about 270 feet, with substantial and capacious docks, the mill has been profitably operated for years, and controls an extensive and lucrative trade.

3d—The wheel factory, a plot of ground on 1st-st., 175 feet by 120, with two substantial frame-work shops, 35 by 82 and 30 by 62, well adapted for wood-work of any description.

4th—The Spoke Mills, consisting of a plot of ground, 270 by 275 feet with front on the creek of about 278 feet, on which are substantial docks, with sufficient water for vessels of 100 tons. The buildings consist of a new frame factory, with slate roof, built with special reference to strength and stability, 35 by 157, with ample engine-room addition and engine of large capacity, with shafting and connections, all of the best and most modern construction. Also, frame warehouse and office building, slate roof, 42 by 150, with spacious sheds and storage room.

5th—A tract on 1st-st., 125 feet by about 360 feet, running through to Elizabeth Creek.

6th—A tract, 100 feet by about 358 feet, next westerly of the last mentioned.

7th—A tract, 100 feet by about 330 feet, next westerly of the last mentioned.

8th—A tract, 100 feet by about 302 feet, next westerly of the last mentioned.

9th—A tract, 100 feet by about 271 feet, next westerly of the last mentioned.

10th—A tract, 85 feet by about 275 feet, with front on the creek of about 275 feet.

Each of these tracts possesses a front upon Elizabeth Creek, which is navigable for vessels of moderate draught, and the locality possesses the amplest facilities for water and railway communication, presents unusual advantages for manufacturing operations of any description.

Immediately after the real estate will be sold 144 pine logs, 45 oak logs, 286 hemlock logs, 1 large iron safe, a quantity of office furniture, wheel machines, tools, stoves and pipe, &c., &c.

The sale will be absolute at the time named.

Further particulars at the office of the undersigned, where a map of the property can be seen.

E. N. MILLER, Assignee,
No. 782 Broad-st., Newark, N. J.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

O. H. PIERSON, Auctioneer.

BY

A. D. Mellick, Jr., & Bro.,

Auctioneers and dealers in New-Jersey real estate.
No. 6 Pine-st., New-York.

Monday, May 6, 1872.

POSITIVE SALE AT AUCTION,

By order of S. J. Ahern, of
132 choice building plots,

At ROSELLE, N. J.,

At 12 M., on the premises.

A rare opportunity for buying the most desirable lots ever offered at auction in this favorite town.

Forty-three minutes from New-York.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE AT AUCTION.

By MULLER, WILKINS & CO., Auctioneers,
At the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway,
on TUESDAY, May 14, 1872,
at 12 o'clock M.
BY ORDER OF COURT.
TWENTY-EIGHT VALUABLE LOTS.

Sixteen lots on the south side of 85th-st., and twelve lots on the north side of 84th-st., between Riverside Park, (as laid down by the Commissioners,) and 11th-av.

Terms.

Fifty per cent. can remain on bond and mortgage for three years.

For maps apply to Auctioneers, No. 7 Pine-st.
C. J. & E. DE WITT,
Attorney for Executor, No. 88 Nassau-st.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

FURNISHED.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE AT TARRYTOWN, on Broadway, one mile south of railroad station, commodious and elegant brick house, containing seventeen rooms; broad piazzas; fully furnished; hot and cold water, bath-room, gas, &c.; carriage-house, stables, hennery, all complete and in good order; a large garden, well stocked with small fruits. The location is unsurpassed, with extensive and commanding views of the Hudson. Inquire of JOHN L. REQUA, Tarrytown; or, LEWIS ROBERTS, No. 17 South-st., New-York.

DOBBS' FERRY, ON THE HUDSON.—To let for the season or year, a furnished house of twelve rooms, with basement, kitchen, carriage-house and three-stalled stable, all in perfect order; one acre of garden, an abundance of fruit and fine view of the river; five minutes' walk from depot. Also a large furnished house of sixteen rooms, with half an acre of ground; very fine river view and only two minutes' walk from depot. For particulars apply to EDMUND COFFIN, No. 77 Cedar-st.

TO RENT—FURNISHED—FROM MAY 1ST, by the year only, the residence of the subscriber, at Bergen Point, N. J., fronting on the water, and near the Latourette House; has all conveniences, hot and cold water, bath-room, &c., and good stable; time by steamboat or railroad twenty-five to thirty minutes; communication hourly from sunrise to midnight. Apply to HENRY PARET, No. 376 and 378 Broadway.

TO RENT—AT NEWBURG, COMPLETELY furnished house; gas, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences, for three months, from June 1; terms, $100 per month; fine position, views of river and Highlands to West Point; none need apply except a private family with young children and with the best of references. Address immediately, HUGH N. CAMP, No. 106 Broadway.

TO LET, FURNISHED—A COUNTRY house, handsome, spacious, modern style, with four acres; abundance of fruits and berries; large vegetable garden, carriage-house, stables, &c.; situated in Monmouth County, N. J.; commands extensive water and land views; rent very reasonable. Inquire of ROSE BROTHERS, No. 182 William-st.

FURNISHED COTTAGES TO RENT—Spafford's Point, within twenty minutes' drive of Harlem Bridge; splendid situations; good boating, bathing, and fishing; two cottages, one fully, the other partially, furnished; rent $1,200 and $800. Apply to HUGH N. CAMP, No. 106 Broadway.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET AT BEDFORD, N. Y.—Furnished house and fifty acres of land; stables, grapery, &c., in complete order; high ground, healthy region, and commanding extensive views. Apply to W. H. SCHIEFFELIN & CO., No. 170 William-st.

TO LET—FOR THE SUMMER, A FURnished house, with gardener's cottage, barn, &c., and thirty acres of land, at Peekskill, one mile from the depot; situation high and perfectly healthful; beautiful river and interior views. Address C., Box No. 75 New-York Post-office.

AT NEW-BRIGHTON—THREE PRETTY villas; ten rooms; all modern improvements; garden and lawn; delightfully located; scenery unsurpassed; near ferry; adapted to merchants doing business in City. E. DUNCAN SNIFFEN, No. 8 Pine-st.

TO LET—AT MONTROSE, ORANGE, N. J., near depot, beautifully situated, a stone house, fully furnished, all conveniences, with good stable, fine garden and lawn, CHARLES C. HAIGHT, No. 111 Broadway, Room No. 102.

TO LET—AT FLUSHING—BEAUTIFUL furnished residence with capital surroundings; very near depot; thirteen rooms; furnace, gas, all conveniences. JAMES B. PARSONS, No. 34 Pine-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE IN PLAINFIELD, N. J., to let; pleasantly located; near depot; all improvements. Call or address No. 379 Pearl-st.

UNFURNISHED.

TO LET—AT WEST NEW-BRIGHTON, Staten Island, a very desirable brick cottage containing fourteen rooms, with stone stable and two acres of land, situated on Castleton-av., between Bement and Davis avs.; gas and water; situation healthy and commanding; rent moderate to a good tenant. Apply to R. N. HAVENS, No. 12 Pine-st.

FLOORS TO RENT ON 8TH-AV., BEtween 52d and 53d sts.—First floor, six rooms, $45; second floor, $40 per month. Apply to
J. ROMAINE BROWN,
No. 1,980 Broadway.

TO LET—ON 83D-ST., 110 FEET EAST OF 1st-av., two-story high-basement sub-cellar brick house; pleasantly situated; good neighborhood, at low rent. Inquire of Col. L. HART & SON, 3d-av., Yorkville.

WASHINGTON-AV., BROOKLYN.—Rent reduced; first-class medium-sized brick house; every convenience; fine garden; four lots. Apply to MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., 62 South-st.

TO RENT—NO. 14 WEST 11TH-ST., A FEW doors from Broadway; three rooms deep; all improvements; in good order.
JAMES PRICE, No. 200 Hudson-st.

A LARGE FOUR-STORY UNFURNISHED house; twenty rooms; Charles-st., near Greenwich-av.; "desirable for house;" good order; rent low. ROBERT T. MEEKS, No. 80 Cedar-st.

TO RENT—NO. 15 STUYVESANT-ST., FOUR-story basement brick house, fifteen rooms; water, gas, bath, range, &c.; rent $1,800. Apply to L. J. CARPENTER, No. 26 3d-av., Bible House.

TO LET—AT SCARSDALE, NEAR THE DEpot, a frame cottage with ten rooms, large garden, ice-house, &c. Apply to WM. H. POPHAM, Nos. 51 and 53 Front-st.

TO LET—THE TWO-STORY AND BASEment high-stoop house on 1st-av., between 84th and 85th sts.; good neighborhood; rent $650. Inquire at No. 53 Bleecker-st.

TO LEASE—AT A LOW FIGURE, THE upper part of store No. 28 Cliff-st., between John and Fulton; also, store No. 214 Centre-st. Apply to HUGH N. CAMP, No. 106 Broadway.

TO RENT—TWO OF THE FINEST HOUSES in the City; almost given away; call and examine. C. H. BEITEL & CO., No. 962 6th-av.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET
IN
TIMES BUILDING.
SPLENDID OFFICES TO LET IN THE FIRE-PROOF TIMES BUILDING.
Apply at TIMES COUNTING-ROOM.

UNION-SQUARE.—SEWING-MACHINE and piano companies or parties desiring a superior plot of extra size would do well to investigate a corner property of 53 by 150 feet that we can offer to lease for twenty-one years, situated on Union-place, (Union-square.)
F. G. & D. BROWN,
No. 90 Broadway.

TO LEASE FOR FIVE YEARS—AN eligible and spacious fire-proof banking-room, with all modern improvements and spacious vaults; suitable for a bank or banking business, &c.; situated in the centre of the money market. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—MANUFACTURING property, Nos. 116 and 118 West 25th-st.; double building, five stories and basement, well lighted, with engine, boiler and machinery. Apply on premises.

TO LET—TWO OFFICES ON THE FRONT of the second floor of No. 2 New Chambers-st.; rent $450 per annum. Apply to W. L. CONKLIN, No. 18 4th-av.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

A YOUNG MEMBER OF THE BAR, of good character and of collegiate education, wishes a desk-room with an older practitioner. W. O. R., Box No. 108 *Times* Office.

STATIONERY.

SLOTE & JANES, STATIONERS, PRINters and blank-book manufacturers, No. 93 Fulton-st. Blank-books made to any pattern.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

SERVANTS

OF ALL NATIONS, FOR CITY OR COUNTRY, Protestant and Catholic, on short notice, at

S. & E. V. ODELL'S,
NO. 109 WEST 34TH-ST.,
NEAR BROADWAY.
ESTABLISHED 1852.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as first-class waitress; would help in chamber-work; understands her business in all its branches; private family preferred; is willing to go to the country; the best of City and country reference can be given. Call for one day at No. 211 West 16th-st., corner of 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent person as first-class cook; thoroughly understand cooking in all its branches; no washing or ironing; wages from $30 to $35; best of reference given. Call at No. 92 Sand-st., at the basement door, at her present employer's.

WANTED—BY A PERSON, A SITUATION as lady's maid; can cut and fit ladies' and children's clothes, and can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's sewing-machine; can be seen at her present employers until suited. Call or address No. 9 West 9th-st., one door from 5th-av.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman, a situation as ladies' maid and seamstress; excelent seamstress; cut and fit, operate, dress-make, &c.; superior hair-dresser; will travel with and wait on lady, or nurse; very best City testimonials. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman as cook; understands her business thoroughly; would assist in the coarse washing or would take charge of a house in the City for the Summer; City reference. Call at No. 123 West 24th-st., Bell No. 12.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant woman as first-class cook in private family; can take entire charge of her kitchen and understands cooking in all its branches; country preferred; unexceptionable City references. Apply at No. 109 West 15th-st., rear house.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MARried woman, who has lost her babe, a child to wet nurse at her own residence; has a fresh breast of milk; good reference given and required. Apply to Mrs. GRIFFEN, No. 483 9th-av., corner of 37th-st., top floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MIDDLE-aged Protestant woman; has had long experience in housekeeping, and is fully capable of upstairs work; is a good sewer; a quiet home more desirable than high wages. Can be seen at No. 315 East 34th-st., near 2d-av.

EMPLOYERS

Wanting good, reliable help, of all nationalities, in any capacity, for City or country, can be suited immediately at WALKER'S, No. 138 6th-av., over drug-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class cook who perfectly understands her business in all its branches; the best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 151 West 17th-st., near 7th-av., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, a situation as first-class laundress; is a superior hair-dresser; understands all kinds of French fluting; has nearly six years' reference from former place. Apply at No. 645 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A VERY REspectable woman as nurse and sewing, all fine needle-work, chamber-work, &c.; has the best references from first-class family in the City; no objections to the country. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A NEAT YOUNG WOMAN, A situation as first-class waitress; understands the care of silver, &c., perfectly; is capable of filling a man's place; has two years' City reference from last in the City. Apply at No. 645 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class cook; understands French and English cooking, soups, meats, poultry, game, and desserts of all kinds; excellent references. Apply at No. 227 East 46th-st., from 9 to 4.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG woman, a situation for chamber-work and seamstress, or chamber-work and waiting; City or country; City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG Frenchwoman as lady's maid; can speak English; can cut and fit children's clothes, dress hair, and operate on the machine; has good references. Can be seen for two days at 102 East 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE AND seamstress; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's and Grover & Baker's machines; three years' reference from last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 168 West 35th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGLISH Protestant woman as seamstress; competent to take charge of children or a baby; excellent references; country preferred. Call or address for two days No. 217 East 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman, lately landed, a situation to care grown children and assist in chamber-work; is a good plain sewer; willing and obliging; City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as first-class cook; can do all kinds of nice French and English cooking, boning, larding, &c.; has two years' City reference. Apply at No. 645 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A NEAT, ACTIVE YOUNG woman, a situation as chamber-maid and waitress in a first-class boarding-house or hotel; City or country; City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN OBLIGing, trustworthy and thorough chamber-maid and waitress; willing to go in the country with a private family; recommended by her present employer. Can be seen for two days at 46 Irving-place.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO GIRLS, to go together; one as cook, washer and ironer, the other as chamber-maid and waitress; best City reference from last employer. Call at No. 342 West 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE-AGED AMERIcan woman, the care of a house during absence of family, or as housekeeper in a first-class tenement; good references. Address Mrs. JOHNSON, No. 103 9th-av., corner 17th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, a situation as first-class cook in a private family; wants to go to the country for the Summer; has three years' City reference. Can be seen at her present employer's, No. 127 Madison-av.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN, with first-class reference, a situation as chamber-maid and assist in waiting or in the care of children. Can be seen for two days at present employer's, No. 24 East 33d-st., near Madison-av.

WANTED—A COOK'S SITUATION BY A very respectable woman, and very good cook; meats, game, soups of all kinds, pastry, creams, jellies; good baker; very best references; country or City. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

ALL PARTIES WANTING HELP, and all help wanting situations, call immediately at BOOKHAM'S, No. 335 4th-av.; professed and other cooks, nurses, waitresses, laundresses, seamstresses, and those lately landed of all nations.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBER-maid and seamstress, or would take care of a child; expert operator on Willcox & Gibbs' machine; excellent reference. Call at No. 63 West 33d-st., corner Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class cook, with unexceptionable City reference. Address B. K., Box No. 78 Up-town *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBER-maid and to do ladies' fine washing; understands fluting; does up linens and fineries in superior style; excellent reference. Call at No. 340 West 26th-st.

WANTED—BY A GOOD NORTH OF IREland Protestant woman, a situation as cook and do the coarse washing; has six months' City reference. Call at No. 391 8th-av.

CITY AND COUNTRY LADIES WHO wish to employ good faithful women and girls, at moderate wages, can be nicely suited at E. CARROLL'S Agency, No. 69 6th-av., first floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as chamber-maid and waitress; willing and obliging; City reference. Call at No. 113 West 46th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman as chamber-maid and waitress in a private family. Apply to present employers, No. 152 West 21st-st., between 10 and 1 P. M. today.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman as cook, washer and ironer in a private family. Apply to present employer's, No. 152 West 21st-st., between 10 and 1 P. M. today.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPERIenced nurse and seamstress; willing to travel; would wait on a lady; has good City reference. Call at No. 347 7th-av., near 29th-st.

WANTED.—A LADY GOING TO EUROPE IS anxious to procure a good situation for her chamber-maid or take care of children and assist with sewing. Call for two days at No. 8 East 57th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent young woman as waitress in a private family; best City reference from last place. Address WAITRESS, West-side *Times* Office, 308 West 23d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman as cook in a small private family; can give five years' City reference. Call at No. 225 West 16th-st., second floor, back.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant girl as first-class waitress in a small private family; three and a half years' reference from last employer. Call at 340 West 36th-st., three flights, back.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant young woman, as first-class laundress, in a private family; best City reference. Call at No. 237 West 33d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation as waitress and chamber-maid in a private family; has good City reference. Can be seen at No. 208 East 45th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO ATTEND A lady or children going to California, by a young woman fully competent; can furnish the best of reference. Address No. 897 8th-av.

AT PELTON & CO., NO. 645 6TH-AV., near 37th-st., (formerly with Bedell,) will be found large number of first-class servants, of every description, both Protestant and Catholic; City and country.

EMPLOYERS WANTING FIRST-CLASS colored servants, male and female, for every capacity, should call immediately at SIMMS' Select Agency, No. 543 6th-av., second floor.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A situation as chamber-maid and seamstress, or laundress; City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 343 West 21st-st., second floor, back.

WANTED—A LADY WISHES TO FIND A situation for her laundress, whom she has had four years and can highly recommend.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent girl as dress-maker and seamstress; City reference. Call at No. 171 West 13th-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES at the TIMES Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av.; and the TIMES West-side Office, No. 308 West 23d-st., corner of 8th-av. NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG girl to do chamber-work and waiting in a private family, or take care of children and do plain sewing; has four years' reference from her last place; no objections to the country for the Summer. Can be seen for two days at No. 224 East 35th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman as first-class cook in a gentleman's family in the country; understands all kinds of baking; can attend to butter-making if required; best City reference; good wages required. Call today at No. 132 West 19th-st., rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant woman as infant's nurse, or to take care of grown children and do light chamber-work; no objection to the country for the Summer months; best City references for both. Call or address No. 348 East 17th-st., corner 2d-av.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED, ECOnomical woman, a situation as cook in a private family or take charge of house in the absence of family; best City reference from last employer. Apply at No. 226 West 27th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., second floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN TO travel with a family to Europe this Summer; has lived three years with present employer; is accustomed to traveling; would wait on an invalid; good reference. Address M. H., Up-town *Times* Office, No. 1,241 Broadway.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO YOUNG women, one as cook, washer and ironer, the other as chamber-maid and waitress, in City or country. Call at No. 62 Essex-st., rear building, first floor; good references.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant woman as first-class cook; understands French, English and American cooking; the best of City references; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 210 Sullivan-st., near Bleecker-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman as first-class laundress; understands French fluting, and can do up linens; no objection to the country; has good City references. Can be seen at 116 East 11th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook; thoroughly understands cooking in all its branches; will go to the country during Summer; no objection to a first-class boarding-house; excellent references. Call at No. 206 East 26th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE AND laundress; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's and Grover & Baker's machines; three years' reference from last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 168 West 35th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant woman as first-class waitress in a small private family; three and a half years' City reference from last employer. Call at No. 340 West 36th-st., three flights, back.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as first-class laundress in a private family; has the best of City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 144 East 15th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant young woman, a situation as chamber-maid and fine washer; City reference. Call for two days at No. 116 West 17th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young girl as cook, washer and ironer in a private family; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Call for two days at No. 129 West 52d-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK, A situation in a private family; thoroughly understands her business, and can furnish the best of City references. Call at No. 145 East 22d-st.

WANTED—BY A GOOD SWEDISH PROTestant girl, a situation as chamber-maid and waitress. Call between 9 and 2 at present employer's, No. 629 Lexington-av.

WANTED—BY A BOSTON YOUNG GIRL, A situation as waitress or chamber-maid. Call for two days at No. 424 West 32d-st., between 9th and 10th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as laundress in a private family; best of City references. Call at No. 326 East 34th-st., third floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable girl as chamber-maid and waitress in a small private family, or to take care of children; excellent City reference. Call at No. 203 East 20th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman as first-class chamber-maid; best City reference from last employer, who has gone to Europe. Call from 10 to 12, at No. 29 West 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman as good cook, and to do the plain washing in a private family; best City reference. Call at No. 208 West 33d-st., front room, second floor.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL LATELY landed, a situation to do general house-work in a small private family; is very willing and obliging. Call at No. 347 East 36th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WIDOW, washing to do at home, or would go out to work by the day. Call at No. 326 East 36th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITuation with a private family as chamber-maid and to assist in waiting, or as chamber-maid and to do fine washing; several years' City references from last place. Can be seen at No. 170 3d-av., between 16th and 17th sts.

GERMAN SERVANTS FOR ALL POSItions, capable and trustworthy, constantly found at No. 303 Bowery, entrance on 1st-st. Mrs. LOWE.

WANTED—BY A GOOD GERMAN WOMAN, a situation to do general house-work; is a plain cook, a good washer and ironer. Apply at No. 127 Norfolk-st., of M. Hild.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN WIDOW lady of refinement and capability, a position as housekeeper in a gentleman's house, or a hotel; no objection to the country; the West preferred; references exchanged. Address Mrs. HERBERT, Box No. 152 *Times* Office.

MALES.

WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN WISHES TO obtain a situation for his coachman, whom he has employed three years; he thoroughly understands the care of horses, cows, and garden; moderate wages accepted. Address EDWIN, No. 4 West 4th-st., Room No. 13.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant young man, a situation as coachman; he thoroughly understands his business; is willing and obliging, steady and sober; no objections to country; can produce best of City reference. Call or address B. Y., No. 311 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY DAVID Moore, (Protestant,) a respectable married man, as coachman and groom; country preferred; will work in garden, and make himself generally useful; can give first-class references; wants house for small family. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—A WAITER'S SITUATION BY A very respectable young man and first-class waiter; understands the care of silver, getting up salads and everything that belongs to the business; make himself useful; very best City references. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-class coachman; married, without incumbrance; has long experience; understands his business in all its branches; eleven years' City reference from last employer. Call or address J. M., at No. 19 West 28th-st., harness-store.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISHMAN, MARried, with a family, a situation to take charge of a country-seat, farm included; is a practical gardener; not afraid of work; first-class references. Address T. H., care W. T. Collins, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

WANTED—A COACHMAN AND GARDENer's situation by a respectable married man; thorough experience in both; strictly temperate; excellent driver in City or country; willing, obliging, trustworthy. Address J. B., No. 148 Duane-st.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a thoroughly competent man; understands his business in all its branches; can produce the best City references. Can be seen for two days by applying at No. 160 Pearl-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a respectable married man, who thoroughly understands his business; is willing and obliging; three years' reference from his last situation. Call at 756 2d-av., between 40th and 41st sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young Protestant man as coachman and gardener or useful man; can keep a gentleman's place in first-class order; milks cows, &c.; country preferred. Apply at 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A MOST RESPECTABLE Protestant single young man, a situation as coachman in a private family; none but City family need apply; best City references; can be seen with present employer, 168 5th-av., for two days. Address W. R.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a young man who thoroughly understands his business; first-class reference from his last employer. Call or address T. M., stable No. 8 East 31st-st., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MAN, A situation as groom or footman; understands the care of horses thoroughly; would go with gentleman as valet to Europe; has three years' reference. Apply at No. 340 4th-av.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a very respectable Protestant young man, or as coachman and gardener, and to make himself useful; good groom; good careful driver; country or City; good references. Call at No. 635 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a strictly temperate, willing and obliging young man; good groom and careful driver; can give best City reference. Call on or address B. M., harness-makers, No. 40 East 13th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young man, lately landed, as assistant gardener, or to be generally useful on a gentleman's place; can milk; can give satisfactory references. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—A COACHMAN AND GROOM'S situation by a man fully competent in his business; the best City reference from his last employer, with whom he has lived for over eleven years. Call or address No. 6 West 30th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG man, lately landed, as groom and coachman or groom alone; understands the care of horses, carriages and harness. Call on or address F. B., private stable, No. 7 East 28th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class waiter and footman in a private family; unexceptionable City reference. Address for two days J. H., Box No. 77 Up-town *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG Englishman, a situation as private waiter; has excellent references. Address for two days, or call at present employer's, No. 413 5th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUAtion as coachman; City or country; best references from present employer, who is going to Europe. Call or address No. 17 West 46th-st., private stable.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a steady, industrious young man; is experienced in the care of horses, driving, taking care of fine harness, carriages, &c.; is strictly temperate; willing to make himself generally useful about a gentleman's place; not afraid of work; has the best of reference. Call or address No. 42 Court-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A COACHMAN AND GROOM'S situation by an Englishman; competent to take full charge of any gentleman's establishment if required; can drive four in hand or tandem; sober and honest; no objections to the country; three and a half years' reference from last place. Address COACHMAN, Box No. 195 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS USEFUL man on a gentleman's place, in the country, by an industrious young man; understands the care of horses, driving, &c.; can assist in plain gardening; is willing to be useful; refers to his last employer. Apply at No. 12 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION, in City or country, by a man fully conversant with his duties, who has been six years with his last employer, to whom he is permitted to refer. Inquire of W. L. WALLACE, No. 29 Cortlandt-st., for Patrick Barrett.

WANTED—BY A MAN AND WIFE, (NO family,) situations as steward and housekeeper, or head waiter and housekeeper; fully understands the business and management of a first-class hotel, a country-house; and dining-room; girls no objection. Address B. B., No. 137 6th-av., 10th-st., Lewis' shoe-store.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG German, single, a situation as coachman; City or country; is a first-class driver, and understands the proper care and treatment of horses and carriages, &c.; is sober and obliging; best of City references. Call or address FRED YOUNG, No. 297 Bowery, in the harness-store.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG man of long experience, a situation as coachman; understands his business thoroughly; a first-class City driver; over eight years' reference from last family he lived with. Call or address L., No. 121 West 37th-st.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a young English Protestant man; is very respectable and a first-class coachman; excellent groom; keeps his horses, carriages, &c., in the best manner; good careful driver; would make himself useful; best testimonials; country or City. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN a private family, by a respectable man; can give the best of City reference; has no objection to the country. Can be seen at No. 5 East Washington-place.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG Englishman as coachman; strictly temperate; good driver and perfect groom; can furnish good City references from last employers. Call or address private stable, No. 115 West 32d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a single man, in this country but a few days; has good reference from the old country; is willing to do gardening and make himself useful. Call or address D. T., No. 118 East 32d-st., private stable.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG colored man as groom; steady, honest, competent and obliging; excellent references. Address C. O., Box No. 29 Up-town *Times* Office, 54½ West 32d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN a private family by a Protestant young man, lately from Europe; has reference. Address HENRY, Up-town *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class private water, (Protestant,) accustomed to the duties of a first-class family; excellent City references. Address A. B., Box No. 195 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG Englishman, a situation as waiter in a private family; good references. Address ALFRED NEWTON, No. 156 3d-av.

WANTED—BY A MAN AND WIFE, THE charge of a private house for the Summer months or longer; best of references given. Call for this week at No. 782 2d-av.

WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN, WHO HAS disposed of his horses, wishes to procure a situation for his coachman, who is thoroughly worthy of it. Address or call at 138 East 32d-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a sober, reliable young man; understands the care of horses, and is a good, careful driver. Address for two days J. G. M., No. 39 West 44th-st.

WANTED.—A LADY WISHES TO FIND A situation for her waiter from June 1; a thoroughly capable and efficient man-servant. Apply at No. 18 East 37th-st.

WANTED—A COACHMAN AND GROOM'S situation by a strictly temperate man; single; unobjectionable City reference given. Call or address W., No. 36 West 30th-st.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISHMAN, A situation as headwaiter in a private family, or as steward on board a pleasure yacht; unexceptionable reference. Apply to A. B., No. 590 6th-av.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCHMAN, A SITUAtion as coachman; best of references. Address or call on A. D., No. 23 West 22d-st., private stable.

WANTED—THE CHARGE OF A HOUSE in the absence of the owner, during the Summer season or longer, by man and wife. Apply to GEORGE PHAIR, Ball, Black & Co.'s, No. 565 Broadway.

A GOOD, PRACTICAL MELTER OF American nickel, copper and zinc alloys in the manufacture of German silver is open for an engagement. Address WM. CROOKES, Box No. 163 *Times* Office.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A MARRIED couple in a private family, the man as waiter, the wife as first-class cook; both speak French only. Call at No. 358 West 23th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT MAN AND wife, to take charge of a house during the Summer. Call at No. 327 East 21st-st., first floor front.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER OR light porter by an Englishman; has the best first-class City reference. Address for three days F. W. C., Up-town *Times* Office, No. 1,241 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PRACTIcal single man, thirty years of age, as farmer or assistant gardener; a very steady reliable man in every respect with good references. Apply at No. 94 2d-av., before 11 A. M.

HELP WANTED.

SALESMAN WANTED—IN A WHOLEsale butter, cheese and general produce house in this City. None but a first-class salesman, and one who understands the business thoroughly, will obtain the situation. Apply to GEORGE MILLER, No. 82 Broad-st.

WANTED—FOR A SMALL FAMILY REsiding in the country during the Summer, two first-class Protestant servants; one as cook, the other as waitress and chamber-maid, (washing to be done between them.) Apply, with references, at No. 7 Beekman-st., Room No. 3.

WANTED—IN A LARGE IMPORTING house, a second book-keeper, who is thoroughly competent and trustworthy; the best of references required. Address in own handwriting, giving name, age, references and salary expected, Box No. 2,396, New-York Post-office.

WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, A good cook, willing to do coarse washing and ironing; none need apply without reference from last employer. Call for two days at Madison-av., second house above 77th-st.

AT BEDELL'S, NO. 340 4TH-AV., WANTED a number of desirable servants to fill first-class situations now vacant; nice cook, laundresses, nurses, seamstress, ladies' maids, waitresses, &c., both Protestant and Catholic, for City or country.

SALESMAN WANTED—IN A RETAIL jewelry-store in this City, where experience, good address and, honesty are required. Address, stating references, JEWELRY, Station A.

WANTED—A GOOD GERMAN GIRL, OR Irish Protestant girl, to do general house-work in a small private family. Call today at No. 682 Lexington-av.

WANTED—A COOK; ONE WHO IS WILLing to assist in washing and ironing. Apply to No. 170 West 11th-st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT COOK FOR A small family; the best references demanded. Call after 6 o'clock P. M. at No. 110 5th-av.

REMOVAL.

ROBT STUYVESANT,
BANKER AND BROKER,
HAS REMOVED TO
NO. 72 BROADWAY,
A few doors below Wall-st.
Governments, Gold, Railroad Bonds and Stocks bought and sold on commission.

REMOVAL.

POTTER & POST,
BROKERS IN STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE, HAVE REMOVED TO NO. 3 HANOVER-ST.

No. 35 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, May 1, 1872.

REMOVAL.

Owing to the improvements about to be made on the corner of Wall and Broad sts., (which will include the building where I have lately had my office,) I have this day removed to Furniss' Building, No. 35 Wall-st.
JOSEPH O'BRIEN.

OFFICE OF THE PACIFIC MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY, NO. 176 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, May 1, 1872.

THIS COMPANY HAS REMOVED TO its new office, NO. 119 BROADWAY, south-west corner of Cedar-st.

REMOVAL.

BRINCKERHOFF, TURNER & POLHEMUS, (Cotton Duck,) Have removed from Nos. 13 and 15 Lispenard-st. to No. 142 Duane-st.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MANTELS, GRATES, &C.
LARGE AND ELEGANT STOCK,
AT OUR NEW WAREROOMS,
UNION SQUARE,
CORNER 4TH-AV. AND 17TH-ST.
PENRHYN SLATE CO.

A. KLABER.—STEAM MARBLE AND MARbleizing works, Nos. 134 and 136 East 18th-st. Marble and marbleized mantels, tiling, marble counters, monuments, at prices that defy competition. Marble turning for the trade.

S. KLABER & CO.'S MARBLE-WORKS, No. 222 West 51st., between Broadway and 8th-av. Marble, Marbleized Mantels, Monuments, Headstones, of superior workmanship, designs. Price-list on application.

SHIPPING.

ANCHOR LINE.

Steamers sail every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, to and from
NEW-YORK AND GLASGOW,
Calling at Londonderry to land Mails and Passengers.
Passengers booked and forwarded to and from all railway stations in Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Norway, Sweden or Denmark and America as safely, speedily, comfortably and cheaply as by any other route or line

THE NEW DEPARTURES.

FROM GLASGOW.	FROM NEW-YORK.
Wed., May 2	ASSYRIA	Wed., May 1.
Sat., May 25	EUROPA	Sat., May 4.
Sat., June 2	ANGLIA	Sat., May 11.
Sat., June 9	INDIA	Sat., May 18.

And an extra steamer of the line every WEDNESDAY thereafter from Pier 29 North River, New-York, at noon.

Rates of passage, payable in currency, to Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry:
First cabins, $65 and $75, according to location.
Cabin excursion tickets good for twelve months, securing best accommodations, $121.
Intermediate, $33; steerage, $28.
Certificates at lowest rates, can be bought here by those wishing to send for their friends.
Drafts issued, payable on presentation.
Apply at the Company's offices to
HENDERSON BROTHERS, No. 7 Bowling-green.

WHITE STAR LINE.

NEW-YORK, CORK AND LIVERPOOL,
NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAM-SHIPS,
THE SIX LARGEST IN THE WORLD,
6,000 tons burden—2,000-horse power each.
Sailing from New-York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor each way.

ATLANTIC	May 4, 3 P. M.
BALTIC	May 11, 7½ A. M.
REPUBLIC	May 18, 2 P. M.
OCEANIC	May 25, 7½ A. M.

From the White Star Dock, Pavonia Ferry, Jersey City. Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivaled, combining
SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.
Saloon, state-rooms, smoking-room and bath-rooms in midship section, where least motion is felt. Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.
RATES—Saloon, $80, gold; steerage, $30, currency. Those wishing to send for friends from the Old country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates, $33, currency.
Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, Paris, Hamburg, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, &c.
Excursion tickets granted at lowest rates.
Drafts from £1 upward.
For inspection of plans and other information, apply at the Company's offices, No. 19 Broadway, New York.
Bills of lading issued through to Continental ports.
J. H. SPARKS, Agent.

NATIONAL LINE OF STEAM-SHIPS.
WEEKLY TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
FORTNIGHTLY TO AND FROM LONDON DIRECT.
From Piers Nos 44 and 47 North River.
TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
SPAIN, Grace.....Saturday, May 4, at 3 P. M.
CANADA, Wenster.....Saturday May 11, at 8 A. M.
TO LONDON DIRECT.
HELVETIA, Griggs..Wednesday, May 8, at 3 P. M.
Cabin passage.....$75 and $65, currency
Steerage.....$28, currency
Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry, Glasgow or London, $32, currency.
For further information apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

CUNARD LINE.—THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

FROM NEW-YORK.	FROM NEW-YORK.
Cuba...Wed'sday, May 1	Bstavia...Sat'day, May 4
Scotia...Wed'sday, May 8	Algeria...Sat'day, May 11
Java...Wed'sday, May 15	Prussia...Sat'day, May 18
China...Wed'sday, May 22	Calabria...Sat'day, May 25
Russia...Wed'sday, May 29	Abyssinia...Sat'day, June 1

And every following WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY from New-York.
RATES OF PASSAGE.—Cabin, $80, $100, $130, gold, according to accommodation. Tickets to Paris, $15, gold, additional. Return tickets on favorable terms. Steerage, $30, currency.
Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown, and all parts of Europe, at lowest rates. Through bills of lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other ports on the Continent, and for Mediterranean ports. For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's office, No. 4 Bowling-green: for steerage passage, at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

PASSENGERS PER STEAM-SHIP CUBA embark from the Cunard Wharf, foot of Grand-st., Jersey City, at noon, on WEDNESDAY, May 1. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN,
No. 4 Bowling-green, New-York.

INMAN LINE FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:
CITY OF BALTIMORE..Wednesday, May 1, 7 A. M.
CITY OF LONDON.....Saturday, May 4, 2 P. M.
CITY OF WASHINGTON..Wednesday, May 8, 7 A. M.
CITY OF BROOKLYN.....Saturday, May 11, 8 A. M.
CITY OF BRISTOL.....Thursday, May 16, 12 M.
CITY OF MONTREAL.....Saturday, May 18, 2 P. M.
and each succeeding SATURDAY and THURSDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.
RATES OF PASSAGE.

Payable in Gold.		Payable in Currency.	
First cabin	$75	Steerage	$30
To London	80	To London	35
To Paris	90	To Paris	38

Passengers booked to or from Hamburg, Sweden, Norway and Denmark, at reduced rates.
Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.
Through Bills Lading given on shipments of goods to Havre and Antwerp.
Drafts issued at lowest rates.
For further information, apply at the Company's office.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

FOR LIVERPOOL,
VIA QUEENSTOWN,
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.
THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full-power iron-screw steam-ships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY WEDNESDAY,
as follows:
WYOMING, Capt. WHINERAY.....May 1, at 1 P. M.
NEBRASKA, Capt. GUARD.....May 8, at 3 P. M.
MINNESOTA, Capt. MORGAN.....May 8, at 3 P. M.
IDAHO, Capt. PRICE.....May 15, at 11½ A. M.
MANHATTAN, Capt. J. B. PRICE..May 22, at 3 P. M.
WISCONSIN, Capt. T. W. FREEMAN. May 29, at 12 M.
Cabin passage, $80, gold.
Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 Broadway,) $30, currency.
For freight or cabin passage apply to
A. W. DIMOCK, President,
No. 63 Wall-st.

EXTRA STEAMER FOR LIVERPOOL.
The steam-ship NEBRASKA will sail for Liverpool on FRIDAY, May 3, and having been entirely refitted, offers unequaled accommodations for saloon passengers.
Cabin passage $80, gold.
WILLIAMS & GUION, Agents,
No. 63 Wall-st.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.
THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.
The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:
WASHINGTON.....ROUSSAN....Saturday, May 4
VILLE DE PARIS...EUDRIN....Saturday, May 18
PEREIRE.....DANRE.....Saturday, June 1
ST. LAURENT.....LEMAIRE....Saturday, June 15
PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD (including wine) TO BREST OR HAVRE.
First cabin.....$125 | Second cabin.....$75
Excursion tickets at reduced rates.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.
American travelers going to or returning from the Continent or Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.
GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent,
No. 58 Broadway.

BALTIC LLOYD
MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.
Only direct line to Prussia, Russia and the Scandinavian countries, connecting with all the Baltic local lines of steamers, New-York and Stettin, calling at Christiansand and Copenhaken to land mails and passengers. Steamers will sail Saturdays, at 2 P. M., from Pier No. 13 North River.
FRANKLIN, Capt. F. DREYER.....May 4
JASON, (extra steamer).....May 18
HUMBOLDT, Capt. P. BARNDOW.....June 1
THORWALDSEN, ERNST MORITZ ARNDT, and WASHINGTON, (building.)
Rates of passage payable in gold.

CABIN.		STEERAGE.	
From New-York	$100	Including mattress	$30
From Stettin	90	Including mattress	40
Excursion tickets	170	Including mattress	65

Children under years half rates.
For through freights to the principal ports of the Baltic, and passage, apply to
WENDT & RAMMELSBERG, Agents,
No. 40 Broadway, New-York.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY'S LINE TO
CALIFORNIA, JAPAN AND CHINA,
VIA PANAMA,
CARRYING MAILS, PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT TO
KINGSTON, JAMAICA, SANTA MARTHA AND GREYTOWN, AND PACIFIC COAST OF MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA, PERU AND CHILI.
Steamers leave 13th and 30th each month, except when those dates fall on Sunday, then the day previous.
May 15.—Steamer OCEAN QUEEN, Capt. JEFF MAURY, will leave Pier No. 42 North River, at 12 o'clock noon, for Aspinwall, via Kingston, Jamaica, connecting at Panama with steamer SACRAMENTO, Capt. —, touching at Acapulco, Manzanillo and Masatlan, and also connecting for all Central American and South Pacific ports. Freight for last-named ports received until 4 P. M. of May 13.
An extra steamer will leave San Francisco May 16, 1872 for Japan and China. For rates of passage, freight and all further information, apply at Company's office on the pier, foot of Canal-st.
F. R. BABY, Agent.

SAN DOMINGO LINE.
The United States Mail Steamer TYBEE, Capt. DELANOY, will leave Pier No. 4 North River, THURSDAY, May 2, at 3 P. M., for Puerto Plata, Samana and San Domingo City.
For freight or passage apply to
SPOFFORD BROS. & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.
Bills of Exchange on Puerto Plata, Samana and San Domingo City in sums to suit purchasers for sale.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.
CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.
Atlantic Mail Steam-ship Company's steamer MISSOURI, Capt. T. S. CURTIS, will sail on THURSDAY, May 2, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.
For freight or passage apply to
A. W. DIMOCK, President,
No. 4 Bowling-green.

SHIPPING.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.,
THE FLORIDA PORTS,
AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.
GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE.
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.
THE STEAM-SHIPS
LEO, Capt DEARBORN, WEDNESDAY, May 1, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents,
No. 62 South-st.
SAN JACINTO, Capt. HAZARD, SATURDAY, May 4, from Pier No. 6 North River, at 12 P. M.
WM. B. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green.
HUNTSVILLE, Capt. CROWELL, WEDNESDAY, May 8, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.
R. LOWDEN, Agent,
No. 25 West-st.
Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.
Superior accommodations for passengers.
Through rates and bills of lading in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.
Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Freight line.
C. D. OWENS, Agent A. G. & G. R. R., No. 229 Broadway.
GEORGE YONGE, Agent G. R. R., No. 499 Broadway

DIRECT LINE TO HAVANA.
HAVANA, PROGRESO AND VERA CRUZ.
New-York and Mexican Mail Steam-ship Line, leaving Pier 17 E. River, at 3 P. M., direct to Havana.
CITY OF MEXICO, Timmerman...Saturday, May 4
CLEOPATRA, Phillips, (Havana only.)..Sat., May 11
CITY OF MERIDA, Deaken.....Wednesday, May 22
CLEOPATRA, Phillips, (Havana only.)..Wed., May 29
For freight or passage apply to
M. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.
POSTPONEMENT.—The steam-ship CITY OF MEXICO will sail for Havana, Progreso and Vera Cruz on SATURDAY, May 4, at 3 P. M., instead of Thursday.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.
UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.
REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month.
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. TINKLEPAUGH.....May 23
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. WIER.....June 23
MERRIMACK, Capt. G. B. SLOCUM.....July 23
These splendid steamers sails on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage apply to
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.
ATLANTIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.
Sailing regularly every THURSDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely from Pier No. 4 North River.
MISSOURI, Capt. T. S. CURTIS, (via Nassau,) May 2.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. T. H. MORTON, May 9.
CRESCENT CITY, Capt. E. VAN SICE, (via Nassau,) May 16.
For freight or passage apply to
A. W. DIMOCK, President,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 91 Duane-st. corner of Broadway.

STEAMBOATS.

FALL RIVER LINE.

CHANGE OF PIERS.
STEAMERS
Bristol and Providence
Will remove from Pier No. 30 to Pier No. 28, foot of Murray-st, on and after May 1, 1872, leaving daily (Sundays excepted,) at 5 P. M., for Boston, via Newport and Fall River.

HARLEM RIVER.—THE STEAM-BOAT TIGER LILY will commence her usual trips for the season, on WEDNESDAY, May 1, which will leave the Company's landing at 130th-st., near 3d-av., for Central Bridge, Carmansville, High Bridge, Tomlinson's Woods, Morris Dock, Fordham and Kings Bridge landings at 6:15 and *9 A. M. and *5:10 P. M. Returning, leave Kings Bridge at *7:15 and *9:45 A. M. and 6 P. M. Leave Harlem for Central Bridge, Carmansville and High Bridge as follows: 6:15, *8, *9, *10:30 A. M.; *12:15, *1, *2, *4:10 and *5:10 P. M. Returning, leave High Bridge and intermediate landings at *7:30, *8:30, *10 and 11 A. M.; 12:30, *1:30, *2:30, *3:30, *4:40 and 6:15 P. M. Figures marked with a * connect at Harlem with City boats.
SUNDAY ARRANGEMENT.—First trip from Harlem to Kings Bridge and intermediate landings, A. M., and return from Kings Bridge and intermediate landings at 9 A. M. Last trip from Harlem to Kings Bridge, 6 P. M., and returning at 6:45 P. M. The residue of the day between Harlem and High Bridge. Pleasant Sundays, expect two boats.
HARLEM AND SPUYTEN DUYVIL NAV. CO.
D. D. INSLEE, Assistant Superintendent.
HARLEM, April 29, 1872.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.—The largest and most magnificent river steamers in the world. The ST. JOHN, DREW and DEAN RICHMOND. One of the above steamers will leave Pier No. 41 North River, every afternoon, (sunday excepted,) at 5 o'clock. Arriving at Albany in time to connect with the Canada West, North and East. Returning, leave the steam-boat landing at Albany at 7 o'clock P. M., or on the arrival of connecting trains from the West and North and East.
Through tickets can be obtained at the office on the wharf, and at Dodd's Express, No. 944 Broadway, and No. 1 Court-st., Brooklyn, and baggage checked to its destination. Freight received until the hour of departure.

STEAMER SEA BIRD,
FOR RED BANK
and intermediate landings.

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Sat., April 27....10½ A. M.	Fri., April 26....8 A. M.
Tues., April 30....2 P. M.	Mon., April 29....8 A. M.
Thurs., May 2....3 P. M.	Wed., May 1....10½ A. M.
Sat., May 4....3 P. M.	Fri., May 3....1½ P. M.
Mon., May 6....3 P. M.	Mon., May 6....4 P. M.
Tues., May 7....3 P. M.	Tues., May 7....7 A. M.

CITIZENS' EVENING LINE STEAMERS for Albany and Troy, landing at Catskill. Fare fifty cents by the fastest night boats on the Hudson. Steamers SUNNYSIDE and THOMAS POWELL leave Pier No. 2 North River, foot Spring-st., daily, (Saturdays excepted,) at 6 P. M., making sure connections with all trains going North, East and West. Tickets sold and baggage checked to all points on Rensselaer and Saratoga and Troy and Boston Railroads.

ALBANY AND TROY LINE, LANDING at Catskill, from Pier No. 44 North River, daily, Saturdays excepted. Fare, 50 cents; half state-rooms, 75 cents. Steamers VANDERBILT and CONNECTICUT, connecting with railroads to all stations West and North, will leave as above at 6 P. M. Freight at reduced rates.
C. D. HANCOX, General Agent.

FOR RONDOUT, LANDING AT COZZENS', Cornwall, Newburg, Milton, Poughkeepsie and Esopus.—The steamers THOMAS COLLYER and JAMES W. BALDWIN leave daily, at 4 P. M., Pier No. 34 North River, foot of Harrison-st.

TO BRIDGEPORT AND ALL POINTS on Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroad.—Fare, $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 12 noon, Sundays excepted.

FOR STAMFORD.—THE STEAM-BOAT AMERICUS leaves daily from Pier No. 37 East River at 3:30 P. M., and foot of 33d-st. at 3:45 P. M. Leave Stamford at 7 A. M.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, AND THE NORTH.—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with road

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.
Commencing on Monday, Nov. 13, 1871, Through Trains will leave from New Depot, 4th-av. and 42d-st.
8.00 A. M., Chicago and Montreal Express, with drawing-room cars through to Rochester and St. Albans.
10.30 A. M., Special Chicago Express, with drawing-room cars to Buffalo and Niagara Falls.
10.45 A. M., Northern and Western Express.
3.40 P. M., Special Troy Express, on Saturdays.
4.00 P. M., Montreal Express, with sleeping cars from New-York to St. Albans.
6.00 P. M., Express, with sleeping-cars for Watertown, Oswego and Canandaigua.
8.00 P. M., Pacific Express, with sleeping-cars for Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls; also, for Chicago and St. L. S. and M. C. Railroads; and for St. Louis via Toledo, leaves on Sundays at 6 P. M.
11.00 P. M., Express, with sleeping-cars for Troy and Albany.
All local trains running north of Yonkers, leave from new depot. Yonkers Special Trains from 30th-st., west side, as heretofore.
C. H. PEACOCK, General Passenger Agent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.
On and after MONDAY, Oct. 30, 1871, trains will leave James-slip as follows:
8:30 A. M. Greenport mail train.
10:30 A. M. Roslyn, Glen Cove, Locust Valley, Huntington and Northport, Pass trains.
3:00 P. M. Riverhead and Sag Harbor Express, (through to Greenport on Saturdays.)
4:00 P. M. Express trains for Roslyn, Glen Cove, Locust Valley, Huntington and Northport.
5:30 P. M. Northport way-train.
All trains connect at Branch for Hempstead.
Sunday trains for Huntington, Northport, Roslyn, Glen Cove and Locust Valley leave Hunter's Point at 9:30 A. M. and 6 P. M.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—A MAN OR WOMAN OR WOMAN, INTelligent, reliable and competent, to take charge of a first-class small hotel on Madison-av., near the square, who can give good reference and $5,000 security for faithful performance of duty. For further particulars, apply to
DYE & CURTISS,
No. 508 6th-av.

CIRCULATING LIBRARY FOR SALE.—A part or the whole interest in a well-established circulating library of about 20,000 volumes, with a good list of subscribers, which may be largely increased; a good investment for $5,000 to $20,000, and a pleasant occupation. Inquire of G. P. PUTNAM, Publisher, No. 54 East 23d-st.

PARTNER WANTED.—THE ADVERTiser, having a large trade and extensive acquaintance in a safe business already established on a firm footing, which requires additional capital only to increase it very largely, desires a partner with $20,000 to $50,000 capital. Address G. M., Box No. 4,687 New-York Post-office.

A GENTLEMAN OF LARGE BUSINESS experience and some means, wishes to engage in some occupation where his services, either with or without capital, can be profitably employed. Address D. E. R., Box No. 152 Times Office.

A GOOD JOB COMPOSITOR, WITH $1,500 or $2,000, can hear of an opportunity to enter an established business. Address HARRY, Station F.

FINANCIAL.

SAFE AND PROFITABLE.

THE
CANADA SOUTHERN
First Mortgage Sinking Fund 30 Years
7 PER CT. GOLD BONDS
AT
90 and ACCRUED INTEREST.

The Road runs from Buffalo to the Detroit River, and is the Eastern link in the new AIR LINE FROM BUFFALO TO CHICAGO, and has been under construction for about two years past by railroad men who have seen the necessity for a STEEL RAIL, LOW GRADE SHORT ROUTE between the great railroad systems which diverge from Chicago, Toledo and Buffalo.

Among the builders of the road, by whose cash subscriptions 220 miles (out of 230) have already been graded, bridged and made ready for the superstructure, a large part of the steel rails bought, all of the materials for the stations, and a part of the equipment purchased, are:
MILTON COURTRIGHT, JOHN F. TRACY DAVID DOWS, WM. L. SCOTT, HENRY FARNHAM, R. A. FORSYTH, HENRY H. PORTER, JOHN M. BURKE, M. L. SYKES, JR., B. F. ALLEN, all directors, either in the Chicago and Northwest, or the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific; GEO. OPDYKE, of the Midland Road; JOHN B. ALLEN, SIDNEY DILLON, DANIEL DREW, J. S. CASEMENT, J. & J. CASEY, O. S. CHAPMAN, JOHN ROSS, DAVID STEWART, and F. H. WINSTON.
THE ROAD will be
33 MILES SHORTER THAN ANY OTHER ROAD,
either BUILT or in contemplation between Buffalo and Chicago, and will also shorten the distance between Toledo and Buffalo twenty-three miles.
THE MAXIMUM GRADE on the entire line does not exceed FIFTEEN FEET to the mile—and Ninety-six per cent. of the road IS STRAIGHT.
THE ROAD WILL BE COMPLETED and in running order on or before Dec. 31 of this year.
The principal and interest of the bonds are payable either in New-York, London or Frankfort.
We confidently recommend the bonds to all classes of investors.

LEONARD, SHELDON & FOSTER,
NO. 10 WALL-ST.

N. Y. Midland R. R.
AND CONNECTIONS.
Seven per Cent. Gold Bonds.
Income 1-3 to 1-2 more than Governments.
N. Y. and O. Midland First Mortgage,
PAR AND INTEREST.
New-Jersey Midland First Mortgage,
PAR AND INTEREST.
Syracuse and Chenango Valley First Mortgage,
95 AND INTEREST.
All of the above confidently recommended to all classes of investors. Full particulars furnished on application.
For sale by
Geo. Opdyke & Co.,
Financial and General Agents for the Companies,
NO. 25 NASSAU-ST.

Over 10 Per Cent.
NET EARNINGS.
ALL TAXES PAID.
Connecticut Valley Railroad First Mortgage 7 per cent. Bonds,
free of all taxes in Connecticut, and free of income tax everywhere. Road finished and running, AND ALREADY EARNING EXPENSES, INTEREST, AND OVER 10 PER CENT. ON ITS STOCK. Full paid stock, and a limited mortgage. Price 95 and interest. We recommend them strongly.
ALLEN, STEPHENS & CO.,
Bankers, No. 12 Pine-st., New-York.

TEN PER CENT.
ILLINOIS REGISTERED COUPON BONDS,
INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL PAYABLE BY STATE TREASURER IN NEW-YORK.
ALSO OTHER FIRST-CLASS SECURITIES FOR SALE BY
ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
BANKER, STOCK BROKER AND AUCTIONEER,
No. 43 Pine-st., New-York.
N. B.—Choice municipal bonds and other investments of securities, strictly first-class, paying ten to twenty per cent. interest, a specialty with this house for over twenty years, and always kept on hand, for sale at the lowest market rates.

SMITH AND PARMELEE GOLD COMPANY.
TO THE STOCKHOLDERS.
The present holders of the property formerly owned by the Smith and Parmelee Gold Mining Company having organized a new company, are now prepared to exchange the stock of the same for the stock of the Smith and Parmelee Gold Company upon favorable terms for the space of three months from April 12, 1872. For particulars inquire at the office, No. 52 Wall-st., Room No. 28. CHARLES J. CANDA, President.

OFFICE OF CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, No. 52 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, April 22, 1872.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders and bondholders of the Chicago and North-western Railway Company, for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before them, will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of Chicago, on THURSDAY, the 6th day of June next, at 1 o'clock P. M.
The transfer-books will be closed on the 30th day of April inst., at the close of business on that day, and opened on saturday, the 8th day of June next, at 10 A. M.
M. L. SYKES, JR., Vice-President.
A. L. PRITCHARD, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY,
CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 23, 1872.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this Company for the election of directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of other appropriate business will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of Cleveland, Ohio, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of May next, between the hours of 11 o'clock in the forenoon and 2 o'clock in the afternoon of that day.
The transfer-books of the Company will be closed at the close of business on the 20th day of March inst., and will reopen on the morning of the 2d day of May next.
GEORGE B. ELY, Secretary

OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY,
ALBANY, May 1, 1872.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIrectors of this Company, and for three inspectors of the next election, will be held at the office of the Company, in the Exchange, in the City of Albany, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of June next. The poll will be open at 12 o'clock noon, and will continue open for two hours thereafter.
By order of the Board of Directors.
E. D. WORCESTER, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the United States Mortgage Company will be held at the office of said Company, No. 27 William-st., in the City of New-York, on the 11th day of May, 1872, at 12 M.
By order of the Board of Directors.
ADEXANDER J. KOCH, Secretary.

MILWAUKEE CITY SEVEN PER CENT. Water Loan Bonds, interest payable Jan. 1 and July 1, in New-York, are offered for sale at par and accrued interest by the Gallatin National Bank, No. 34 Wall-st.

ATLANTIC MUTUAL INSURANCE Scrip of all issues wanted by WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine-st., corner William-st.

FINANCIAL.

A Safe Investment.
Paying over 11 per cent. per annum.
We are just in receipt of last installment of the Bonds of Greene County, State of Missouri. Only about one-fourth of the whole issue ($400,000) of above Bonds remain unsold, which we continue to offer at 80c. and accrued interest. Bonds mature in 19 years. Rate of interest, 8 per cent., payable February and August, at National Park Bank, New-York, free of tax.
Pamphlets, &c., with full particulars, or any further information furnished upon application, either personally or by letter.
GWYNNE, JOHNSON & DAY, Bankers,
No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

Houston and Texas
CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.'S
First Mortgage
LAND-GRANT SINKING FUND
7 Per Cent. Gold Bonds,
At 90 and Accrued Interest in Currency.
YIELDING ABOUT NINE PER CENT. ON THE INVESTMENT.
WILLIAM E. DODGE, of New-York, President.
SHEPHERD KNAPP & WILLIAM WALTER PHELPS, Trustees for Bondholders.
Principal and interest payable in gold at the National City Bank, New-York. We confidently assure investors that these bonds are in every respect first-class, and we recommend them as an entirely safe investment. All securities taken at Board prices in exchange. Circulars and information may be obtained at our office.
JOHN J. CISCO & SON,
No. 59 Wall-st., New-York.

VERMILYE & CO.
BANKERS,
16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.
DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION
RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.
MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

THOS. DENNY & CO.,
NO. 39 WALL-ST.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
OFFER FOR SALE:
Belleville and Southern Illinois First Mortgage Eight Per Cent. Guaranteed Bonds at 86 and interest.
St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Ten Per Cent. Mortgage Equipment Bonds at 96 and interest.
Pacific of Missouri, Second Mortgage Seven Per Cent. Bonds, free of Government tax, at 84 and interest.
Indianapolis, Bloomington and Western Second Mortgage Eight Per Cent. Bonds, free of Government tax, at 90 and interest.

MIDLAND BONDS,
The NEW-YORK MIDLAND CONVERTIBLE BONDS, secured by Mortgage at 80 and interest, are one of the most desirable and will prove one of the most profitable investments offered in this market for years.
ALLEN, STEPHENS & CO.,
BANKERS, NO. 12 PINE-ST.

J. H. WILSON, Late U. S. A. EDWARD F. WINSLOW, Pres't St. L. & S. E. R'way
WINSLOW & WILSON,
No. 70 William-st., New-York.
No. 206 South 4th-st., St. Louis, Mo.
Report upon, Build, Manage and Equip RAILWAYS and sell Securities.
Choice securities constantly on hand.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
BANKERS, NO. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.
ISSUE CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT ON MUNROE & CO., PARIS, AND ON THE CONSOLIDATED BANK, LONDON.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

NEW-YORK AGENCY FOR TOWN OF EAST CHESTER.—The undersigned, supervisor of the Town of East Chester, hereby gives notice that he has made a special deposit in the Fifth National Bank, located west side of 2d av., between 28th and 27th sts., in the City of New-York, of all moneys raised to pay principal and interest on the bonds of said Town of East Chester, as they severally become due. And the undersigned further gives notice that the principal and interest of the bonds due on the 1st May, 1872, will be paid at the said Fifth National Bank. WM. P. ESTERBROOK, Supervisor.
APRIL 26, 1872.

BANK OF AMERICA.—THE STOCKholders of the Bank of America are hereby notified that the annual election of directors will be held at the banking-house on MONDAY, the 6th day of May next. The poll will open at 12 o'clock, and close at 2 o'clock P. M. The transfer-books will remain closed from the morning of April 25, until the morning of May 7, 1872. ROBERT JAFFRAY, Cashier.

A MEETING OF THE HOLDERS OF first mortgage bonds of the Des Moines Valley Railroad Company will be held at the office of Evarts, Southmayd & Choate, No. 52 Wall-st., on WEDNESDAY, May 1, 1872, at 12 M.
THEODORE GILMAN, Secretary.

SAVINGS BANKS.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 96 WARREN-ST., NEW-YORK.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on all sums.
Interest commences on the 1st of January, April, July and October. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,
No. 58 Bowery, corner of Canal-st.
Present rate of interest six per cent. Money deposited on or before May 1 will bear interest from that date. Interest calculated from the 1st of the month following the day of deposit, and is computed and paid or credited Jan. 1 and July 1 on the amount in bank on those days. Bank open every day from 10 to 3 o'clock, and on Mondays and Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.
E. A. QUINTARD, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, secretary.

EQUITABLE SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
No. 170 6th-av., corner 12th-st.
Interest begins on the first of each and every month.
Bank open twelve hours every day, 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. JOHN P. WHITE, President.
FLOYD CLARKSON, Secretary.
DEPOSIT TODAY.
Interest from May 1 to July 1.
Send for circular, No. 185 Bleecker-st.

FURNITURE.

CABINET FURNITURE.
First-class furniture in Parlor, Library and Chamber Suites of newest styles at reduced prices.
OUR ENTIRE STOCK WARRANTED.
BOHNENKAMP & SOSSAU,
No. 204 Broadway, between 31st and 32d sts.

STORAGE AND SAFE KEEPING FOR furniture, baggage, &c.; raised on elevators; separate closed compartments always accessible, with choice of warehouses. HAEGER'S warehouses, 8th-av., from 52d to 54th sts., open to 9 P. M., and No. 262 9th-av., the oldest, best-experienced, most extensive, complete and thoroughly equipped establishments in America.

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE, CARriages, &c., at the newest first-class warehouse, built expressly for the purpose, with separate compartments, elevator, &c., Nos. 106 to 114 East 23d-st., near 4th-av. The public is invited to examine the superior accomodations, light, ventilation, safety, &c., which this warehouse possesses over all others.
JOHN H. MORRELL.

FURNITURE TAKEN ON STORAGE in the lofts of No. 18 4th-av. Apply on the premises, to CONKLIN & BAYLES.

TO LET—STORAGE ROOM, NO. 2 NELSON-place.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES
At the "Times" Up-Town Office,
No. 541/2 West 42d-st., junction Broadway and 6th-av., And the "Times" West-Side Office,
No. 308 West 23d-st., corner of 8th-av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF LARGE FINE CARriage horses, sixteen and a half hands high, seven years old, sound and gentle in double or single harness. The owner having purchased a smaller pair is desirous of disposing of these, and will sell at a very low price. An unusual opportunity is offered for obtaining a really nice pair of horses at a great bargain. Apply at No. 163 West 48th-st., near 7th-av.

SADDLE HORSES FOR SALE—A beautiful imported thoroughbred sorrel mare, 15½ hands high, very fine action, sprightly, but kind, as handsome as a picture; also, a dark-brown horse, long tail, fine carriage, very gentle, and will carry a lady. A Coupé Rockaway, built by Lawrence, and little used. To be seen at private stable, No. 18 East 35th-st.

FOR SALE—A SHETLAND PONY, THE handsomest ever imported, six years old, eleven hands high, warranted sound and kind, free from vice or tricks; can be used by the most timid child in saddle or harness with basket, phaeton and harness if required. Apply at private stable, No. 142 East 32d-st.

A SUPERIOR ASSORTMENT OF LADIES' Pony Phaetons, Light Rockaways, Depot Wagons, Cabriolets, six-seat Carriages, Buggies, and other styles seasonable vehicles; lowest popular prices. MANUFACTURERS' UNION, No. 638 Broadway.

SECOND HAND LIGHT ROCKAWAY, several Buggies, Phaeton, Coupé Rockaway, and two highly polished Carriages, will be sold at bargains. Great variety new Carriages; popular prices. MANUFACTURERS' UNION, No. 638 Broadway.

STALLION FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL thoroughbred brown, 15¾ hands; sound and kind; elegant under saddle and in harness; very valuable for stock purposes. MANUFACTURERS' UNION, No. 638 Broadway.

TROTTER FOR SALE—HAS MADE time 2:38; elegant driver; fourteen years old; cost $2,500; price $500. Inquire at MANUFACTURERS' UNION,

AUCTION SALE OF 600 LOTS AND SEVERAL DESIRABLE HOUSES AT ELIZABETH, N. J., MONDAY, MAY 13, 1872.

ELIZABETH.

situated 13½ miles from New-York, and but *thirty-five minutes* in time by the New-Jersey Railroad and the Central Railroad of New-Jersey, is a beautiful city of about 25,000 inhabitants, and presents rare attractions for those looking for homes away from the noise, confusion, and bustle of the great City of New-York.

One hundred and twenty-three passenger-trains run between the two cities daily, giving a communication about every ten minutes of the day of eighteen hours. A ride of thirty-five minutes in one of the luxurious cars of either the Central or the New-Jersey Railroads is much to be preferred to worrying up-town through the filthy Greene, Centre, or Chatham sts., in a crowded horse-car, hanging upon a strap, or wedged on a greasy cushioned seat, with one of New-York's heavy men on each of your feet.

Elizabeth is nearer down-town in time than the Fifth-avenue Hotel, and combines many of the advantages of New-York life, with none of the disadvantages. As trains run till midnight, places of amusement can be attended with as little inconvenience as if living in the upper part of the City. *Its streets are better paved than those of the Metropolis*, there being seventy-five miles of avenues handsomely graded, fifty miles of which are curbed and the sidewalks flagged, twenty-one miles paved with wood or Belgian block, and twenty-five miles are sewered. The religious privileges are in every respect the equal of the City of New-York, there being thirty churches, of different denominations, several of the edifices having cost from $75,000 to $200,000 to erect. Its educational advantages are of an unusually high order, and, in fact, in all the advantages that one seeks for in a home, Elizabeth may claim to be among the most attractive in the suburbs of New-York.

The spirit of enterprise that characterizes her inhabitants is proverbial, and the work of improvement still goes steadily on. Within three years there has been built an Orphan Asylum costing $30,000, an opera-house seating 1,500 people, an arcade building costing some $150,000, the Westminster Church, costing, when completed, $200,000, *and within the past year there have been erected within the city limits over 400 dwellings.*

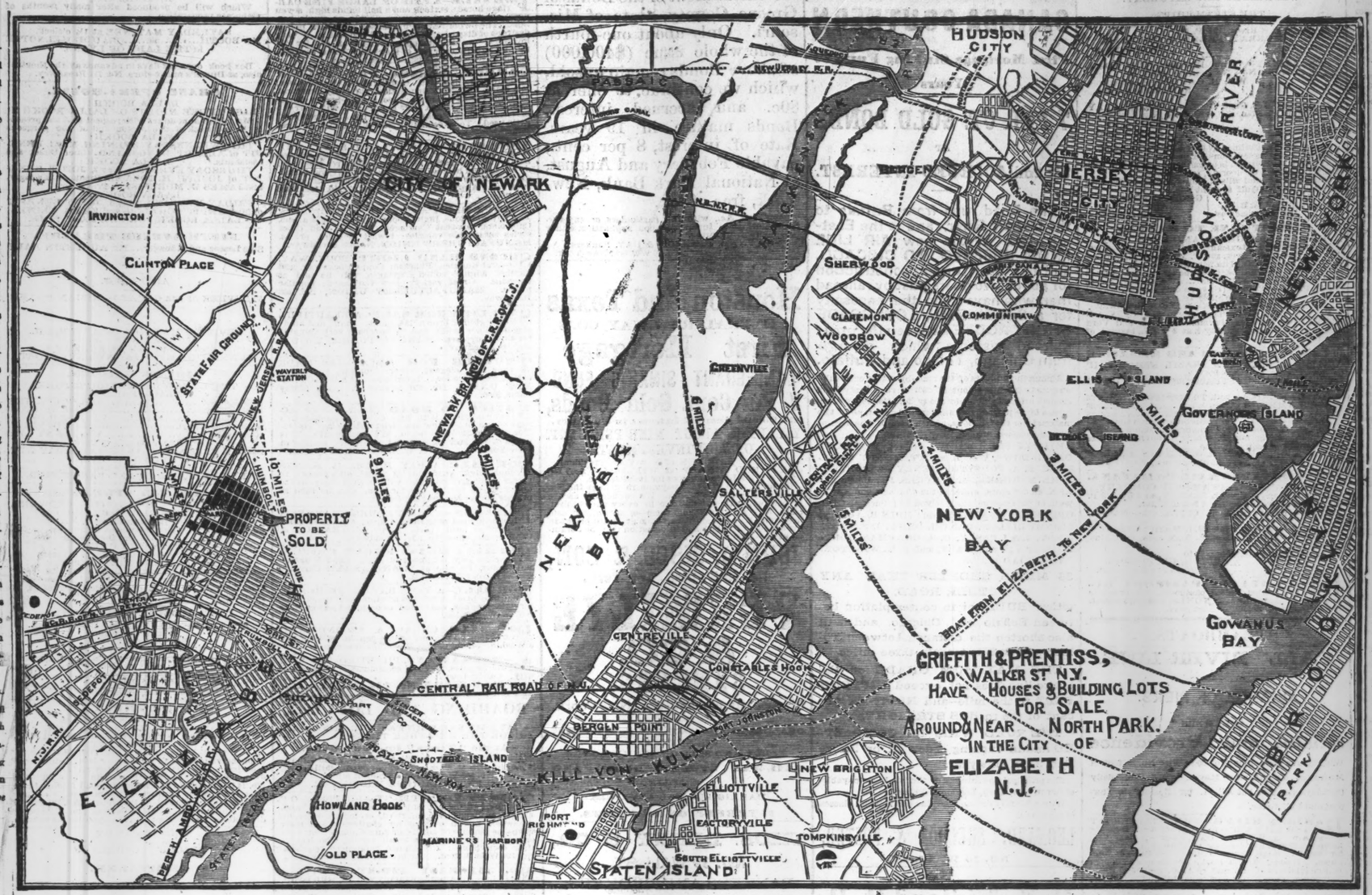
LIBERAL TERMS.

Fifteen per cent. Cash on Day of Sale.

Twenty-five per cent. Cash in Thirty Days.

Balance Bond and Mortgage for Six Years.

DESCRIPTIVE MAPS NOW READY



O. H. PIERSON, Auctioneer.

BY A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO.,

AUCTIONEERS AND DEALERS IN NEW-JERSEY REAL ESTATE, NO. 6 PINE-ST., N. Y.

POSITIVE SALE, by order of GRIFFITH & PRENTISS, at 12 o'clock M., on the premises, of very desirable BUILDING LOTS in the Vth Ward of Elizabeth, in the immediate vicinity of North Elizabeth Station, and adjoining North Park. These lots front on Jefferson, Adams, Monroe, Madison and Van Buren avs., and the cross streets. Jefferson-av. is paved from the Junction Station, in the centre of the city, to the line of this property, and *all of the streets upon which the lots front are graded, curbed and sewered*, and are among the finest and most prominent in the city. For most of the distance from the Junction Station they are built up on both sides with substantial and costly residences, and but a few blocks away lots realise fabulous prices per foot front, so that it will be readily seen that this sale offers unusual opportunities for profitable investments, as parties buying can feel assured that in a very short time they will be able to realize an advance as the city must eventually, and in a very little while, spread over this property and every lot will be wanted for occupancy.

For descriptive maps, free passes and full particulars apply to

GRIFFITH & PRENTISS, NO. 40 WALKER-ST., NEW-YORK.
A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., AUCTIONEERS, NO. 6 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK.

LOCATION OF THE PROPERTY.

Of late years the northerly portion of Elizabeth has been growing most astonishingly. Newark being but four miles distant, the tendency is for these two cities to grow together; the latter with a population of 130,000 is rapidly approaching, so that already the streets of the two cities join, and there is but a short distance that is not solidly built up with houses. Elizabeth is yearly making great strides in her efforts to assist her sister city in effecting this jointure, and there is no doubt that a few years will see these two great corporations united.

By reference to the map it will be seen that the property to be sold on the 13th of May is located on the direct line betwhen these two cities—we should not say between, as the location is *directly in Elizabeth*, and in that portion where the greatest improvements are progressing in the natural growth toward Newark, or as it is known on the city map, the Fifth Ward. Within the past two years the New-Jersey Railroad Company, whose line runs the length of this ward, has erected, at a cost of $60,000, the spacious North Elizabeth Station.

One of the attractive features of the Fifth Ward is *North Park*—comprising twelve acres of high rolling land, which is now being laid out and ornamented by the city in a high style of landscape gardening. Jefferson-av. will traverse it in a serpentine course, in the same manner as South 5th-av. crosses Washington-square in New-York.

As all the property to be sold *adjoins or is in the immediate vicinity of North Park*, it must always be a favorite location and in active demand.

In addition to the opportunities for securing attractive and convenient homes this sale affords, it should attract the especial attention of capitalists seeking investments. The very many improvements now under way and to come must, in the course of a very few years, make all this property double and treble in value. Today, from North Elizabeth Station, over forty houses can be seen in process of erection and 100 are now under contract in the ward.

SPLENDID MUSIC

BY

Grafulla's 7th Regiment Band.

Special Train will Leave the Foot of Cortlandt and Desbrosses sts. at 11:30 A. M.

LUNCHEON BEFORE THE SALE.

[Advertisement.]

PITCHER'S CASTORIA is a substitute for castor-oil, and has the most remarkable effects ever produced by any remedy. Unlike oil, pills, or narcotic syrups, it is pleasant to take; does not nauseate the stomach or gripe the bowels. Upon the contrary, it assimilates the food, and is sure to physic where the bowels are out of order. We have the record of many instances of sudden relief where the bowels have not moved for five, ten, and even twenty days, and where constant vomiting had existed, with violent congestions and serious fevers. It contains neither mineral, morphine nor alcohol, and is equally adapted to adults and children. It acts like magic for stomach-ache, wind-colic, constipation, &c. Every family should have it.

We know what the Castoria is, and desire that physicians and nurses shall thoroughly test it. We will furnish such persons without charge.

J. B. ROSE & CO.,
No. 53 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

A.—A.—GREELEY.—If he have not an elegant and comfortable hat, his costume must fail to appear graceful. Ha! ha! KNOX, the emperor of hatters, has made it his study to provide the very perfection of head-dress. See how well he has succeeded at No. 212 Broadway.

Passengers Arrived.

In steam-ship Scotia, from Liverpool.—Sergeant Sleigh and lady, S. F. Miller and lady, Miss M. Miller, Miss L. Miller, Miss I. Miller, G. Buckman and lady, Master I. S. Wright, I. H. Gardner, Jr., Mrs. H. Bartlett and child, E. Heinlman, F. C. Van Vlissingen, M. Enjelbrauer, S. Parish, Miss Parish, Dr. W. H. Birkhead and lady, J. J. Kingsford and lady, E. G. Williams and son, Miss Williams, Buchanan Reid, lady and servant, G. E. Clark, J. G. Jennings, A. G. Day and lady, S. Thomas, Miss Thomas, Miss Leisnwing, Miss Beersteeker, Rev. L. Wiseman, Rev. B. Stephenson, J. S. Wiseman, J. W. Ents, H. Gould, L. Greenwood, Mrs. M. Greenwood and child, Miss Schrieber, F. Mayer and lady, 3 children and servant, L. Mayer, Countess de Dion and servant, P. McCarty, Mrs. Libbie and servant, Mrs. Jackson, Lieut. W. M. C. Little, Neville Russell, R. Langley Hill, W. Dickford Smith and lady, W. W. Jase, J. Andrew, S. Sheyer, B. R. Winthrop, S. King, J. Mayer, C. E. Part, H. Justin, Lord and Lady Milton, 2 children and 2 servants, Dr. Miller Miss S. C. Bleteon, Mrs. Jessup, Mrs. V. A. Sartori, Mrs. Waterman, J. S. Keen, E. Mayer, W. Mayer, S. Marckwald, B. Lockwood, J. A. Graham, J. Tochunter, J. Sharpless and lady, W. Sharples, C. B. Raymond and lady, Miss Raymond, R. Johnstone, Miss Johnstone, F. W. Sedve, J. R. Bradbury, A. P. Chamberlain and lady, T. Greenwood, G. Travers, C. S. Passmore, Miss Potter, R. J. Foster, S. Kashland, Mr. Brush, Rev. R. J. Nevin and servant, J. Askham, E. Rigg, W. W. Smith, Mrs. J. L. Smith, Mrs. B. Halladay and servant, B. Halladay, Jr., W. Astor, lady, 4 children and servant, A. C. Jessup, S. W. Burwell, J. C. Glenny, H. Day, H. Smith, F. Chadwick, D. Butters, C. A. Reed, H. Lambert, R. M. Cushman, T. Powell, I. Dixon, A. Johnson, A. Miller, W. W. Rodgers, A. Woodall, E. Lorillard, E. Livingstone, W. I. Blodgett, E. C. S. Lott, R. C. Kirby, G. Read, A. C. Reilley, W. Monk, J. Sullivan, I. Honeyman, G. Anderson, A. Christie, F. M. Gomez.

In steam-ship San Jacinto from Savannah.—Gen. G. M. Sorrel and wife, Miss Sorrel, F. G. Du Bigmon, B. Wright, Samuel Whitman and wife, J. S. Harris and wife, Miss Harris, C. Alvato and wife, Wm. King and wife, daughter, son and servant, Mrs. Lecoard, Mrs. F. A. Redmond, Miss Spencer, Miss A. Pierce, Miss Miller, Mrs. Shearson and nurse, Mrs. L. C. Downing and daughter, Mrs. N. Ludden, C. G. Crane and daughter, H. Cunningham, Chas. Searson, M. K. Bowne, J. McLaughlin, James Garvey, M. Mercelis, W. E. Fletcher and wife, W. Randall, F. R. Kimball, W. H. P. Beach, Mrs. Johnson and infant, C. P. Perry, Jno. Rising, E. Comwell, Louis Sylvester, Sidney Shepard and 31 in the steerage.

Passengers Sailed.

In steam-ship Henry Chauncey, for San Francisco.—Mrs. Margaret Flynn, Waters Burrows, G. F. Porrott, S. C. C. Ellis, Rev. C. P. Wilbrahan, D. W. Hendrickson, J. H. Loftus and wife, T. Bacon and wife, Mrs. E. J. Cornelius and child, Mrs. E. R. Cornelius, J. McQuade, Dr. A. S. Coe, E. Penfield, Miss A. Strahn, John Strahn, W. B. Smith and wife, E. A. Cande, George Bower, Ed. Belford, H. Eddy, J. Frenier, C. J. Loring, L. Bradford, C. J. Benonogh, M. Stroup and wife, J. A. Lyman, D. Stehr, H. D. Holister and wife, H. L. Koon, J. Harris and wife, Mrs. G. Bates, Eliza Farrell, C. E. Bedell, Dr. W. G. Bedington. Way Passengers.—Jose Maria Jiminez, Mrs. Benj. Kelley, S. Asch, Rev. P. Gilbert, Manuel A. Guzman, Francis Granis, T. A. Witney, E. Nixson, W. Hirschfield, W. H. Miller and wife, A. Bens, L. W. Low, W. Randall and grandson, F. Battle, Wm. Geddes, Mrs. Bernard, L. Migell, Lucian Bustamente.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises....4:56 | Sun sets....6:56 | Moon rises....2:18
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook..2:52 | Gov. Island..3:41 | Hell Gate.....5:09

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....TUESDAY, April 30.

Cleared.

Steam-ships Cuba, (Br.,) Moodie, Liverpool, Chas. H. Franklyn; Henry Chauncey, Gray, Aspinwall, Pacific Mail Steam-ship Co.; William P. Clyde, Scott, Richmond, &c., Washington & Co.; Isaac Bell, Blackman, Norfolk, &c. Old Dominion Steam-ship Co.; Fannie, Fenton, Philadelphia, Lorillard Steam-ship Co.; Anthracite, Green, Philadelphia, Wm. Kirkpatrick; Vesper, Davis, Chester, Penn., and Wilmington, Del., A. Abbott; D. Utley, Davis, Philadelphia; Koln, (N. G.,) Frank, Bremen, Oelrichs & Co.; Regulator, Freeman, Wilmington, N. C., Lorillard Steam-ship Co.; Benefactor, Jones, Philadelphia, Lorillard Steam-ship Co.; Volunteer, Bloodgood, Philadelphia, Lorillard Steam-ship Co.; Chas. Comstock, Drake, Philadelphia, J. & N. Briggs; Monitor, Jones, Philadelphia; Middlesex, Buell, Hartford.

Barks Mayflower, (Br.,) Smith, Christiansand for orders, S. L. Merchant & Co.; Bessie Parker, (Br.,) Cox, Antwerp, James W. Elwell & Co.; Atlantic, (Nor.,) Johansen, Amsterdam, Funch, Edye & Co.; Ferreri, (Ital.,) Cafiero, Gibraltar for orders, Funch, Edye & Co.; J. G. Norwood, Harkness, Havana, Jas. E. Ward & Co.; James Ives, (Br.,) Carroll, Pictou, N. S., Geo. H. Brewer; Kalstead, (Norw.,) Johnson, Havre, Tetens & Beckmann.

Brigs Enrichette, (Ital.,) Russo, Gibraltar, Funch, Edye & Co.; Nuova Achilles, (Ital.,) Farrari, Gibraltar for orders, Funch, Edye & Co.; Springbok, (Br.,) Maelstrom, Lagnayra and Campeachy, J. F. Whitney & Co.; Abby Ellen, Havener, Satilla River, Ga., Miller & Houghton; Esperanza, (Port.,) Lomenico, Bahia, L. E. Amsinck & Co.; Pathfinder, (Br.,) Cousins, St. Kitts, Jones & Lough; Julia A. Hallock, Briggs, Ponce, P. R., J. H. Winchester & Co.; Shepherdess, (Br.,) Paine, Kingston, Ja., G. F. Bulley; C. F. Eaton, (Br.,) Elwood, Cardenas; Beaver, (Br.,) Pringle, Rockland, N. B.

Schrs. Sangreal, (Br.,) Couch, Rio Grande do Sul, George F. Bulley; V. Stafford, Curry, Alicante and Valencia; C. Thompson, Dixon, Elizabethport, B. J. Wenberg.

Arrived.

Steam-ship Thuringia, (N. G.,) Meier, Hamburg April 17. Havre 20th, with mdse. and 786 passengers to Kunhardt & Co. Experienced light northerly winds and calms up to Sable Island, and from thence fresh winds from the westward; April 25, lat. 43 49 N., lon. 42 10 W., spoke bark Arthur, (Br.,) steering W.; April 27, lat. 45 46 N., lon. 54 20 W., passed a water-logged brig, with a deck cargo of timber, both masts overboard and much chafed around her bow, as if she had been in ice; saw no name; same day passed bark St. Louis, (of Toulon,) in lat. 45 43 N., lon. 54 26 W., becalmed.

Steam-ship New-York, (N. G.,) Klugkist, Bremen April 16 and Southampton 19, with mdse. and 920 passengers to Oelrichs & Co. April 24, lat. 45 50 N., lon. 41 15 W., passed American ship with signal "1893," and American bark with signal "D. B. K. R.;" 26th, lat. 42 28 N., lon. 52 45 W., passed steam-ship Egypt, (Br.,) hence for Liverpool; 28th, lat. 41 N., lon. 67 W., saw an N. G. Lloyd steamer, all bound E.

Steam-ship Huntsville, Crowell, Savannah April 27, with mdse. and passengers to R. Lowden.

Steam-ship Scotia, (Br.,) Lott, Liverpool April 20, via Queenstown 21st, with mdse. and passengers to C. G. Francklyn.

Steam-ship San Jacint, Atkins, Savannah April 27, with mdse. and passengers to W. R. Garrison.

Steam-ship Champion, Lockwood, Charleston April 27, with mdse. and passengers to H. R. Morgan & Co.

Ship Henry Pelham, (of Yarmouth, N. S.,) Vickery, Cardiff 64 ds., with railway iron to J. S. Kennedy—vessel to Boyd & Hincken. Took the northern passage to lat. 52, lon. 24, from thence the southern, and had a continuation of strong westerly gales to the Western Islands. March 6, had heavy gale from N. W. and N., lasting 48 hours; stove boat and started bulwarks; was obliged to throw oil overboard for the safety of the vessel. From Western Islands had moderate weather; was 9 ds. W. of Bermuda. March 10, Stephen De Shantle, (colored,) seaman, aged 25 years, a native of Brazil, fell from the main yard to the deck and was killed. March 17, Joseph Forrester, (colored,) seaman, native of Leoni, aged 31 years, while fishing from the upper main topsail, fell overboard and was drowned. April 5, lat. 22 15 lon. 38 15, spoke bark Athelia, from London, for Jamaica. April 23, lat. 32 37, lon. 67 33, spoke brig Avangeline, from Lockport, N. S., for Jamaica.

Bark Vista, (Arnuns, N. S.,) Bent, Cienfuegos 23 ds. with sugar to Henry Baker. Had fine weather and has been 7 ds. N. of Hatteras.

Brig Gustavo, (Dom.,) Biemann, Port-au-Platte, 16 ds. with hides, &c., to Beyerbach & Schultz. Had variable weather. April 23, lat. 33 35, lon. 72 06, had a severe gale from N. E., lasting 10 hours; lost jib. April 26, 100 miles S. of Barnegat, passed a can buoy painted black.

Brig J. Leighton, (Leighton, Machias 8 ds., with piling to Snow & Richardson.

Schr. Emma Green, (of Bangor,) Collins, Matanzas, via Delaware Breakwater 14 ds., with molasses to Skiddy & Winford—vessel to S. C. Lond & Co. Had fine weather; April 24, lat. 37, lon 73 70, saw a large can buoy painted black.

Schr. William Clark, Green, Shark River, N. J., with part of cargo of the schr. St. Croix to the Coast Wrecking Company.

Schr. Frank Atwood, Coleman, Baracoa 12 ds., with fruit to J. & T. Pearsall—vessel to B. J. Wenberg. Had fine weather; has been 1 ds. N. of Hatteras.

Schr. Clara Woodhouse, Rupell, Brazos, Santiago, Tex., 20 ds., with cotton, hides and wool to Woodhouse & Rudd. Had fine weather, and has been 4 ds. N. of Hatteras; left in port schr. Arthur, ldg. for New-York.

Schr. Amelie Adle, (Br.,) Benza, St. Pierre, Mart., 22 ds., with sugar to R. P. Buck; had heavy weather; lost boat, &c.

Schr. Welcome, (of Balize, Hon.,) Rohde, Ponce, P. R., 18 ds., with molasses to Moller & Thibaud—vessel to master; had fine weather, and was 3 ds. N. of Hatteras.

Schr. Ben Bolt, (Br.,) Drake, St. George, N. B., 15 ds., with piling to Jed Frye & Co.

Schr. Ben Borland, Spear, Rockland, with stone to Bridge Co.

Schr. Scio, Smith, Pembroke, with piling to James Murray.

Schr. Marion Draper, Meady, Gardiner, with lumber to Geo. E. Holyoke.

Schr. C. A. Johnson, Harris, Washington, N. C., 5 ds., with naval stores to Wm. K. Hinman & Co.

Schr. Caledonia, (Br.,) Layton, Wentworth, N. S., 6 ds., with plaster to Crandall, Berceaux & Co.

Schr. Evelyn, Crowley, St. George, N. B., 8 ds., with piling to Snow & Richardson.

Schr. J. C. Nash, Crowley, Etang, N. B., 6 ds., with piling to master.

Schr. Martha A., (Br.,) Thomas, St. John, N. B., 3 ds., with lumber to Watrous, Walker & Co.

Schr. Saratoga, Leach, Elizabethport, for Fall River.

Schr. Willard Saulsbury, Hawkins, Philadelphia, for Providence.

Schr. Samuel Wood, Wood, Virginia, for Providence.

Schr. E. T. Smith, Arthur, Virginia, for New-Haven.

Schr. Mercena, Moason, Dayton, Virginia, for New-Haven.

Schr. H. A. Butler, Strickland, Virginia, for New-Haven.

Schr. H. T. Townsend, Hussey, Calais, with lumber to G. Boardman.

Schr. Ada S. Allen, Owen, Whiting, with piling to master.

Schr. Hudson, Post, Rockland, with lime to Candee & Pressey.

Schr. Watch, May, Cullen, Virginia.

Schr. G. B. Smith, Baker, Virginia.

Schr. Woodruff, Sims, Pharo, Virginia.

Schr. D. W. Vaughn, Vaughn, Virginia.

Schr. F. S. Foster, Clark, Virginia.

Schr. E. R. Bennett, French, Virginia.

Schr. Moonlight, Rogers, Virginia.

Sld.—Steam-ships Koln, for Bremen; Henry Chauncey, for Aspinwall; Benefactor, for Wilmington, N. C; Isaac Bell and Wm. P. Clyde, for Norfolk, &c.

WIND—Sunset, light, south, clear.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Mass., April 30.—Arr. brigs Daphne, from Baltimore; Shasta, from do.; A. H. Torrey, from Philadelphia; schrs. Ralph Carlton, from Matanzas; Mary G. Collins, from do.

Arr. steamers Shannon, from Liverpool; William Lawrence, from Baltimore; bark Helen Campbell, from London.

PHILADELPHIA, April 30.—Arr. steamship Yazoo, from New Orleans and Havana.

Below, a bark supposed to be the Conquest, from Hyères, France.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 30.—Arr. steamers Manhattan, from New-York, and Falcon from Baltimore; schrs. Matonka, from Baltimore, J. E. Simmons, from Philadelphia. Schr. H. G. Hand, from Jacksonville for Philadelphia put in for a harbor. Sld. bark Harvest Home, for Fernandina.

FORTRESS MONROE, April 30.—Passed in for Baltimore, brigs Parana, from Matanzas; Echo, from Fajardo, P. R.; and Bell Boyd. Passed out bark Manilean and brig Nonhwood, for Aspinwall, and brig Costelle, for Boston. Sld. brig Caroline, and schr. Huntress, for New-York.

SAVANNAH, Ga., April 30.—Arr. steamers Montgomery and San Salvador, from New-York, and Saragossa, from Baltimore.

Cleared steamers Virgo, for New-York, and Seminole, for Boston; bark Harriet F. Hussey, for New-York; schrs. Palma, for Bridgeport, and Ida Burgess, for Providence.

Sld. ships Lady Dufferin, for Menai Bridge, and Tranquebar, for Liverpool.

VINEYARD HAVEN, April 29.—Arr. schr. Ann, from Elizabethport, for Boston.

30th—Arr. schr. "Annie Gus," from Calais, for Philadelphia.

Returned schrs. Arcola, Revenge and Cherub.

Spoken.

April 26, lat. 40, lon. 69, brig Mattie B. Russell, of and from Portland, for Havana, by pilot-boat Isaac Webb, No. 8.

April 27, lat. 40 27, lon. 68, ship Europa, (N. G.,) Hansen, from Batavia for Boston, by pilot-boat G. W. Blunt, No. 11.

Foreign Ports.

HAVANA, April 30.—Steamer Crescent City arr. this afternoon from New-York.

European Marine News.

QUEENSTOWN, April 30.—The National line steamship France, Capt. Thomson, from New-York April 18, for Liverpool, arr. in this harbor this morning.

The Cunard steam-ship Calabria, Capt. McMickan, from New-York April 20, for Liverpool, also arr. here this morning, at 1 o'clock.

LIVERPOOL, April 30.—Arr. steamer France, from New-York April 18; bark Hampton-Court from Savannah March 22; ship L. B. Gilchrist, from Savannah March 27; ship Norwester, from New-Orleans March 27; ship Nile, from New-York March 28; bark Windermere, from Charleston April 7; ship Lydia Sieldfeld, from New-Orleans March 14.

MOVILLE, April 30.—The Allan line steam-ship Germany, Capt. Trocks, from Portland, Me., for Liverpool, arr. here today.

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